NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23147. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

LOUISE MARGUERITE DE PERINDORGE deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims against the estate of the above who died at Paris on the 23rd day of September 1937 intestate are hereby requested to send particulars to the undersigned on or before the 21st October 1939 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

HANSONS,
49 Szechuen Road Shanghai
Solicitors for the Administrator
Geoffrey Herbert Wright.
Shanghai, July 18, 1939. 10366

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Damaged cargo ex mv. CORTELLAZO will be examined by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Pootung, on Saturday, July 22, at 9 a.m.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
26 The Bund Telephone 16885
10357

Dr. Julius Wolff, M.D.
reg. Dental Surgeon
University Berlin
begs to announce the opening of his practice, Hamilton House, 1st floor, Room 116. Tel. 17826. Hours 9.30—12.30 a.m., 3-6 p.m. or by appointment.
-978

SHANGHAI TELEPHONE CO.

NOTICE TO DEBENTURE HOLDERS

TWENTY-FIVE YEAR FIRST MORTGAGE 6% SILVER DEBENTURES, SERIES A.

FIRST MORTGAGE 6% SILVER DOLLAR DEBENTURES, SERIES B DUE 1957.

FIRST MORTGAGE 6% SILVER DOLLAR DEBENTURES, SERIES C DUE 1957.

Pursuant to the Indenture and Trust Deed dated August 1, 1932, securing the above-mentioned Debentures of this Company, no transfers or exchanges of such Debentures will be made during the period from July 22, 1939 to the next interest payment date of such Debentures, namely August 1, 1939 (both days inclusive).

C. D. LONGHURST,
Comptroller & Assistant Secretary.
Shanghai, July 13, 1939. 10276

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fortieth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the office of the Secretaries, 17 Canton Road, at 12.15 p.m. on Monday, July 24, 1939.

The Transfer Books and Share Register will be closed from July 17 to July 24, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
ILBERT & CO., (1931) LTD.,
Secretaries.
Shanghai, July 12, 1939. 10282

YANGTSZE FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 2197 for 500 shares Nos. 342001/342500 inclusive issued in the name of Yang Nien-Tsu dated July 8, 1931 in the above-named Company has been declared lost, and the public is hereby warned against negotiating same.

In the event of the said Certificate not being recovered on or before August 19, 1939 a new Certificate will be issued in lieu thereof.

TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
Secretaries.
Shanghai, July 17, 1939. 10352

THE PADANG RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-ninth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Friday, July 28, 1939, at 11.45 a.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended April 30, 1939, to decare a Dividend, to elect a Director to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 24 to July 28, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
General Managers.
Shanghai, July 10, 1939. 10333

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To-day's Events

JULY

19 Sctrs.' Mtg., 39 Br'dway Mansions, 5.30
19 *Soviet Consular Staff left Peking (1929)*

Coming Events

JULY

20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
21 Shanghai Camera Club, Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
22 B.U.S.C. Garden Party, 164 Rockhill Avenue, 4 to 7
22 "B" Coy., No. 1 Platoon, Dinner and Flannel Dance, S.V.C. Club, 8
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30

AUGUST

3 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

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THE ANGLO-DUTCH (JAVA) PLANTATIONS, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 3742 for 500 Shares numbered as follows:—

313812/313823	=	12 shares
160261/160360	=	100 shares
303407/303506	=	100 shares
303680/303692	=	13 shares
151611/151635	=	25 shares
3361/3410	=	50 shares
35061/35160	=	100 shares
8711/8810	=	100 shares
		500 shares

in the above Company registered in the name of Mr. Shu Chi has been declared lost or destroyed, and if the above Certificate is not produced within THIRTY days from date, it will be cancelled and a new Certificate for 500 shares will be issued in lieu thereof.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, June 30, 1939. 10031

"North-China Daily News"

Audited Circulation Statement

Average number of paid copies sold Daily in April to June 1939:

10,647

The following is the circulation statement certified by the Company's auditors for April to June 1939.

"The daily average circulation of the 'North-China Daily News' for the months of April, May and June, 1939, was ten thousand six hundred and forty-seven copies, exclusive of 'trees' and vouchers."

THOMSON & Co.
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.
July 7, 1939.

The average daily circulation for the first quarter, January to March, 1939, was 10,345 copies.

A DOCTOR CLAIMS

that many people who sun-bathe are gambling with their health. But they don't put much on. And you only have to put very little on to protect yourself when travelling by a reliable BAGGAGE POLICY.

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Today's News

World Radio Page 2

North-China Daily News

Radio Broadcast over Station XMHD Shanghai is temporarily postponed on account of damage caused by the typhoon.

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10756.

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(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
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Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
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EDITED BY H. G. W. WOODHEAD, C.B.E.
is now on sale at all booksellers.

The new edition, recently compiled, adds another important volume to the China Year Book series (dating from 1912). This volume is by far the most valuable of works dealing with contemporaneous history of China, and constitutes a priceless reference book on current Far Eastern affairs, providing all important documents and statistics necessary for forming accurate judgments on the Far Eastern situation.

The book contains a wealth of information and among the 25 subjects dealt with by foreign and Chinese experts are the following:—

Sino-Japanese Hostilities (Documented)
Who's Who in China
Japan's Programme of Economic Development in China
Communications during the Hostilities
Shanghai and Other Foreign Concessions
The Refugee Problem in China
Foreign Trade in China during 1939
Finance and Currency (including war measures)
The Kuomintang and the Government

Royal octavo, 688 pages, cloth bound, Shanghai $25 net
Postage: in China 30 cents, abroad $1.40

Obtainable at all booksellers or from the publishers:
THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD
P.O. Box 707, Shanghai.

KEEP ABREAST OF THE TIMES

EVERY day's news has some sort feature you do not wish to miss. Be sure of knowing all events by completing the form below and mailing same to us.

A subscription of $4.00 a month *(including postage)* will **provide you with the "North-China Daily News" in any holiday resort in China or Japan. Longer or shorter periods in proportion.**

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To the "North-China Daily News,"
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Name .....

Address .....

.....

Enclosed is $ ..... *Begin sending* .....

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Animals

That Shanghai loves animals, especially dogs, is illustrated daily in this section of the small advertisements. If you want a good dog or to find a good home for a dog, to buy or sell a pony or a Persian kitten this is the agency you need.

PHOTOGRAPHS

July 4 Baseball Game
Polish Sea Festival
Typhoon Scenes
British Mills Barricaded
Hoyt Cup Polo Match
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50 each
10 x 122 enlargements	$3 each

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Calcutta, Clive St.	Karachi	Shanghai
Fairlie Pl.	Klang	Singapore
Calicut	Kobe	Sitiawan
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Sourabaya
Cawnpore	Kuching	Taiping
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Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
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Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo
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Hsinking	Rangoon	Yingkow
Karachi		

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager.*

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120 Kiukiang Road
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Successors To
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The New French Play Shoes in colourful string net fabric with high cork soles
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Obtainable at all leading department stores, compradores, and druggists

TRADE CIRCULARS

The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

The full list totals 8,000 names and addresses in Shanghai and 1,000 in the Outports; it covers most of the foreign and Chinese English-reading population and is guaranteed to be accurate and up to date.

Sections of the list may be used to cover:

1 Selected streets or districts
2 Foreign or Chinese residents
3 Selected professions
4 Shanghai or Outport distribution.

Any number of circulars or pamphlets will be accepted for distribution, the cost depending on the postage rate and whether envelopes are supplied or not.

For further particulars and details communicate with the
Circulation Department,
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai.

FOUR DAYS LEFT
in which to send in your entries for the First Series of the
North-China Daily News
SNAPSHOT COMPETITION

Six Fortnightly Prizes of $10 each
and a Special Prize of $40
for the best snapshot of the series

The First Fortnight Ends on Sunday, July 23

RULES

1. A prize of $10 will be paid to the amateur sending in the best snapshots every fortnight from the fortnight ending July 23 to the fortnight ending October 1.
2. A prize of $40 will be given for the best snapshot of the whole series.
3. Photographs must have been taken by the competitor, who must be an amateur, and must not have previously appeared in any other publication.
4. Photographs may be of any size not smaller than 2¼ x 2¼ inches and must be unmounted. They may be developed, printed by a professional photographer, but must not be touched up, double printed, or otherwise manipulated.
5. Any number may be sent in any one fortnight or every fortnight. The entry form at the foot must be filled in and **must accompany each photograph submitted.** Name or nom de guerre must be written in pencil on the back of the snapshot.
6. The "North-China Daily News" has the right of printing any or every photograph sent in for competition, whether a prize winner or not. No photographs will be returned.
7. The decision of the "North-China Daily News" must be accepted as final. No member of its staff is allowed to compete.
8. Entries must be addressed **"Snapshots," North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund.**

Glossy prints are preferable but there is no restriction as to paper or printing

SNAPSHOT COMPETITION ENTRY FORM

To "Snapshots," North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund, Shanghai

Name .....
Address .....
Nom de guerre for publication, if preferred .....
Title .....
Where taken .....*Camera used* .....
Exposure .....*Stop* .....

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and, to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Chengtu Bombing:
Two Conflicting Versions

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—In view of the widespread interest in the West China Union University and the other institutions now associated with it upon the famous site outside Chengtu, I pass on to your readers a statement received from leading British, American and Canadian members of the universities which suffered in the recent raid upon that city. The names of the signers are given to you with my own as evidence of good faith.

A full 1,000 civilians were killed and wounded, and over 2,000 buildings were burned—an evil record for a raid that thoroughly missed its avowed military and political objectives! The Christian universities lost one staff member and one student by death; while four students were seriously wounded, and a number of staff members and their families were injured. The West China Union University alone will need $55,000 to repair its buildings. Again an evil record for a raid officially said to have been planned for the purpose of missing the University premises!

Upon the statements of the Japanese Consul-General it is best to make no comment.

Veritas.

Shanghai, July 17.

From *Letter of Japanese Consul-General to American Consul-General.*

"The main objective of their (the Japanese bombers') attack were the headquarters of the 28th Army and the offices of the Provincial Government, and they were satisfied to note that most of the bombs fell directly on or very close to the objectives."

"However, one of the bombs unfortunately went astray and hit a building situated in the central part of the West China Union University by mistake."

"....on approaching the town, the air units were met by a number of Chinese pursuit planes and also by barrages of fierce anti-aircraft fires, thus obliging them to carry on the bombardment at the same time dodging shell fire on the one hand and fighting with the Chinese planes on the other."

"In view of the fact that the region subject to aerial bombardment usually extends along the course of the flight, they (the Japanese planes) chose such a course along which it would be least probable that any of the bombs would fall in the premises of the University."

From *Reports of British and American Eyewitnesses and Victims of the Bombing.*

Neither of the objectives mentioned was hit or in any way damaged. The nearest bomb struck 400 metres distant.

At least four bombs went sufficiently "astray" to hit or damage the campus. That two of these were duds can hardly be considered intentional. Moreover, at least ten more bombs fell outside the city and in the vicinity of the University.

A considerable number of British and Americans who watched the Japanese fly in and over, were utterly unaware of any anti-aircraft fire until *after* the bombing. Nor were the raiders attacked until after they had loosed their bombs. Reference to their "dodging" does not do justice to the unbroken formation the Japanese planes maintained while over the city.

Whatever the original plan, the word of eyewitnesses and the evidence of bomb craters prove that the line of flight was directly over the campus. The campus was not on the fringe of a nearby area but an integral part of the area bombed.

Chengtu, June 29.

Life After Death:
Conscious of Consciousness

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—"What shall we be after death?" has always been the question right down through the ages, and if we were not so imbued with the death idea, we should accept this incident as a natural course in the evolution of man. For there is nothing but life in the whole universe, and if we think man stands physically alone, then we are greatly mistaken.

Not very long ago, when in England, I visited an exhibition of science, and I saw the heart of a frog throbbing in a glass jar, quite apart from the frog. What made the heart throb?

We know today that the mineral perfects itself in the vegetable, the vegetable perfects itself in the animal, the animal perfects itself in the human, and the human perfects himself in the spiritual; and that sometime far back at the beginning, when in the transition stages (before we became individualized) we probably merged into the great realm of elemental spirit. So today we know there is another body encased in the physical (St. Paul said "There is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body"), which is an exact duplicate of the physical body, which at death (miscalled) is reborn into another natural state in the etheric, retaining all memories.

Unlike the animals, men are conscious of their consciousness, and the absence of consciousness is not any proof of non-existence. Some today have their physical and spiritual senses both open at the same time, thus enabling them to see a little further ahead, and so tell us hungry mortals of a future, the first page of which we have scarcely opened.

M. T. P.

Shanghai, July 18.

Mme Blavatsky's Powers

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—In reply to H. F. regarding Madame Blavatsky and other questions put forth in a letter to the Editor, July 15, I would like to share whatever information I have on the subject.

Madame Blavatsky possessed supernormal, or the so-called psychic, powers to a very great extent: she, however, neither displayed them in any kind of spiritualistic seances (implying negative mediumship), nor in any public demonstrations. She used them for occult research, the record of which can be found in books on Theosophy, and especially in her fundamental treatise, "The Secret Doctrine."

Are we, according to Buddhism, "still in the same world (after death) —just slightly removed? Or does it mean that we are actually: born into somebody's child, and if so, then just who are we?"

Buddhism, Hinduism, Zoroastrianism—practically all great religions, in their original undistorted form, are unanimous in their teaching of a gradual development of the immortal consciousness throughout Nature. This teaching, over three thousand years old, is now familiar to us in biology under the name of the theory of evolution. Biology, however, is mainly concerned with the physical forms, while this religious teaching tells us that consciousness is the primary moving power in the Universe, and its evolution conditions the evolution of physical forms.

The Universal Consciousness (God, "the Absolute" of Kant) permeates everything in Nature, and everything is therefore alive—even a stone has a kind of dormant consciousness ensouling its inert crystalline body. The development, or rather the unfoldment of potentialities of the portion of Universal Consciousness ensouling the stone, is brought about by means of experiences in life. Each portion of the Universal Consciousness, emanated from it as a spark from a flame, builds a body for itself. According to its stage of evolution it may be the body of a mineral, or that of a plant, an animal, or, at last, that of a human being. Towards the end of a lifetime of a body the consciousness has developed so far that this particular physical vehicle becomes too crude for a suitable expression of the consciousness ensouling it. Then this body is discarded, in other words it dies, and after a period of time another physical vehicle is taken possession of by the consciousness, a better, a more perfect one.

When a consciousness has so far evolved that the mineral kingdom cannot provide any suitable forms for its expression, then it incarnates in the forms of the vegetable kingdom. When the resources of the vegetable kingdom are likewise exhausted, animal incarnations begin. Finally a series of incarnations are taken by the evolving consciousness in human forms. Further evolution proceeds in other worlds, subtler than the physical, in other words, for further evolution a consciousness needs no physical vehicles.

From the above it becomes clear that for a human consciousness to incarnate into the body of an animal would be a tremendous regress, which is impossible in our world of evolution and progress. When a consciousness for a soul, according to Christian terminology) reaches the human stage of unfoldment, it begins to ensoul human bodies, i.e. is repeatedly "born into somebody's child."

"Then who are we?"—"Sparks of the Great Fire," says Buddhism (as well as all other great religions), children of God, Consciousness each children of God, Consciousness in each one of us is actually a part of the great Universal Consciousness.

The answer to the last question: Is there another world, lower than this?" becomes now self-evidenit. Certainly there should be another world, the abode of the immortal Consciousness; in fact religions describe not one, but several worlds of different degrees of subtlety. These worlds, however, are not lower, but higher than our physical world, if by these terms we agree to measure the degree of density of the matter of which these worlds are built. Consciousness is also made of a kind of matter, the matter of a world incomparably more subtle than our physical world. The study of these worlds, even from the books, is a most fascinating subject.

In conclusion I would like to suggest that H. F. should consult a Theosophical library for books on Buddhism and comparative religion, as well as on Theosophy itself; the latter, in my opinion, gives the most logical and coherent theory of cosmogony, combining everything that there is of value in any religion with a purelly scientific attitude.

F. T. S.

Shanghai, July 18.

The Meaning of Nirvana

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Before you close correspondence on this subject, I should be glad if you would permit me, firstly to thank you for granting me space for my letter, and secondly to corect the clerical omission in its last paragraph, which should have read, "It (Nirvana) simply means the—returning to—the original or primal, from whence the physical many and varied are come and comes."

This, I think, will put right what otherwise must have been mystifying as well as showing no connection with what I said in the first paragraph. To quote: "Nirvana connotes nothing of that comprehended by the living state: is nothing of sense" (as 'bliss' is) "....bodily gifts....impossible without a body" (i.e., by the disembodied.)

To this, I shall add, for clarity, the concluding part of the last paragraph, "Or let life return to Nirvana, (i.e., the non-physical), and all is peace again." The peace—as yourselves also have it—that passeth all understanding, i.e., physical comprehension. This peace or repose of the unchanging changeless "BE," which Brahma indicates, the source of all "be-ings."

This Nirvana, or return of Life, to its source, freed of organic being, genuine or imitated.

Or, in closing, permit me to suggest that I think the eschatological trouble with most people, in East and West, comes of their subscribing, mainly on mere credence, to the "immortal ghost" theory, which, it might interest you to know, Buddhism proper does not—as you might have already perceived by the foregoing. And this fact finds pure Buddhism—a purely intellectual system—in affinity with modern rational thought—of which science is.

Mahayana.

Shanghai, July 18.

I. C. Relief Fund:
The Supply of Milk

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I have pleasure in handing you herewith Balance-sheet showing the working of the Milk Fund, which an appeal of mine inaugurated on February 22, to date.

Inasmuch as the figures speak for themselves, further comment is unnecessary except to thank all those who have so kindly supported this cause to such good purpose and to ask them to grant us their further benevolent good will and assistance.

I might also state, that the item appearing under "Autographs" and "Signatures" is a portion of income derived from fees for administrative work performed in this office for the benefit of Emigrants.

Further, I would like to state that, for the summer months it has been found of benefit to supply dry powdered milk of the highest quality instead of fresh milk. The reason for this is, in part, that Emigrants having, in the majority of cases, no possibility of keeping ice, it was more convenient for them to make up their requirements of milk when needed from the milk-powder which was supplied to them.

On doctor's orders, however, fresh milk was and is being still supplied.

Paul Komor.

Shanghai, July 18.

Balance Sheet of Milk Fund
22.2.39 to 15.7.39

	Recpt. $	Expend. $
Henry H. Cohen (Theatre Production)	6,266.91	
National Christian Council	1,500.00	
Ministering Children's League	1,000.00	
"Autographs" & "Signatures"	675.03	
Other contributions	7,099.69	
	16,541.63	
Model Dairy Farm		7,795.51
Nestle Ltd.,		1,816.18
Cow & Gate		47.20
Miscellaneous		11.00
Nervoclariz		42.00
		9,711.99
Available		6,829.64
	$16,541.63	16,541.63

Supported by Milk Fund
(15.7.39) 380 children
99 adults

Shanghai, July 18.

Suspended Newspapers:
Still Not Publishing

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—May I inquire why the popular Chinese papers "Wen Hui Pao" and "Tao Pao" have not resumed publication? These two agencies received orders to suspend business for two weeks following the publication of General Chiang's speech.

It may be recalled that after the evacuation of Shanghai all the Chinese papers went out of circulation. Never before was Shanghai left in such an advanced stage of demoralization, of dashed hopes and of shaken confidence. Overnight these two aforementioned organizations started publication with reassuring confidence. While orthodox in journalistic style, and free from reproach in journalistic integrity, these twin agents of public opinion, like the "Ta Mei Wan Pao," were outspoken and bold in the presentation of news and in editorial comments. They joked and stood manfully against dastardly threats. They made such a clean sweep over the reading community that the suspension of business was revolting to the conscience of those accustomed to the principles of a fair deal. Maybe, somebody "in the know" can tell why these papers have not as yet come back into operation in sympathy with the wish of the public, the ban on them having long been lifted.

Query.

Shanghai, July 18.

Holiday Making:
Japan Safe for Britons?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

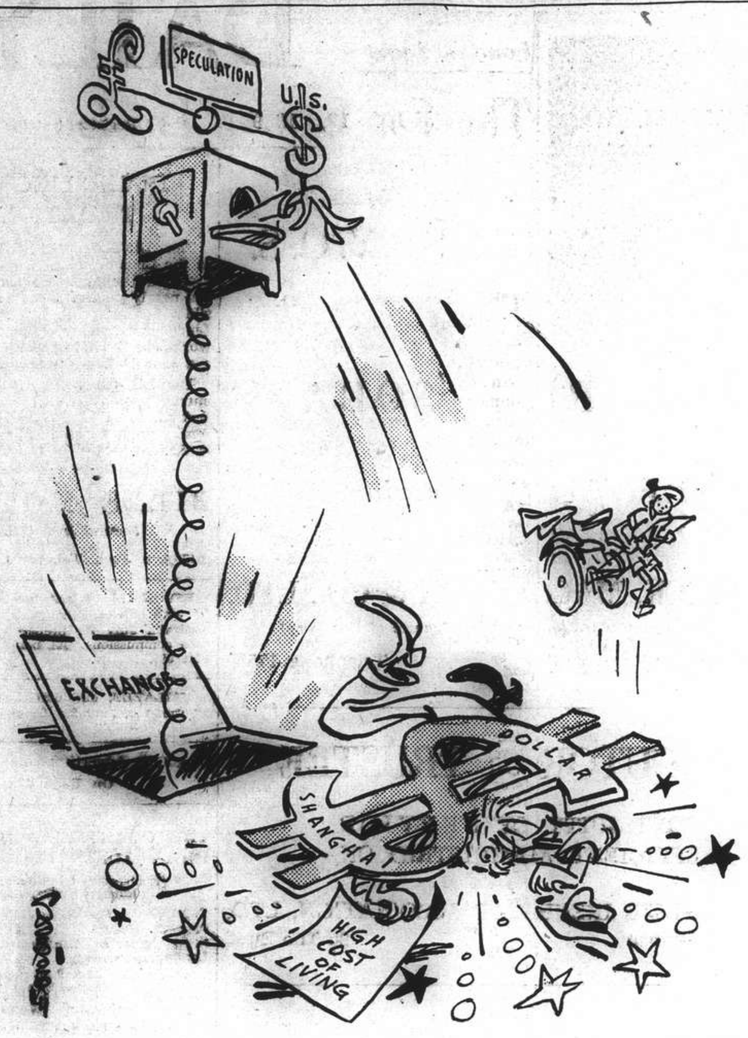
Sir,—I wonder if any guidance can be given to a Briton by any of the Japanese Tourist organizations regarding the advisability of a Briton going to Japan for a holiday this year. I have a steamship reservation and a hotel booking—it has been my intention to go to the Unzen and the Mogi-Katsusa district, now I do not know if it will be safe for a Briton to go there.

I know that many will be inclined to say that one will deserve any trouble that one might get for going to Japan, but I have gone there for many years and have had excellent treatment from the people and a Japanese holiday has always done me good.

I would be glad if any Japanese organization would reply to this.

Needing a Holiday.

Shanghai, July 18.



BY SAPAJOU

Down Again!

Tientsin Blockade:
Mr. Ziegler Congratulated

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Referring to Mr. Ziegler's letter, published July 15, first of all let us congratulate the writer that he is sound and safe, and no Japanese sentry victimized him at any time.

Of course his statement would be much more convincing if accompanied by a satisfactory explanation; however, it was possible that such a gross rumour could arise and be substantiated so that it found its way into the newspapers, and consequently will find its way by means of private letters even to the Germans in Germany.

If such an explanation is not forthcoming, the correction of Mr. Ziegler may be considered as plainly valueless.

A White Man.

Shanghai, July 17.

Information Wanted:
On Permanent Wave Burns

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Could any of your readers supply me with a treatise on permanent wave burns?

I am particularly interested in discussions of the causes and treatment of permanent wave burns. Could anyone let me know where I could find the following book by Noble M. Eberhart M.D., "Treatise on Permanent Wave Burns."

Interested.

Shanghai, July 18.

***A Poor Bondholder:—You have not sent your name and address with your letter. This has to be done in accordance with a well established rule, not for publication, but for the purpose of authentication.—Ed.

Three French Journalists Left in Rome

Paris, July 18.

Signor Luigi Pome, Paris correspondent of "Giornale d'Italia," Rome newspaper edited by Signor Virginio Gayda, known as Signor Mussolini's mouthpiece, has been ordered to leave France. There are now three French journalists in Rome, compared with 22 Italians in Paris.—Reuter.

Col. Spear to Be Tried For Espionage
Japanese Army Recognize Attache's Status

Peping, July 17.

Colonel C. R. Spear, British military attaché, who was arrested some time ago by the Japanese authorities on a charge of espionage, will go on trial shortly before a military tribunal in Kalgan, it was announced here today.

The tribunal, it is stated, is an organ competent to try espionage and high treason cases in which Japanese civilians or foreigners are involved.

A Japanese army spokesman declared that the Japanese authorities recognize in principle Colonel Spear's status as a military attaché, but said it would rest with the military tribunal to decide whether his actions were compatible with that status. Secondly, the tribunal will decide whether Colonel Spear acted contrary to the interests of the Japanese army.—Trans-Ocean.

Slovakia Now Has to Import Foods

Bratislava, July 17.

Since it has ceded its most fertile regions to Hungary, Slovakia will have to import considerable quantities of foodstuffs this year. Among the chief articles of import will be maize, oats and wheat, it was revealed today. In former times, Slovakia, essentially in agricultural land, exported enough wheat to cover practically the whole of its budgetary expenditure. Now the whole country's economical system is endangered by the reversal of conditions.—Havas.

East Prussia Calls for Special Harvesters

Berlin, July 17.

Suffering from lack of farmhands, East Prussia had to appeal to the Reich's Labour Front for help and today, 20,000 members were being gathered to help bring in the harvest. These 20,000 men are being drawn from all the provinces of the Reich and will shortly be sent to East Prussia, where the lack of labour has grown especially acute since the departure of a large number of Polish workers.—Havas.

Herr Hitler's Delicate Compliment to Duce
Adolf Hitlerplatz to Be Renamed Mussoliniplatz

Berlin, July 18.

Herr Hitler has paid Signor Mussolini a delicate compliment by ordering that the one and only Adolf Hitlerplatz in Berlin be renamed Mussoliniplatz.

The Reichsfuehrer has also ordered the construction of a new railway station, which will be named "Duce Station" and be near the spot where Herr Hitler welcomed Signor Mussolini in 1937. The station will be used for arrivals and departures of State visitors.—Reuter.

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-length and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055).

PLACE	P.M. (SHAI. TIME)	METRES	CYCLES
London*	(Trans.2) 6.45-9.50	16.84	17.81
	(Trans.3) 10-12	16.84	17.81
	Midnight 1 a.m.	16.86	17.79
Paris	7	19.68	15.25
Rome	5.30 9.30 12	25.40	11.81
	7	16.83	17.82
Berlin	3 8 10	16.89	19.63
San Fran.	8.30 10.30	31.48	9.53
Manila	6.30 11	31.35	9.57
Melbourne	5.15 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
Tokyo	1 2 3.30 4.30 10 11	25.42	11.80
Hongkong	1.30 9.15	31.49	9.52
Chungking	7.20 10	31.49	8.52

*Afternoon BBC Programme

6.45 "Leaves of Memory," by old-timer
7.30 "At the Black Dog," play
9.00 Arthur Marshall, variety
9.15 News
9.45 Sports news and markets
10.30 "On with the Show," from Blackpool pier
12.00 News

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News" of July 19, 1869

A fire broke out yesterday morning about 3 a.m. in some Chinese houses in Shantung Road, close to Smith's market, which at one stage threatened to be very serious, from the dense population of the locality. The market itself caught fire, the flames only being kept back by the exertions of the police and some of Mr. Smith's people. No. 1. engine arrived first on the scene, followed closely by the hooks and ladders; then came the French engine followed by No. 2. Hongque, and finally the Deluge, which however was not able to get to work for sometime, for want of water. Their united efforts soon got the flames under. About 21 houses were destroyed.

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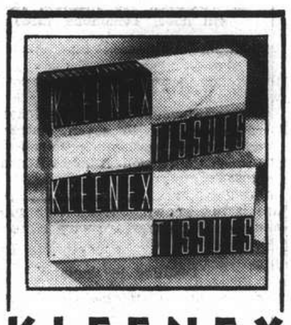
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Canton Situation Reviewed

Japanese Army Executes Armed Criminals; Pearl River Remains Closed

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Canton, July 11.

Taking into consideration the small size of the force available for guard duty, it is a wonder that the army of occupation has done as well as it has in bringing order out of chaos n Canton. The neutrals marvelled when they saw a few tens policing the more important maloos after the diminutive vanguard came strolling into town with such reckless abandon as to suggest the war was something 1,000 miles off. Then, hours behind came the main body, but it pitched its tents well outside of the built-up section, and from then on nearly all of these troops have had to be detailed to "frontier duty," keeping the Chinese troops from encroaching on the soil under Japanese control, and for service in the extension of this area of control.

Let it be borne in mind that Canton was akin to pioneer country during the earlier weeks of the occupation. Like in California in the "wild and woolly days" of '49, when the virgin country was overrun by desperados, one placed his trust in God and his six-shooter. It must be remembered that when the police got ready to flee the city they turned the keys in all the cell doors, and long-term prisoners, murderers even, were set at large. From the countryside, furthermore, poured in a steady stream of bandits enticed to Canton by the propects of rich "pickings," when the news of how simple it was to loot and "get away with it" got abroad.

Fokees Protect Property

There was not a solitary police-officer left within the city limits. In a few streets there were enough shop fokees who were brave enough to stay, when most people ran away, and organized protective bands. Entirely without weapons other than stout staves and clubs, they did drive off a good many thieves and saved a good many shops from being ransacked.

There was no need in going about with firearms at first, when hundreds of shops had been left entirely unprotected, and no guards nor policemen were on hand to interfere. Once all the shops, excepting those on those few streets where there was a measure of protection had been stripped clean of everything worth while stealing, the rascals began to arm themselves. They came in droves to force an entrance into the protected shop, and to hold up people on the streets.

As soon as they could get round to it, having found Chinese willing to serve, the Japanese founded their Peace Preservation Committee, and it in turn started a police department. The police at first, however, did not carry revolvers or rifles, and the bandits carried on right under their noses. The next step was to furnish the police with a few pistols, a few rifles, and then plain-clothed men moved in the throngs.

Dragnet Produces Results

The most effective step was the throwing of cordons of soldiers and gendarmes round certain areas, and rounding-up the members of the criminal class within the lines of pickets. Ex-convicts were easily distinguished because one leg was marked with indelible ink, one mark for a first conviction, a second for a second conviction and so on. Those dragnets produced big hauls and the execution squads were kept working overtime.

Today it is quite safe for any man to walk through even the narrow lanes, for one may rest assured that criminals who dare to carry weapons in Canton are few and far between. A certain amount of night prowling is going on, but even sneak-thieves and burglars have grown more and more discouraged. Because of the curfew law, citizens have to stay indoors soon after dark, so it is seldom that a hold-up is perpetrated even after sundown.

To protect their premises against those who break in at night, householders and merchants took to putting in bells in adjoining apartments so that if they became aware that someone was trying to gain unlawful entry they could inform their neighbour of the fact, and he would pass the signal along until all in the block knew about it. Telephone calls would bring squads of gendarmes and police, and it was "just too bad" for the burglars.

Canton is pretty well protected against crime. The same cannot be said of places like Fongchuen and Fatei, suburbs of Canton the other side of the Pearl River. It is not understandable why the Japanese have not worked out the same sort of schemes to stamp out crime in these smaller, but even more thickly-settled quarters. In Fongchuen and Fatei there seem to be no police guards of any kind and the military content themselves with patrolling the river bank in the daytime, their sentries staying inside their guard-houses after it gets dark.

Merchants Remain Away

People have swarmed back to Canton, that is to say people of the lowest and of the middle-class. Few substantial merchants are back, for the simple reason there is no incentive for them to return. They would not want to return with their families, when they can afford to keep their children in school in Hongkong or Macao, and there are no proper schools in Canton. The buildings of many were burned, their stores have been appropriated by the Japanese. And even if they had their business premises, with what are they to stock them? The river is closed to commercial traffic, and only the Japanese are importing. Some kinds of Japanese goods, mostly foodstuffs, meet with a ready sale, but there is too much competition. If one sells only Japanese tinned goods he will likely go bankrupt, for on the whole such goods are not good sellers.

Nine out of ten men are happy enough if they eke out an existence, and that is about all they can hope for too. One sees a great number of cafes and restaurants and tea-houses open, but not many Chinese patronize them, because they cannot afford to. The Japanese soldier off duty has to be amused, he must have his beer, and he demands that it be served by an attractive maiden who will sit and indulge in light banter with him at the table. There are cinemas and one or two houses where the Chinese drama or opera is produced—the Japanese soldier keeps all these going.

No Play for High Stakes

The Chinese is wont to find his amusement at the gaming table if he has a few cents to spend on other than the necessaries of life. Yet the Cantonese does not play for high stakes these days. He ventures so little that many gambling houses had to close, and gambling concessionaires have had more than once to retire from business in a few weeks or even days after starting. He may try to forget his worries, for there are innumerable opium dives, but it is doubtful whether many have money enough to smoke very much.

If the river were opened to commercial traffic for non-Japanese, it would make a world of difference and business would be better all round. If the Japanese can keep extending their sphere of influence it will be better still for their trade. These are matters for the future, nevertheless, and conditions being what they are the inhabitants of this city can expect no more at present than to keep their rice bowls filled. They must be saving, sparing and work like Trojans to even accomplish this much.

London Greets its King and Queen

Vast crowds surrounded the Palace to welcome home the King and Queen from their North American tour. They repeatedly called and Their Majesties made several appearances in response to the continual cries.

British Aviation Progress

Civil Corporation Heavily to Be Subsidized; Anti-Aircraft Batteries Held Satisfactory

FROM OUR OWN AVIATION CORRESPONDENT

London, June 19.

PLANS for the development of civil aviation on a scale never before attempted are recommended by a Committee recently appointed by Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, to report on commercial flying in Great Britain. The Committee do not hesitate to describe this branch of British aviation as backward, and for the simple reason that it has been starved for money, while in all other countries civil aviation has been heavily subsidized. The report says plainly that unless we are prepared to spend big money for several years to come, we cannot expect to win a leading place in the world.

With this end in view a new British overseas Airways Corporation is to be formed out of the merger of Imperial Airways and British Airways, together with a permanent civil aviation development committee in the Air Ministry. And the Corporation is to be subsidized up to £4,000,000 a year for the next fourteen years. As a first step the Government have ordered twelve airliners costing £1,000,000 of an entirely new type from the Fairey Co. All attempts at making civil aviation pay are for the moment to be abandoned.

British aviation manufacturers can produce air craft which for comfort and reliability cannot be surpassed. But in so small a country as Great Britain civil aviation obviously has not the scope, and consequently the opportunity to make money that it has, in America, without substantial assistance.

New Airports

Side by side with these plans, the Corporation of London has agreed to construct a super-airport at Fairlop in Essex at a cost of £1,100,000.

The Air Ministry are at work on an airport at Heston, on the Great West Road, which will have runways 2,000 yd. long, and Fairlop is to have the like. Besides these there will be Croydon and another to be constructed at Lullingstone, both of rather smaller size. This Air Ministry in its letter to the Corporation says that London's future requirements in the way of aerodromes cannot even be guessed. The Corporation is to be helped financially over Fairlop, the idea being to pool the revenues of all four aerodromes.

Imperial Airways are now fairly settled in their new headquarters in Buckingham Palace. I do not personally admire the building, which consists of an immensely tall tower with two curved wings each side—a sort of surrealist representation of an aeroplane, all very slick and soulless. But on the score of efficiency it is the last word. In the great booking hall are two six-sided booking tables with revolving centres and signal lights above them. When a prospective passenger rings up all the lights turn red, when any of the clerks answers the lights become green, the clerk merely has to turn the revolving centre of the table to get the particular traffic book he needs to complete the passenger's booking.

It is strange to think that less than 30 years ago there was a canal about where the new station stands leading to the site of the Grosvenor Hotel and Buckingham Palace Road was all wharves and warehouses whence cargo was shipped by the canal to the Thames. Mr. A. W. Bishop, who has just moved Imperial Airways to its new quarters, is the grandson of a Norfolk farmer who came to London 100 years ago and delivered vegetables to customers round Eccleston Square. He also used his pony and cart for furniture removal. From this humble beginning the Bishop business controls one of the largest fleets of motor and horse vehicles in London.

Recruiting Extremely Brisk

There is some disappointment that not more than 20,000 of the new militia (called conscripts on the Continent) have volunteered for the Royal Air Force. But it was hardly to be expected they would since the R.A.F. is practically a life job and most of the militia expect to do no more than their three years' service.

On the other hand recruiting for the R.A.F. is extremely brisk, last week 1,105 joined up, compared with 326 in the same week last year. Since April 1, this year 9,643 pilots, observers, airmen and boys have joined the R.A.F. compared with 3,444 in the corresponding period in 1938. Exactly what the numbers of the R.A.F. now are is not known, but there is good assurance that they are very large.

But the whole strength of the R.A.F. is now one of the guessing competitions of Europe. With the progress in rearmament all the official information as to numbers, quality, speed and fighting power of the R.A.F. previously published in official books for all to read has been cut off. In January 1935 the strength of the R.A.F. for Home defence was 572 first-line aircraft. By January 1938 it was 1,542 and at that point all information was cut off. Even at the rate of production then prevailing, the Home defence force would now be 2,000 first-line aircraft, and production has so enormously increased in the past few months (and goes on rising) that it is probably many more than that.

Anti-aircraft Batteries

Very satisfactory accounts are received of the new anti-aircraft batteries. Their destructive power and accuracy in aiming are such that experts believe that they could shoot down any force of aeroplanes sent against them.

Four types of guns are used. There is the 4.5 in. gun on a fixed concrete base, firing nine 55 lb. shells a minute to a height of 36,000 ft. Any aeroplane within 100 yd. of where one of these shells burst would be brought down. Next is a 3.7 in. gun on a mobile mounting firing twelve 30 lb. shells per minute also to a height of 36,000 ft. This shell has an effective radius of 60 yd. The third type is a 3 in. gun firing 20 shells a minute to a height of 10,000 ft. at which accuracy in bombing is impossible. Lastly there is the 40 mm. light gun firing 160 2-lb. shells a minute to a height of 500 ft.

Uncanny Accuracy

Combined with these guns are predictors of uncanny accuracy in laying the gun so that shell and aeroplane will meet at the same point. From actual experiments on towed targets it is believed that 25 per cent. of the shells fired make hits. Apart from this to aim a bomb accurately a pilot must bring his plane to an even keel at constant speed: very few can do this in half a minute most of them take a minute. But under the concentrated fire of one of the new British A.A. batteries, an aeroplane would immediately have to start diving twisting and zigzagging to escape.

There is the additional factor of weather. On an average, English skies are so cloudy on 300 days in the year that flying even at 10,000 ft, is impossible. And even the 3 in. gun can well look after anything at that height.

With regular transit of the Atlantic now a thing of the very near future, it is interesting to recall that 20 years ago this week Captain John Alcock and Lieut. Arthur Brown (both afterwards knighted) made the first flight across the Atlantic, flying in a standard Vickers Viny biplane powered with two Rolls-Royce 380 h.p. water-cooled engines. They started from St. John's in Newfoundland, and reached the Irish coast in 15 hr. 57 min. Not for eight years was this great feat repeated, and then Col. Lindbergh made the second trans-Atlantic crossing.

Alcock and Brown averaged 118 m.p.h. and a great deal of the flight was done through atrocious weather. Once the Vimy emerged upside down from a thick cloud bank in which all sense of direction was lost. At times she had to climb to 11,000 ft. to get her bearings from the stars.

The Vimy of those days had a top speed, without helping wind of 103 m.p.h. But last year the Wellesley single-engined monoplane bombers broke all records by hundreds of miles in flying 7,158 miles (more than three times the distance across the Atlantic) from Egypt to Australia at an average of 149 m.p.h.

Ensign Airliners Delivered

The new Ensign airliners are now being delivered to Imperial Airways. They have been modified on the experience of some months in service and are the largest and most comfortable landplane airliners yet to go into service in the world. With full load the weight is 22 tons and the interior is particularly spacious. For European travel each Ensign will carry 40 passengers and a crew of five; but on Empire lines, when beds have to be arranged this is brought down to 20 passengers. The Ensigns are so well warmed that the cabins can easily be kept to a temperature of 60° Fahr. even at 40,000 ft. high, where the thermometer drops below zero. Special sound deadening devices keep out the noise of the four Tiger 14-cylinder engines, which develop no less than 3,740 h.p. Even with two engines stopped, the Ensign can maintain a height of 7,000 ft. So that the most nervous passenger can feel secure.

A long way from Alcock and Brown flying upside down over the Atlantic!

London Letter

The Far East in London

Successful Soiree of China Association; Social Notes; Beautiful Chinese Scroll

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, June 22.

THE engagement is announced of Miss Esme Barton, younger daughter of Sir Sidney and Lady Barton, to Mr. George Steer, the well-known author and special correspondent in uncomfortable parts of the world. He was all through the Abyssinian War for "The Times" and saw most of the Spanish War, in connection with which he wrote a notable account of that horrible outrage, the bombing of Guernica by the Italians. Mr. Steer was at Oxford with Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Macleod's son Rory, and the two are great friends. I understand that the marriage will take place soon, and will be a quiet one.

A striking portrait of Mr. Steer (in what might be called Darkest Africa kit) is one of Mrs. R. N. Macleod's to the United Artists' exhibition now open. I should imagine it is a good likeness and it is certainly a most vital piece of work. Another is a portrait of Mrs. Van der Wonde, in a dark fur coat, which is particularly well done, the light and shade in the fur and the sense of compressibility (if there is such a word) of the material being admirable. The third portrait is a perfectly charming study of little Miss Revel Guest, Lord Wimborne's niece. The hands specially are a *tour de force*; lightly crossed over each other they look as if they might flutter up at any moment. Not a few people say that this is Mrs. Macleod's "best ever." But all her portraits are delightful to look at, the colouring is beautiful and they are so full of life and character.

China Association Soiree

The China Association soirée at Grosvenor House last night was affected, as to numbers, by the war, which disinclined several who are usually present from turning up, but it was none the less an extremely jolly evening which was voted by all as successful as any of its forerunners. The President Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, and Mrs. Bernard had a large party, including the Chinese Ambassador and Mme. Quo and Sir George and Lady Moss with their son Mr. E. H. St. G. Moss, just down from Oxford and preparing to have a go for some Government service.

Among the official guests were Maj.-Gen. and Mrs. Telfer-Smollett, Sir Arthur and Lady Blackburn, Sir John and Lady Wardlaw-Milne, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moreing, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Chen, Mr. and Mrs. Lieu Chieh, Mr. and Mrs. T. Tan, all of the Chinese Embassy, and Dr. Li Shu-fan; the latter was for a considerable time an official in Sinkiang and is understood to be writing a book on that little-known region. In passing, it was pleasant to so large a number of Chinese guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Wolfer's party included Mr. I. C. Hannah, M.P., who formerly lived for some years in Tientsin and is assiduous in asking questions in the House on British interests in China.

Brig.-Gen. and Mrs. Macnaghten had got back from China just in time for the soirée, and looking very well. Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Simms were "revisiting the glimpses of the moon" from their Irish retreat, warmly greeted by many friends. Among the younger generation were Mr. J. R. Masson, of Butterfield & Swire, now living at Sunningdale while he works in the London office, with a party of friends; Mr. M. Hynes, son of the former "No. 2" in Wayfoong at Shanghai, and Lieut.-Cmdr. and Mrs. J. C. Croome, he having left the Salt Gabelle and got a job in the Admiralty.

It need hardly be said that the commissariat, music, dancing and general arrangements were excellent, Mr. E. M. Gull, secretary of the China Association, deserves full marks for the way he manages these shows and the more so last night that he was suffering horribly from lumbago.

Laughter in London

All London today is laughing at the latest exploit of the Japanese aviators. According to a telegram from Kwantung Army headquarters, via Tokyo, 150 war planes from Outer Mongolia crossed the Manchurian border at Buirnor; eighteen Japanese planes gallantly dashed to meet them and shot down 49 of the invaders, though with a loss to themselves of five.

Commenting on this the "Evening Standard" says:—

The Japanese started trouble at Tientsin because they couldn't gain any victories against China. Why don't they content themselves with these triumphs over phantom opponents? As the story is pure invention, they can have as many as they want, and no harm done to anybody.

But the Japanese public must be in a very despondent state if such romances as this are needed to cheer them up.

Chinese Work of Art

A truly wonderful Chinese work of art is being exhibited at Messrs. Spink's (for the benefit of the Royal Northern Hospital) in the shape of a scroll depicting the personal treasures of the Emperor Yung Cheng in the year 1729. It was painted for his mausoleum which was begun in the same year, and is undoubtedly the most remarkable catalogue in the world. The scroll sketches the whole way round the gallery, is in perfect condition and exquisitely painted.

The treasures depicted begin with a Sung incense burner and end with a small-scale picture of the Emperor's throne of rosewood throne. There are sacrificial bronzes of the Han dynasty, jades, ivories and porcelains of exquisite design and colour. In all a record of 250 works of art, most of them full size, accompanied the Emperor into the shades. It gives a dazzling idea of the wealth and splendour with which the old Imperial Court was set.

Miss Lu Gwei-djen, of Shanghai, who has been studying at Newnham College, Cambridge, and is now a Doctor of Science, is shortly going to California, to represent China at the 6th Pacific Science Congress, which meets from July 22 to August 12.

Exchange Difficulties

Mr. Owen S. Little, brother of the late Mr. E. S. Little, and formerly Divisional Manager of I.C.I. in Dairen, send's a letter to the "Daily Telegraph" which will strike a responsive chord in the breasts of many similar sufferers. He has some property in Manchoukuo and naturaly wants his money:—

"Although it is only a question of a few hundred pounds, the Japanese Exchange Control refuse to grant a permit to my bank to remit my cash balance, which is an accumulation of rents.

"The Yokohama Specie Bank, London, refuse to take my yen and give me sterling in exchange. The Foreign Office have referred the matter to the British Consul in Dairen, who replies that nothing more can be done.

"When will our Government treat the Japanese as they treat us? Surely some clearing house could be arranged to help British merchants to get their funds in exchange for money due to Japanese merchants?

Why not indeed?

Lioness Shot By Farmer

A lioness which escaped from a travelling circus after a performance recently at the village of Taghmon, eight miles from Wexford, was shot dead on a farm.

When she escaped the lioness was being moved from one cage to another.

Although 2,000 people had attended the performance, they were unaware that the animal was at large.

At three o'clock in morning a farmer, Mr. James Winters, who lives about a mile from Taghmon, was awakened by the roar of the lioness. From his bedroom window he saw the animal in his farmyard beside a calf it had killed.

He fired two shots, and the lioness limped away. The animals in the farmyard were almost uncontrollable with fright.

A trail of blood was followed by circus hands and police armed with guns, and the wounded lioness was found lying exhausted in the long grass. On the instructions of the circus owner, Mr. Ted Fawcett, she was killed.

Edward Footit, 44 years old quiet, thrifty bachelor, walked into the village post office at Moulton Eaugate, four miles from Spalding, one morning in 1895 and made his savings account into £100. He was not then heard of again. He is now being searched for him, to see if he is alive. He would be 88 and there is no record of his marriage or death at Somerset House. His bank account has doubled itself and his relatives if they cannot trace him will apply for leave to presume death.

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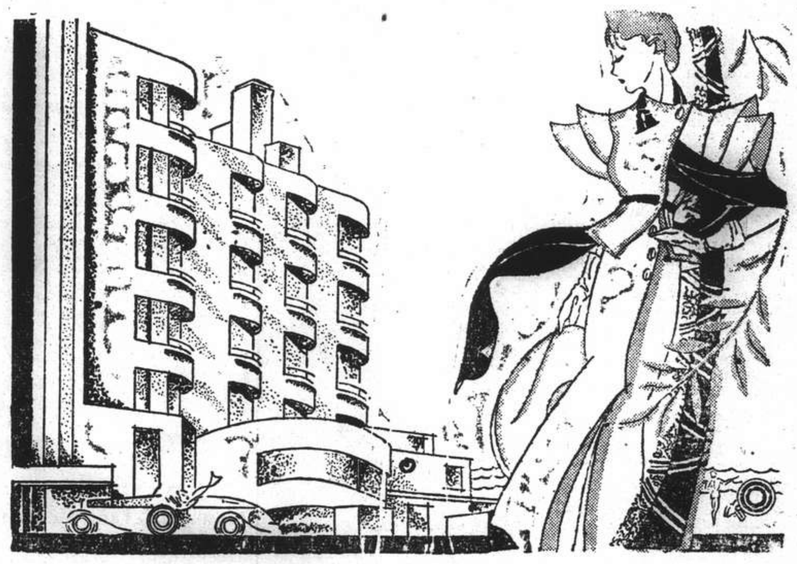

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Shaforce, S.C.C. Nomads Alone In Running for League Title

Fight for 1939 Honours Narrows as Series Nears Close; Crucial Week-end Games

WITH the local league cricket competition for the year 1939 entering its final stages, the S.C.C. Nomads find themselves two clear points ahead of the Shaforce side, with, however, the Army side having played one game less than their rivals. These two sides are both playing this week-end with the servicemen due to play their final match against the Colts the following week.

The Nomads meet the Colts this Saturday in what should be a titanic struggle with the odds about even. Leach's side realizes full well that the loss of this encounter will put paid to their chances of being crowned 1939 league champions, but on the other hand the Colts, under the capable leadership of Pat Madar, will not give anything away in a clash that can quite possibly be won by either team. The game will be played on the S.C.C. ground, play being set for 1.30 p.m.

At the same time the same afternoon, the Shaforce XI will engage the S.C.C. Stragglers on the Police matting wicket. The result of this meeting will probably decide whether or not the soldiers are to have a chance in their final game against the Colts to secure the title. On the face of things, Shaforce should account for the Stragglers since their all-round strength in batting and bowling appears to be far too powerful for their adversaries. Cricket, however, is its own game and not until the last ball is bowled is a match won. Nonetheless, there seems little doubt that Shaforce, if they play up to standard, should win.

In the third match down for decision on Saturday, the Recs' Tyros oppose the Police on the Recs' ground. It is more than probable that the Tyros will gain another three points from this meeting, since the Police batting and bowling these days is anything but strong. The Police will certainly make a big effort in this—their last—league match of the year, but it is perhaps hoping for a little too much to expect them to succeed where other more powerful than themselves, have failed.

Parsees to Battle Wanderers

On Sunday, the Wanderers and the Parsees will battle for points on the S.C.C. ground and it would come as no surprise to see the well fancied Club side given a very hard fight by their always improving opponents.

Always fighting to the last the Parsees can be relied upon to give their more versatile Club friends a rattling good game before a definite decision is reached.

Another inter-hong game will be played on the S.C.C. Small Ground on Thursday and Friday, playing beginning each day at 5 p.m., when the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company will meet the Shanghai Power Company.

In the same two days on the Recs' ground, another friendly match will take place, a Recs' XI opposing a team selected from the Public & Thomas Hanbury School Old Boys. A close and interesting match should be seen.

League standings at present are:

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Pts.
Nomads	6	4	1	1	13
Shaforce	5	3	2	0	11
Wanderers	6	2	2	2	8
Colts	5	2	2	1	8
Stragglers	6	2	1	3	7
Tyros	6	2	1	3	7
Parsees	6	1	3	2	6
Police	6	1	0	5	3

Teams

Nomads v. Colts Saturday 22nd, July 1939 1.30 p.m. S.C.C. Ground.
Nomads:—D. W. Leach (Capt.) G. S. Dunkley, G. B. Elliot, H. F. B. Gardner, A. Graham, F. Marshall, A. G. Norman, H. E. Orr, J. W. Pote-Hunt, C. E. M. Thomson, T. H. Wood.
Reserve:—W. E. Tingle.
Umpire:—V. C. Olive.
Scorer:—L. T. Lawrance.
Colts:—P. Madar (Capt.), T. J. Allan, D. J. Graybrooke, E. Cunine, A. F. Gomes, F. F. Kellner, A. A. Kliene, J. Leriou, H. P. Madar, L. Marcal, L. Quincey.
Reserves:—J. H. Anderson.
Umpire:—J. D. E. Shotter.
Scorer:—E. Kew.

Stragglers v. S.D.F. Saturday 22nd, July 1939 1.30 p.m. Police Ground.
Stragglers:—A. C. Sinclair (Capt.), E. H. Anstice, R. Booth, W. V. K. Chadwick, H. A. Crickmer, E. R. Duckitt, F. B. Elliott, J. Fletcher, I. M. Hutchison, L. Heap, G. J. Read.
Reserves:—E. J. Sluis, J. D. Sayle, C. H. Melor, J. Cornfield.
Umpire:—A. J. Daniels.
Scorer:—H. S. Bartley.
Tyros v. Police on Saturday 22nd inst on S.R.C. Grd., commencing at 1.30 p.m. Sharp.
Tyros:—C. J. Smith (Capt.). R. J. S. Brandt, E. S. Blackwood, N. Hart-Baker, G. Madar, C. E. Ollerdessen, K. M. Pate, A. W. Pettit, A. Symons. E. Weidman, T. W. R. Wilson.
Reserves:—R. Murray, J. MacDonald.
Umpire:—J. H. Anderson.
Scorer:—M. Johnston.
Police:—E. C. Baker (Capt.), S. V. W. Bader, W. H. Baldock, J. E. Fairgash, H. A. Sevenoaks, F. A. Pitts, F. Bairn, F. Peasgood, J. R. Dudley, J. M. Watson, A. Abbott.
Reserves:—A. C. Barton, T. H. Darvill, C. Weed, J. Allen, F. Richardson.
Umpire: C. J. Merritt.
Scorer:—L. W. Hide.
Wanderers v. Parsees Sunday 23rd, July 1939 1.32 p.m. S.C.C. Ground.
Wanderers:—A. V. T. Dean (Capt.), J. C. Jenkins, P. V. Simpson, T. C. G. Pearson, T. G. C. Knight, F. E. T. Marshall, L. T. Lawrance, S. A. Tremlett, A. Lingard, E. D. Nash, J. R. Kale.
Reserves:—G. J. Winney, F. J. Knightly, M. E. Hewlett.
Umpire:—H. A. Crickmer.
Parsees:—M. Divecha (Capt.), S. M. Charna, F. R. Kermahl, P. R. Kermani, H. P. Karanjia, S. P. Karanjia, N. N. Mehta, R. F. Shroff, S. F. Shroff, P. B. Tata, B. R. Vicajee.
Reserves:—J. Kuka, K. Shroff.
Scorer:—K. F. Shroff.
Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co., Ltd. v. Shanghai Power Co., Thursday and Friday 20th, 21st, July 1939 at 5 p.m. S.C.C. Ground.
Y.T.T. Co.:—W. G. C. Clifford (Capt.), J. C. Jenkins, F. E. T. Marshall, G. S. M. Lisler, M. E. Hewlett, P. V. Simpson, J. Fletcher, D. D. Carter, H. A. Coward, C. H. Hodgman, W. B. Sim.
Umpire:—V. C. Olive.
S.P.C.:—C. H. Mollor (Capt.), H. G. Beatty, A. L. Biggs, L. G. Day, D. Cook, R. L. Evans, G. B. Elliot, A. Kabbert, F. C. Hale, A. Lingard, A. Hetherington.
Umpire:—E. P. Higgs.
Scorer:—E. H. Anstice.

An S.R.C. XI versus the P. T. H. Old Boys on 20th and 21st insts., on the S.R.C. Grd., commencing each evening at 5.15 p.m. Sharp.
N. Hart-Baker (Capt.), J. H. Anderson, H. B. Cochran, A. Davis, A. England, E. Harvey, M. Johnston, J. R. Mehta, R. Murray, J. D. E. Shotter, R. C. Veir.
Reserves:—A. A. Kliene, E. Weidman.
Umpire:—A. A. Kliene.
Scorer:—E. Weidman.

League Tennis to Be Resumed

Keen Interest Centering In Match Between Clube Lusitano, Waterworks

Activities in the Shanghai Lawn Tennis League will be resumed today when the usual weekly fixtures will be played off. Of the four engagements in the First Division, the game to be played by the Clube Lusitano at the Shanghai Recreation Club should prove to be most interesting.

The Japanese Tennis Club, the second strongest contenders for this year's title, will visit the Bramtoco Tennis Club. The Columbia Country Club will entertain the Shanghai Cricket Club, while the Cercle Sportif Francais will be at home to the Country Club.

Headlining the schedule in the Second Division, the Clube Lusitano and the Waterworks Tennis Club will be engaged in a stern fight on the Portuguese grounds. The Police "A" will meet the German on the latters courts, while the Police "B" will act as hosts to the Cercle Sportif Francais. The Association Sportive Francaise and the Shanghai Cricket Club are to meet on the cricketers' grounds.

Present standings of teams in both divisions follow:—

First Division

	For	Against
Clube Lusitano	45	10
Japanese Tennis Club	23	7
Cercle Sportif Francais	22	23
S'hai Cricket Club	22	23
S'hai Recreation Club	20	10
Columbia Country Club	17	28
Country Club	13	32
Bramtoco Tennis Club	13	32

Second Division

Waterworks Tennis Club	52	18
Japanese Tennis Club	49	13
Police Recreation Club "A"	46	34
Clube Lusitano	44	16
S'hai Recreation Club	31	44
Swiss Club	29	16
Association Sportive Francaise	25	35
German Garden Club	20	25
Cercle Sportif Francais	20	40
S'hai Cricket Club	17	43
Police Recreation Club "B"	5	55

French Beat Cricketers

One postponed match in the First Division took place on the Shanghai Cricket Club grounds yesterday when the home team lost to the Cercle Sportif Francais by nine sets to six. The visitors won three out of the five doubles.

Complete results were:—

L. F. Stokes and M. Benavitch beat Meise and Berents by 7-5, 4-6, 8-6.
J. G. Forbes and J. W. Pote-Hunt lost to Segalen and Indricksen by 2-6, 6-1, 1-6.
Wallace and Kimber lost to Jourdan and Klein by 6-3, 6-8, 7-9.
Clark and Orr beat Krenov and Rosenweig by 6-0, 6-1, 8-6.
Gardiener and Marshall lost to Blum and Judah by 6-8, 4-8, 2-6.

Playing at the top of form and defeating the visiting Police Recreation Club "A" on Monday in a postponed match by ten sets to five, the Waterworks Tennis Club gained temporary leadership in the Second Division competition, overtaking the Japanese in the number of sets won.

The Waterworks scored victories in four out of the five doubles. All the couples, with the exception of the fifth, fought extremely hard to gain their victories.

Complete results follow:—

B. Pintos and A. M. Fonseca beat Chooklantzeff and E. Victal by 6-1, 3-6, 6-2.
R. O. Baker and B. A. Wolnizer beat Major Bourne and S. V. Gash by 6-3, 6-2, 5-7.
T. M. Collaco and A. C. Collaco lost to Crank and Petroff by 3-6, 6-2, 3-6.
B. V. da Silva and G. B. Collaco beat Read and McLorn by 6-1, 4-6, 6-3.
M. P. Meyer and M. A. Collaco beat Baldock and Stevenson by 6-2, 6-3, 6-2.

Important Baseball Games Scheduled

First Battalion Meeting Two Strongest Rivals in League

The ever-victorious First Battalion will be engaged in three sterling games this week, two against the Second Battalion and one against the Shanghai Amateurs, the results of which should go a long way towards deciding the City League Championship.

This afternoon, starting at 3.30 p.m., the First and Second are to meet in a crucial contest in the League, which will mark the farewell appearance of Shanghai's outstanding pitcher in the person of "Fireball" Ben Fuller of the Second Battalion.

Earlier in the season, Fuller lost the first game he pitched to the First by the score of 6-5. The Rossmen took full advantage of Fuller's slow start and garnered a 4-run lead in the very first inning. It is the unanimous opinion of baseball fans that if the Rossmen are to lose a game this season, Fuller will be the one to bring off this feat.

As the First possess a string of heavy sluggers, it will take airtight hurling to upset them.

The Amateurs are to take on the First Battalion in the night-cap on Saturday's double-header. If the civilians produce the kind of play seen of them in the last Fourth of July classic they may humble the First.

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
First Battalion	9	0	1,000
Amateurs	4	3	571
Second Battalion	3	3	500
Headquarters	2	4	333
U.S. Navy	0	8	000

Famous Stallion Dies in Ireland

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Thomastown, Kilkenny, July 18.

Major McCalmont's stallion Tetratema died here today after 22 years in stud.

Tetratema captured the Two Thousand Guineas in 1920.

It won over £20,000 in stake money.—Reuter.

Walrusses Go Up League Ladder

A.S.F. Maintain Good Repute in Defeating East Surreys "B"

The Foreign Y.M.C.A. Walrusses climbed one step up the league ladder last night when they defeated the Rowing Club Bowside team by five goals to one in the league water polo match which was played out before an excited crowd at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., while the Association Sportif Francais maintained their reputation as a team to be reckoned with in the league as a result of their victory by five goals to one over the East Surreys "B."

The match between the junior teams from the Foreign Y.M.C.A. and the Rowing Club produced the greatest interest and the Oarsmen were actually leading at the interval by the only goal scored in the initial session. It was the fact that they were defending the shallow end that gave them the advantage as the goalkeeper had little difficulty in stopping such shots as were directed at him. Matters changed considerably in the deep end, the Bowside defence being unable to stop the shooting of the winners and the latters' forwards were better able to use opportunities given them. A considerable amount of rough play, which was inevitable in the shallow water, tended to spoil the game, and there is a growing tendency among younger swimmers to swim over an opponent to get the ball, which must be checked.

For the winners, Colter in goal was excellent and stands out as a custodian to be considered for interport honours this year.

Teams were:—Foreign Y.M.C.A. Walrusses: Colter, Grabenchikoff, Fonseca, Figuerdo, Hall, Wyatt, Strand. Rowing Club Bowside: F. R. L. Carey, H. C. F. Aris, E. G. Davis, H. Farmer, A. Pressler, W. K. Corneck, R. A. Dodd. Referee: D. H. Cooke.

Frenchmen Win Easily

The match at the Association Sportif Francais pool gave the home team a fairly easy victory over the Army "B" team, and here Hans Park's ably distributed passes gave his forwards opportunities to score, Eidel, Leonie and Fingereth each getting a point while Park finished up the game by putting in two long shots himself. The losers scored when Matthews went through to beat the goalkeeper with a lob shot.

Teams were:—Association Sportif Francais: G. Boisesson, Sbath, Ruffio, H. Park, A. Fingereth, Laonie, Eidel. Surreys "B": Leclair, Alexander, Watson, Woles, Stemmings, Deakon, Matthews.

Seaforths Beat Ewo In Polo Tourney

The Seaforths beat Ewo 6-4 in a match in the Army Cup Polo Tournament at the Race Course yesterday.

U.S. Baseball Results

New York, July 17.

The following are the results of games played today in the American League and the National League:

American League

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	7	0
Cleveland	0	5	0

Batteries: Hadley and Dickey; Feller, Zuber and Hemsley.

Philadelphia	11	16	0
St. Louis	8	17	0

Batteries: Nelson, Joyce, Potter and Hayes; Kenney, Harris and Glenn.

Boston	6	10	2
Detroit	13	15	0

Batteries: Rich, Sayles and Peacock; Newsom and Tebbetts.

National League

St. Louis	4	11	3
New York	3	7	0

Batteries: Davis, Shoun and Padgett, Owen; Schumacher, Salvo and O'Dea.

Pittsburgh	7	11	3
Philadelphia	4	11	2

Batteries: Bowman and Berres; Harrell, Pearson and Davis.

Chicago	11	14	2
Brooklyn	2	8	4

Batteries: Root and Harnett, Garbark; Wyatt, Tamulis, Pressnell and Todd.

Cincinnati	4	8	0
Boston	0	4	3

Batteries: Walters and Lombardi, Hershberger; MacFayden and Lopez.—United Press.

Stewards' Cup Betting

London, July 18.

The following is the latest call-over for the Stewards Cup, to be run at Goodwood on July 25 over a distance of six furlongs:

10-1 Knights Caprice offered. 100-9 taken
100-8 Nearly offered, 100-7 taken
100-8 Caerloptic, offered
100-7 Scotland Forever and Old Reliance, offered
100-6 Glucose, Rue de la Paix and Cosaque, offered
20-1 Shalfleet, America and Bygone, offered
25-1 Lovely Woman, offered
33-1 Gunter, offered.—Reuter.

Seaforths Beat Police Side

Quick Sparkling Knock by Hammond-Chambers; Maclagan Bats Well in Interesting Cricket Game

IN a most interesting friendly cricket match on the Police ground yesterday afternoon, the Seaforth Highlanders defeated a representative Police side which was almost up to league strength, by the substantial margin of 38 runs, a feat which indicated that the Scots should have been included in the local league when the season opened. They were not at full strength as at least three of their outstanding players were absent and this fact seems to show their victory would have been far more easily gained had their full first XI been present.

Hammond-Chambers took the honours of the day with a most useful 56, which came as the result of some terrifically hard clouts in front of the wicket. This was the first time he had handled a bat this year and he landed the ball on no less than three occasions on top of the Police pavilion for mighty sixes. He was missed a couple of times when in the twenties but his innings, which was full of sparkle, was thoroughly enjoyed by a large crowd of spectators.

Highlanders Save Day

The Highlanders batted first but were soon in trouble, four wickets falling with only 12 runs on the board. Lieutenants Maclagan and Hammond-Chambers then came together and setting about the attack with a will, runs materialized at a fast pace.

The latter was first to go after having knocked up 56 out of 74 added for the fifth wicket, his chief shots being five fours and three sixes.

Maclagan batted steadily throughout the remainder of the innings and was undefeated with 43 to his credit when the last man was retired. He batted through some trying periods and though he was at the crease for some ninety minutes, he was able to keep one end going when it was needed most. The innings came to an end after 145 runs had been scored, Peasgood being the most successful bowler with five wickets for 34 runs, although Allen secured two for nine.

After Barton had been sent back with the board recording but six, Gash and Sevenoaks batted very well for the Police, runs coming quite quickly following some excellent stroke-play. Sevenoaks was the first to leave, being snapped up behind the stumps after a good 22, while Gash was adjudged l.b.w. when the total read 60, of which he had contributed 29.

Allen had a short and merry tonk, but none of the others, with the exception of Dudley, could do anything with a not too powerful attack. Dudley went for the bowling but could find nobody to stay with him and was 24 not out when the innings closed at 107.

Seaforth Highlanders

Sgt. Jones, c. Baldock, b. Peasgood	3
Sgt. Atkinson, c. Barton, b. Baldock	3
L/Cpl. Cheney, b. Peasgood	0
L/Cpl. Fairburn, c. Dudley, b. Peasgood	1
Lieut. Maclagan, not out	43
Lieut. Hammond-Chambers, l.b.w., b. Bader	56
Bandsman Ilsley, c. and b. Peasgood	10
Lieut. Martin, b. Peasgood	1
C./S. Meeks, c. Gash, b. Baldoxk	15
L/Cpl. Aberdein, c. Richardson, b. Allen	5
Pte. Rainey, b. Allen	4
Extras	4
Total	145

Fall of Wickets:—1-5 (Jones), 2-5 (Cheney), 3-7 (Atkinson), 4-12 (Fairburn), 5-86 (Hammond-Chambers), 6-101 (Ilsley), 7-103 (Martin), 8-123 (Meeks), 9-135 (Aberdein), 10-145 (Rainey).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Baldock	6	0	28	2
Peasgood	9	1	34	5
Bader	5	0	29	1
Sevenoaks	4	0	37	0
Dudley	2	0	4	0
Allen	1.4	0	9	2

Police C.C.

S. V. Gash, l.b.w., b. Cheneyb	28
A. C. Barton, c. Jones, b. Rainey	3
H. A. Sevenoaks, c. Jones, b. Aberdein	22
J. T. Allen, c. Jones, b. Cheney	10
H. Cooper, run out	0
T. H. Darvill, b. Cheney	0
W. H. Baldock, c. and b. Cheney	9
F. Peasgood, c. Ilsley, b. Abedeln	0
J. R. Dudley, not out	24
F. W. Richardson, c. and b. Rainey	0
F. W. Bader, b. Cheney	1
Extras	10
Total	107

Fall of Wickets:—1-6 (Barton), 2-45 (Sevenoaks), 3-69 (Gash), 4-68 (Allen), 5-68 (Cioper) 6-73 (Darvill), 7-74 (Peasgood), 8-100 (Baldock), 9-101 (Richardson), 10-107 (Bader).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rainey	6	2	21	2
Cheney	13	2	45	5
Aberdein	5	2	21	2
Meeks	2	0	10	0

Police Second in Bowls League

S.L.B.C. Reds Drop to Third Place as Result Of Surprise Defeat

As a result of the two upsets in the First Division of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls League last Saturday, when the Blues and the Reds were beaten for the first time this season, competition for the senior Championship has grown so much keener.

The Blues have had their overwhelming lead reduced somewhat by the 4-1 defeat at the hands of the Recs, though they are still well ahead. The Reds, who were beaten by the Hongkew Golf Club, have dropped to third place in the standings, having been replaced by the Police.

Except for their defeats at the hands of the two S.L.B.C. teams, the Police have won all fixtures this season. They showed fine form last Saturday to take the measure of Yangtzepoo Bowling Club by 5-0. If they maintain their excellent record in the second round, it is possible that they may succeed in overhauling the Blues.

In the Second Division, Yangtzepoo Bowling Club have a commanding lead, with Clube Lusitano as their biggest threat, while the S.L.B.C. have also been improving rapidly.

Clubs will be engaged in the Mercury Cup in the next fortnight and the following standings will remain unchanged till July 30, when the next series of League matches will be played.

League Standings

1ST DIVISION

	P.	W.	Won Poss.	Pct.
Blues	7	6	28½ 35	81.4
Police	6	4	21 30	70.0
Reds	6	5	20½ 30	68.3
Recs	6	4	18 30	60.0
Lusitano	6	3	15½ 30	52.2
Yangtzepoo	7	3	15 35	43.0
Junior G. C.	6	2	10 30	33.3
Hongkew G. C.	6	1	7½ 30	25.0
Country Club	6	—	4 30	13.3

2ND DIVISION

Yangtzepoo	5	5	22½	25	90.0
Lusitano	4	3	15½	20	77.5
S.L.B.C.	6	3	15½	30	51.7
Barbarians	5	3	12	25	48.0
Recs	5	2	10½	25	42.0
Police	4	1	6½	20	32.5
Junior G. C.	5	0	2½	25	10.0

Kent Beats Gloucester In Championship

Game Between West Indies, Durhams, Abandoned

London, July 17.

In a low scoring Championship match at Maidstone, Kent beat Gloucester by 98 runs.

For the winners, Fagg, with a contribution of 77 in the first innings, and Ames with 79 in the second, and Wright, by taking six wickets for 20 in Gloucester's second knock, were outstanding.

The scores were:
Kent 182 (Fagg 77; Scott five for 86) and 189 (Ames 79), Gloucester 170 and 103 (Wright six for 20).

The match between Durham and the West Indies was abandoned as a draw owing to rain.

Durham, batting first, made 101, in reply to which the tourists knocked up 203.

In their second innings Durham had made 42 for three when stumps were drawn.—Reuter.

While three other studios sought her services Ann Sheridan, recently voted filmland's "oomph queen," has been signed by Walter Wanger for the feminine lead in "Winter Carnival." No screen player since Jean Harlow has been in such demand by Hollywood producers as the flame-haired beauty from Texas.

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FRI. SAT.	LET US LIVE	JUST AROUND THE CORNER	YES, MY DARLING DAUGHTER	RIDE A CROOKED MILE
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Missionaries Had To Leave Shansi

Japanese Inspired Move to Oust British Residents from Interior of China

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, July 6.

I spoke recently to some of the British missionaries who passed through here on their way to Peitaiho after being driven out of Shansi by the Japanese. For obvious reasons it is not advisable to give their names or the places where this happened. But, although the details varied slightly in different places, the technique and general method were very much the same: intimidation and a kind of whispering campaign, rather than actual mob violence.

The movement, too, was obviously entirely artificial and quite definitely got up at Japanese instigation. This was confirmed by conversations the victims had with some of the Chinese police sent to "protect" them and with members of the general public who had the courage to speak to them on the streets. All said that "they could not help themselves" and were forced to adopt this attitude under Japanese threats. Indeed, several such citizens, who were noticed talking to the missionaries, were afterwards summoned to the Japanese gendarmerie headquarters and minutely questioned as to what they had been saying to the foreigner.

Police Dressed as Coolies

The so-called crowds of "demonstrators" that rushed the various mission compounds—not more than 40 or so in any case—consisted chiefly of Chinese policemen dressed up as coolies, with a few extra hired scally-wags picked off the streets. In one case two Japanese were definitely recognized among the demonstrators. These "mobs" broke into the mission premises ostensibly for the purpose of searching for compromising correspondence with the guerillas and for arms, neither of which, needless to say, were ever found. But they also took the opportunity of doing a little personal looting, on their own, in the way of any loose cash, small knick-knacks, and useful articles, such as electric torches and clocks. (Why a mob of demonstrators should conduct this kind of search, and not official persons, is not explained.) No actual personal violence was offered, though at times the temper of the invaders was inclined to be nasty. When these "demonstrators" had completed their work, police guards were put round the mission premises, and nobody was allowed in or out.

Whispering Campaign

At the same time, a kind of whispering campaign of indirect intimidation was carried on. Violent anti-British posters were pasted up on the mission walls and buildings. The mission servants were warned to leave, and the Chinese Christians told to keep away. Threatening letters were sent, advising the missionaries to leave at once, lest worse befall them; one such letter even expressed the hope that the days of the Boxer rising would shortly be repeated. The recipients were convinced, from certain internal evidence, that these letters originated in the Japanese gendarmerie headquarters.

The Chinese magistrates also sent word to the Chinese Christians to tell the missionaries that they had better depart at once, as it was not safe for them to remain; but in no case would these gentlemen agree to see the missionaries themselves. In one instance where a missionary called at the Yamen and was allowed to see the Japanese advisor, he was told that the whole thing was a spontaneous movement of the whole Chinese people, which was no concern of the Japanese; and that he would not guarantee their safety; this, although the place was heavily garrisoned by Japanese troops at the time, and although the Chinese did not dare to lift their little finger, if the Japanese did not allow it.

As, in any case, the missionaries had already been making preparations for, and were about to leave on, their summer vacation to Peitaiho, it was considered advisable to pull out, while the going was still good. And it is very significant, that, in spite of all these anti-British demonstrations and the spontaneous indignation of the whole Chinese people, not the slightest difficulty was put in the way of their departure, nor were they in the least molested en route.

Artificial Movement

The missionaries concerned were unanimously convinced that the whole movement was entirely artificial and was instigated by the Japanese. They pointed out that everyone, friend and foe alike, were insistent that the movement was purely anti-British and was not directed against the Church in any way. It was obviously, therefore, purely a matter of politics.

At first sight, it would seem strange that this anti-British movement should have assumed such a particularly virulent form in the far distant province of Shansi. But, as other reports indicate that there has also been interference with and unfriendly acts towards missionaries of other nationality in Shansi, it rather looks as if the main object of the Japanese is to drive all foreigners out of that province.

One cannot help wondering, whether this may not have something to do with the fact, which is only now becoming generally known, that the Japanese campaign against the Chinese forces in West Shansi was a complete failure entailing heavy losses, and whether the Japanese military gentlemen in Shansi are not letting out their irritation of the entirely innocent missionary folk.

Yugoslav Prince Regent Arrives in London

Prince Paul and Princess Come on Private Visit

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 18.

Prince Paul, Prince Regent of Yugoslavia, and his wife, Princess Olga, have arrived in London on a visit of a purely private character.

The Duke and Duchess of Kent welcomed them at Victoria Station, and Prince Alexander, who is at school in England, was also present.

The Prince and Princess are to be guests of the King and Queen for a few days at Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

U.S.S. Augusta Arrives in Shanghai

The U.S.S. Augusta, flagship of the United States Asiatic Fleet, shown as she arrived in Shanghai at 12.30 p.m. yesterday. The Augusta will be the scene of an impressive ceremony on July 25 when Admiral Harry E. Yarnell is relieved of his command of the Asiatic Fleet by Rear Admiral Thomas C. Hart.

Judgment Against British Company

Shanghai Land & Finance Company Ordered to Pay $11,111.67 with Costs

Judgment for $11,111.67 was entered by Judge P. Grant Jones in H.M. Supreme Court on Monday in favour of the First Trust Co. of China, Ltd. following a claim for damages against the Shanghai Land & Finance Co., which was represented by Mr. J. B. Manley, managing director. The defendants were ordered to pay the costs of the action.

The action arose out of another which was heard by Judge P. Grant Jones on February 16, 1937. On appeal to the Full Court it was discovered that the managing director of the defendant company, who had represented it at the hearing and had submitted to judgment on its behalf, had no sufficient authority to do so. The Full Court then pronounced the hearing a nullity and the plaintiffs continued the action in H.M. Supreme Court, bringing further evidence which they had not produced at the former hearing.

The facts of the case were that on July 3, 1931, a Chinese concern, the Central Realty Co., of which a Mr. Chunson Sun was the sole proprietor, mortgaged his beneficial interest in B.C. Lot 1522 with the buildings thereon to the plaintiff company to secure a loan of Tls. 600,000. The mortgage was renewed half yearly and the interest paid regularly up to July 3, 1934.

Name Changed

On October 3 the Central Realty Co. defaulted and about the same time the owner changed its name to the Shanghai Land & Finance Co. with a view to its future registration as a British company. At the end of October a British subject, Mr. MacDonald was engaged as manager and as such was asked to sign several leases amongst which was a deed of lease dated September 15, 1934 from the Central Realty Co. to the Shanghai Land & Finance Co. for a period of 35 years at an annual rental of $26,500.

On January 3, 1935, the company made default in the payment of principal and the plaintiff company took proceedings against it in the First Special District Court for foreclosure or sale. On January 15 the Shanghai Land & Finance Co. mortgaged the lease with others to a Mr. Okamoto for $800,000. On January 17 the company was incorporated and it acquired the lease by endorsement for the sum of one dollar. On February 1 it was substituted for the original mortgagor to Okamoto, and the latter wrote to the plaintiff company that for valuable consideration he thereby released the lease from the mortgage. No such consideration had moved the company.

The Moving Spirit

On February 28 the plaintiffs obtained an order for the provisional attachment of the rents of the mortgaged property but on proceeding to notify the tenants thereof they found the defendant company, of which they had never heard before, was collecting them. On March 27 they recovered judgment for the full amount due under the mortgage and on July 17 brought an action in H.M. Supreme Court against the defendant company. The application for an interlocutory injunction, however, was refused on August 16 and the action was discontinued in the following month.

While these proceedings were pending the defendant company notified the tenants to pay their rents to Okamoto, but on refusal of the injunction warned them to resume payment to the company. From its incorporation on January 17, the Judge stated, the defendant company appeared to have followed a somewhat erratic course, with frequent change of directors and shareholders. Direct evidence of fraud ceased and indirect evidence began with the incorporation of the defendant company. There was clearly fraud at the inception of the corporation, he said, and he instanced several factors in support of this, including the refusal of the managing director to give evidence.

"On these facts," Judge P. Grant Jones continued, "I have come to the conclusion that the fraud was knowingly and wilfully carried on by the corporation; at the same time I believe that Chunson Sun was the moving spirit of the enterprise and that he misused this British company in his own interests (The full text of the judgment will appear in the North-China Herald" on July 26).

British Commander to Inspect U.S. Marines

In honour of Major-General A. E. Grasett, D.S.O., M.C., General Officer Commanding the British Forces in China, a parade of the Fourth Regiment United States Marine Corps will take place on the Racecourse at 9 a.m. today when the British Commander will inspect the troops on parade.

This is Major - General Grasett's first public appearance in the city since his arrival from Tientsin a few days ago, where he conducted a tour of inspection. This was his first visit to the northern port since his arrival in China to assume the rank of G.O.C. He will remain in Shanghai for several days.

Radio to Be Used for Furthering Peace

British Colonies to Join in Efforts Towards Ideal

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Geneva, July 18.

The international convention for the use of broadcasting in the interests of peace, which was agreed at the International Broadcasting Conference at Geneva in September, 1936, is to apply not only to Great Britain but also to her Colonies and Mandated Territories.

Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, has communicated a desire to this effect to the Secretariat of the League of Nations.

The convention deals, inter alia, with the prevention of untruthful broadcasting on international affairs, and the prevention of inflammatory broadcasting in time of international tension.—Reuter.

Taxes on Japanese Goods in U.S. Asked

Wage Earners Conference Alleges Tokyo Subsidizing Export Industries

Washington, July 18.

Demands for the imposition of countervailing duties against imports of Japanese goods into the United States were sent to the Secretary of the Treasury yesterday by the Wage Earners' Protective Conference of which Mr. Matthew Woll, vice president of the American Federation of Labour, is president.

The message to the Treasury Secretary, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, demanded duties similar to those imposed on German and Italian goods imported into the United States. The special duties are intended to compensate for Government subsidies to exporters and the effects of drafted labour in the totalitarian states.

The Conference message to Mr. Morgenthau declared that Japanese workers receive "virtually a slave's wages." It said that although the Conference was opposed to involving the United States in a war against Japan, it also was opposed to permitting imports into the United States "in order that the dictatorships may acquire the war materials of our people to rob weaker people's lands and enslave them under a foreign yoke of oppression."

Exporters Subsidized

The message also said that Japanese goods were being sold at higher prices in Japan than abroad and that the Japanese people were forced to pay the higher price to enable their Government to subsidize Japanese exporters. The system was similar to Germany's subsidized exports "which otherwise could not be sold abroad," the message said.

The Conference said that mandatory laws should be enforced to protect the revenues of the United States and to protect and promote employment opportunities for Americans. The message said the nation also should be relieved of the charge that "We are an indispensible partner in the killing of innocent persons."—United Press.

British Nominees for League Assembly

London, July 17.

It was announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that the United Kingdom delegation to the next assembly of the League of Nations would consist of the Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax; the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, and the Financial Secretary to the Treasury, Captain H.F.C. Crookshank. —Wireless through Reuter.

Augusta Arrives in Shanghai

Flagship Brings Wives of Admiral, Chief of Staff; Admiral Hart Here Today

With the wives of Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Asiatic Fleet, and Captain Riley F. McConnell, fleet Chief of Staff, aboard, the U. S. S. Augusta, flagship of the Asiatic Fleet, arrived in Shanghai at 12.30 p.m. yesterday and moored to her buoys in the Whangpoo at the head of Battleship Row. The officers' wives made the trip in the warship from Tsingtao because no commercial transportation was available and typhoon weather prevented the U.S.S. Isabel, yacht of the Commander-in-Chief, from making the trip.

This passage of the two women in the Augusta is believed to be a precedent in the Asiatic Fleet. Ordinarily, it is the custom for officers' wives to travel in the U. S. S. Isabel, but they are normally prohibited from travelling in warships.

The Augusta will be the scene of an impressive ceremony next Tuesday when Rear Admiral Thomas Charles Hart will relieve Admiral Yarnell as Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet. Rear Admiral Hart arrives in Shanghai this afternoon in the ss. President Coolidge. Several high ranking naval officers will be on hand to greet Rear Admiral Hart when the Coolidge moors to her buoys in the river at 2.30 p.m.

The officers will proceed to the liner in Admiral Yarnell's barge. Admiral Hart and his family will then board the barge and will be brought ashore to the Customs Jetty. The Harts will then proceed to take up their residence at the Cathay Mansions, where Admiral and Mrs. Yarnell are now staying.

OBITUARY

Dr. Valentin Zaileis

Vienna, July 18.

Dr. Valentin Zaileis, well known for his "wonder cures" by the use of high frequency methods, died on Saturday at Schloss Gaispach in Upper Austria, it was disclosed today.

Dr. Zaileis, who frequently was assailed for alleged "quackery," died at the age of 66 of an injury suffered during an experiment.—United Press.

Gambling House Man Poses as Official

Extorts Money from Thermos Bottle Manufacturer

By posing as a representative of the Shanghai Municipal Council an employee of the Hollywood Gardens in Yu Yuen Road has chosen extortion as his side job. He is Li Yun, alias Li Wen-kwei, who is now being detained by the First Special District Court. The case still needs careful investigation and therefore the police have not yet framed charges against him.

Li was arrested last Saturday after he had been seen walking in Connaught Road by his victim Hu Ching-tsai, a thermos bottle manufacturer, whose plant is located in Lane 636 Ferry Road which is not far away from the home of the accused. On June 3, Li is alleged to have gone to Hu's factory and raised objections to the erection of a "cool camp" supported on poles in the courtyard.

Li is alleged to have further asked Hu to produce the licence entitling him to build the camp and when the latter could not do so he introduced a little item of $35 to have the matter hushed up. Seeing that he wore an official badge (which was later found out to have been bought from a Chengtu Road shop) Hu did not dare to debate with the accused and paid $24. It so happened, however, that as soon as Li left a real Council inspector arrived. Hu then realized that he was swindled but he was fortunate enough to meet Li on the street last Saturday.

Li was taken to the Gordon Road Police Station and the officers at once started investigating Li's house in which Li's official visiting cards were found, together with a pass book. The police want to know whether or not all the money Li deposited with the bank has been extorted from his victim or victims.

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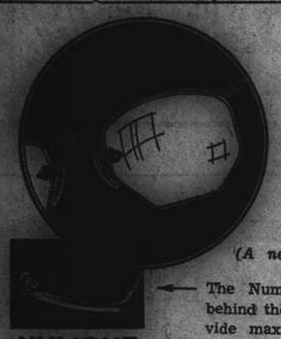

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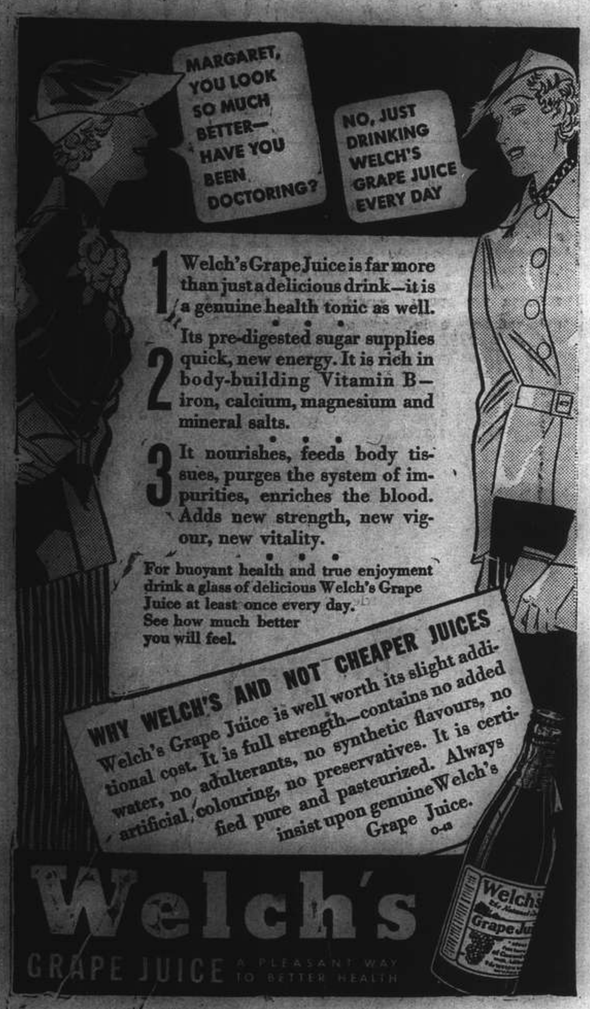
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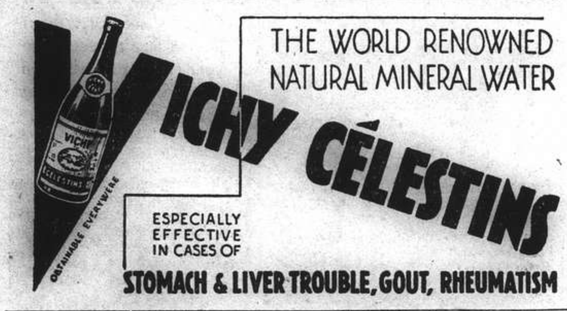

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BIRTH

CAULTON.—On Sunday, July 16, 1939, at the K.M.A. Hospital, Tongshan, to MARJORIE, wife of B. E. Caulton, a daughter. -939

DEATH

BRAND.—Henry Shelley, of Foochow, South China, passed peacefully away in his sleep at home, Monday, July 17, in his 75th year. *(By Cable.)*

IN MEMORIAM

NOBBINS.—In proud and loving memory of PETER who fell asleep July 19, 1935, aged 8 years. 10358

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. JOHANNA H. M. KRYGSMAN tenders her sincere thanks to her many friends for sympathy extended and beautiful floral tributes send during her recent sad bereavement. -949

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE PROPAGANDA WAR

The ceaseless war of propaganda which has been carried on for a very considerable time past has taken a new turn which has created a sensation in Germany. Commander King-Hall is a writer on international politics of considerable reputation, and for some time past he has been circulating his letters to those who care to subscribe for them a comparatively small annual sum. The whole system is a remarkable reversion to the old form of newsletter with the difference that whereas that used to be laboriously written by hand, the modern version is printed. Incidentally it is a somewhat strange thing that in these days of circulations of astronomical size it should be possible to find a market for the newsletter, which suggests that not everyone is contented with the manner in which the modern newspaper presents its wares, and that there is always a burning desire to find out all about the news behind the news. That is not entirely the modern newspaper's fault, limitations of space, etc., always necessitating that much information shall appear in what after all is precise form, the complete accuracy of which depends entirely upon the ability and impartial outlook of the writer. In the case of Commander King-Hall the writer is reputed for seeking to present comment on important international events in the most impartial manner possible and to acquaint his readers of their real significance, and the substantial support he receives from the public suggests that his endeavours are thoroughly appreciated. On the face of the cables which have been received up to the present there is absolutely no evidence whatever that Commander King-Hall is actually responsible for sending some thousands of these newsletters into Germany, and until that has been definitely proved, the only normal assumption is that his work may have been reprinted by some enthusiast and disseminated throughout Germany. Even if a worse interpretation is accepted that this has been done under the auspices of the British Government,—and of this there is no evidence to hand,—it could only then be taken as an extension of the propaganda war which the totalitarian states have been waging consistently and a counter which is in the circumstances by no means improper.

The means of spreading Commander King-Hall's views is characteristic of an organized attempt to defeat the German censorship. From various countries, enclosed in envelopes, different in colour and size these newsletters have been posted, and apparently have succeeded in filtering through the official obstructions to such communications, while the report that some of them were actually posted in Germany itself suggests that there is a very extensive and competent organization responsible for this particular type of counter-propaganda. It would be interesting to know how many such missives reached their destinations, but that probably will never be divulged. That a very large number of them must have done so is evidenced by the indignation they appear to have aroused in Germany, for it may safely be assumed in these days that the greater the degree of indignation shown the more imposing the success of the particular manœuvre against which it has been aroused. It is conceivable that the particular letter, dealing with the strict censorship in Germany which prevents full publication of speeches made by British statesmen would create the greatest indignation. The type of censorship which is being applied in Germany is just that which to be successful must be as unobstrusive as possible, for the more it is brought home to a reading public that it is receiving only what the government thinks it should have, the more is it likely to regard with suspicion what is officially provided for it. From the abbreviated reports of what Commander King-Hall wrote it is clear that he was criticising the policies of the German Government and criticism of that nature is the last thing which it is likely to accept lying down. Hence the indignation of the officially-controlled German Press, and the position seems to be that by the expression of such indignation the German Press is playing the game of whoever is responsible for sending these letters into Germany; they are receiving the greatest possible amount of publicity and will undoubtedly make large sections of the German public all the more anxious to get hold of them.

The fact of the matter is that, in such propaganda wars as these, it is not always possible completely to exclude information unfavourable to the government of the country it controls. Despite every endeavour to prevent people listening in to broadcasts expressing views contrary to those of the government controlling it, there is plenty of evidence to show that broadcasts by the B.B.C. especially arranged for German consumption do in fact obtain a hearing. Only recently further broadcasts were directed to German listeners from certain European subterranean stations. What is particularly irksome to the German Government is the persistent differentiation between it and the people of Germany. That the whole of the Germans do not see eye to eye with their rulers is more than a little likely, and when those people are being told that at present they are only hearing one side of the case, and that the utterances of British statesmen have been practically entirely suppressed in Germany, there are many who will ask themselves why this should be so. The greater freedom enjoyed by the British Press permits of extensive reports of the speeches of German leaders being presented to the British public, and there cannot be the slightest doubt that the public in the Democratic countries is better informed of the trend of international affairs than people residing in totalitarian states can ever hope to be. It is open to doubt whether the manner in which the utterances of the German leaders have been given such great publicity abroad is, in all its aspects, the best thing, for it is quite clear that in this war of nerves, upon which the dictator Powers have embarked, this wholesale publicity is giving them too such assistance, and there is always the possibility, even though it might be a slight one, that if on occasion the speeches of such men as Herr Hitler, Field Marshall Goering and Dr. Goebbels were reduced in the British newspapers to the space of a "three-line-par." much less of the sabre-rattling would be indulged in.

British Capital Resources

In spite of a decline in world trade in the twelve months ended on March 31 last, the value of business transacted through the Export Credits Department showed an increase of nearly £7,000,000 over the preceding twelve months. The annual turnover of that portion of export trade, for which British traders seek the guarantee of the Department in question, has expanded considerably in the past five years. The aggregate business done by means of this guarantee scheme since its inauguration exceeds £210,000,000, and the annual total turnover has risen from £15,000,000 in 1934-5 to £43,000,000 in 1937-8 and £50,000,000 in 1938-9. The additional business represented by last year's increase covered a wide field of British export trade. It is only because of the existence of special financial difficulties in foreign markets that British exporters have occasional recourse to the facilities provided by the Export Credits scheme. For the financing of normal trade, both at home and abroad, ample capital is always available. Among the institutions supplying funds for trade expansion are British insurance companies, part of whose resources are applied to loans to industry. The benefits accruing are mutual, but it would be difficult to exaggerate the importance to British trade and industry of the financial strength of British insurance companies, more especially as these concerns combine enterprising activity with the financial prudence which is their tradition. Thus, the oldest insurance company in the world, a British concern, has been able to announce that in this, the 229th year of its existence, the aggregate net premium income of its various departments constitutes a new record.

Future of Coal

Comprehensive plans have been announced by the British Minister of Mines for the maintenance of coal, coke and manufactured fuel production and the control of prices and distribution in the event of war. A rationing scheme will be introduced to ensure a more economic utilization of coal, and operating through existing marketing schemes pithead prices will be controlled to prevent profiteering. In its greater aspect, this is another indication of Britain's intention to gear up national resources with national effort if the emergency dictating these measures eventuates. In another sense it will have an important bearing on the future of the coal industry which has represented a serious problem since the wider use of oil fuel. At present, the industry continues to exist through a more rationalized system of production bolstered by marketing schemes which ensure a fair return on investment, but although there is a tendency to regard it as industry on the decline, in a national emergency it still becomes one of Britain's greatest assets and, therefore, is worth protecting. Although advocates of oil fuel, for instance, point to the increasing number of oil burning vessels afloat and being built, coal is by no means an obsolete fuel, and its importance increases in proportion to the continuity and accessibility of supply as affected by conditions to be experienced during war-time. To store supplies of oil sufficient to fuel British ships for any lengthy period independent of foreign supplies is almost impossible, and therefore imports from abroad must be maintained—a big convoy job for the British Navy which itself is oil-fueled. During war-time conditions, to reduce the strain on this source of supply there might be a return to coal fuel. While the British mercantile marine alternates between oil and coal dependent upon the class of ship and other conditions, the British Navy continues to be the largest individual user of oil. For some time coal fuel advocates have been conducting a campaign for a coal-fired navy in view of restrictions to be encountered regarding oil in the event of war while unlimited stocks of coal are close at hand. In the 1939 Navy estimates the Admiralty's view was clearly and definitely stated in the statement:

> During the past year considerable time has been devoted to detailed investigation of claims put forward recently in favour of a return to coal-burning in warships. These investigations have proved conclusively that, on the major counts, weight and space required and operation, a return to coal-burning would impose such a handicap on our ships as to be definitely unacceptable.

But this does not discourage the advocates of coal who offer the availability of supplies and the more efficient methods of coal utilization devised in recent years to counter the Admiralty's argument. Necessarily, Britain must maintain command of the sea in war-time, but the inter-related question of fuel to enable this is worthy of more consideration as a vital national problem in the opinion of these advocates, many of whom are distinguished flag officers who speak with an authority equal to that of the Admiralty.

A Country Diary

Weihaiwei, July 7.—One of the commonest birds in Weihaiwei is the Greenfinch, and as we do not find it in Shanghai I have taken a certain amount of interest in it here this year. As its name suggests, it is a small bird (about the size of a sparrow) with a great deal of green in its plumage....yet, when seen in the trees, green is not the predominant colour and one might well describe it as a greeny-brown bird with a few lighter spots of colour: it is only when it takes to flight that its true beauty appears, for it is then that the bright yellow patches on wings and body show up and give it the appearance of a cross-bred canary: the bird in flight is indeed a beautiful thing, and well deserves its popular name of "Golden Wing." The Greenfinch builds its nest in low pine trees, sometimes three or four in the same patch, and only too easily falls a prey to the youth of China who love to take the young birds and bring them up in cages, or carry them tethered to sticks as they do the Hawfinch in Shanghai: it is really not much of a cage-bird as its song is a low twittering and it seems to spend most of its time trying to pronounce the word "dizzy" without ever arriving at the last syllable. But this is the point which has proved most interesting to me. La Touche says that the Greenfinch is common to all China, including the coast-line which it uses in the course of migration: he even goes further and says that Kansu is the only Province "where a golden-wing of some kind has not been seen" ....and yet in twenty-five years of watching in the Shanghai neighbourhood I have never seen one! The fact must be that our complete lack of pine-woods keeps the bird away from us. By the way, its scientific name is *Chloris sinica sinica*....and whenever I hear a name like that I think of the cigar makers: was it Linnaeus, the great classifier, or the makers of *Corona coronas* who first thought of repeating a name to give it added value?

IN PARENTHESIS

Social Error

BOARD-residence, with every home comfort, offered to two respectable gentlemen, or otherwise.—ADVT.

One can't always afford to be too particular.

* * *

Catty

BETTY: "I've always thought it is far better to die than to grow old and ugly."

Letty: "And what made you alter your mind?"

* * *

Izaak Walton

"THAT's a fine girl you've married," said the Old Friend.

"Yes," said the Angler, absent mindedly, "but you should have seen the one which got away."

Making Do

THEY had climbed for hours, it seemed, and at last reached the summit.

"Bother," said one. "We have climbed this steep mountain and left our glasses below."

"Never mind," said his companion. "We can drink out of the bottle."

* * *

Full Stops

JIMMY was making his first acquaintance with stewed figs, and making very slow progress.

"Eat up your figs like a good boy," said his mother.

"I don't like them," he replied, "they're only skins filled with fullstops!"

* * *

Advantages

THE house agent decided to be quite frank with his latest clients.

"Of course," he began, "this house has one or two drawbacks which I feel I must mention. It is bounded on the north by the gasworks, on the south by an india-rubber works, on the east by a vinegar factory, and on the west there is a glue-boiling establishment."

"Good heavens!" gasped the husband. "Fancy showing us such a place. What a neighbourhood!"

"Quite so," replied the agent. "But there are advantages. The rent is cheap and you can always tell which way the wind is blowing."

* * *

Unwelcome Serpent

WE journalists rarely lose our nerve. I can recall only one example, writes a British columnist. It followed the investigaton of a sea-serpent story by the Abbot's Snorting Crusader.

"It's all right!" cried the reporter joyfully, on his return. "It's real! I've seen it!"

"You've what?" said the newseditor. "Next you'll be saying you've brought it with you!"

"I have!" triumphed the reporter. "It's here!"

He went outside and whistled. And the sea-serpent wriggled in. But its welcome was not what the reporter had imagined. Everyone pretended to see nothing, while the serpent thumped its tail like a dog expecting a biscuit.

"You sit down," said the newseditor, after an awkward pause, "and do a good, human story about bathing-girls. And get rid of that thing. Show it the way to the river."

* * *

The Bald Fact

THE Bald Head Club of America has just held its annual dinner at Canaan, Connecticut. —British United Press.

America's Bald Heads at dinner
Have solaced themselves for their plight:
From billiard-ball type to beginner
They joined in a day of delight:
Their mascot an eagle (bald-headed),
The "baldest of bald" as their chief—
Their philosophy makes of this dreaded
Affliction a shining relief.

No hair-raising tale of adventures
With ghosts can results as of old—
Of course they may chatter their dentures,
But that can be put down to cold:
As smooth as an egg or a bubble,
Each member is proud to declare
He has nothing to lose for his trouble,
His luck doesn't hang by a hair.

—By F. G. H. Salusbury in the Daily Herald."

THE WEATHER

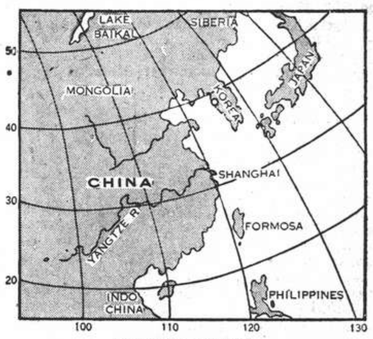
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	75.5	Max.	85.5
Same date, 1939	Min.	79.5	Max.	98.0

Rainfall trace.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	75.2	Max.	87.1
Same date, 1938	Min.	77.7	Max.	99.1



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 17th:—High and steady pressure over Japan and China. The typhoon over the Pacific is advancing north-west by west. Fresh south-easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy weather.

State on the morning of the 18th:—High and steady pressure. Easterly wind. Cloudy weather.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and cloudy weather with fresh easterly breezes around Shantung. Cloudy to overcast with fresh north-easterly winds and some showers over our Coasts and the Eastern Sea. Cyclonic storm with rain over the Meacosima and the Loochoos, owing to the typhoon moving more rapidly north or north by west. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 60 miles latitude 22, longitude 128, moving more rapidly north or north by west, intensity: Unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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To THE FLORENCE SPOONER HOME

In memory of Mrs. Alice Anderson:—	
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Thompson	$5.00

To THE SWISS BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

In memory of Suzanne Hug:—	
F. W. Golding	$25.00
Mr. and Mrs. B. Britt	20.00

U.S. Informed of Tokyo Conversations

All Developments to Be Communicated to Washington; Britain Insistent on Keeping Talks to Tientsin Issues Only

London, July 18.

BRITISH officials today revealed the intention of closely informing the United States of the developments of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations in Tokyo and consulting with Washington on the talks.

British Government quarters indicated that a summary of the long conversations held last Saturday between Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador to Tokyo, and Mr. Hachiro Arita, Japanese Foreign Minister, at Tokyo had already been conveyed to the United States. The main channel of such communication would probably be through the United States Embassy at Tokyo.

Although a British Government spokesman reaffirmed Britain's intention of confining the Tokyo parleys to specific Tientsin issues, it was admitted that Saturday's conversation at Tokyo ranged over much too wide a field.

Mr. Arita was reported to have politely but strongly criticized British policy in China since the beginning of the hostilities.

British political commentators believed Japan visualizes neutrality as including British passive support for Japan's conquest of China and active assistance to replace Chinese currency by Japanese sponsored bank notes.

Much Depends on Moscow

Last night's meeting at Moscow between the French, British and Soviet officials acquired special significance in the light of the broad divergencies between Britain and Japan.

Although the negotiators at Moscow were avoiding the Far Eastern questions, diplomats in London expressed the belief that the conclusion of the Anglo-French-Soviet alliance would substantially strengthen Britain's position in East Asia.

If the tripartite military alliance were concluded and Japan responds by publicly announcing its adherence to the German-Italian military alliance, they said that such an act might open the way to an agreement between Britain and Russia regarding the Far East.—United Press.

British Insistence

London, July 17.

Final results of the Tokyo parleys on the Tientsin dispute would depend on Japan's acceptance of British propositions, though perhaps with slight modifications, diplomatic quarters here stated today.

Before formal negotiations are engaged in, they said it would be preferable that the exact scope of the parleys should be delimited so as to avoid future argument.

New instructions were to be sent this evening to Sir Robert L. Craigie, British Ambassador in Tokyo, to permit him to pursue conversations with M. Hachiro Arita, Japanese Foreign Minister.

Their talks, it was pointed out, would serve only as preliminaries to the real negotiations, which will begin only when the agenda will have been established.

British political quarters emphasized that all conversations must be limited to local issues at Tientsin, on which basis Mr. Arita a few weeks ago agreed to launch discussions.

"Local Issues" Defined

They were astonished by latest Japanese press comments claiming that the parleys "ought to deal with all political problems interesting Britain in the Far East."

By "local issues," they clarified, they meant the question of the four Chinese alleged murderers still held by the British authorities in Tientsin, and the question of administration of the British Concession in particular relationship to Japanese interests.

Final measures agreed upon should guarantee a sort of "neutrality" for the Concession under maintained British sovereignty.

The problem of the $50,000,000 worth of silver specie deposited in the Concession was a question of currency policy and as such had nothing to do with the local issues.

The monetary problem, the same quarters concluded, involved not only Britain, but also all Powers with interests in China.—Havas.

China Seeks Information

London, July 18.

The statement of the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in the House of Commons yesterday, disclosing that Japan desires more British understanding of Japanese difficulties in the Far East, appeared last night to have aroused anxiety in Chinese circles here.

The Foreign Secretary, Viscount Halifax, will receive the Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Quo Tai-chi, for a lengthy discussion of Far Eastern problems today.

The Chinese Ambassador is expected to seek information regarding the status of the Anglo-Japanese talks in Tokyo and possibly he will discuss prospects of a £3,000,000 Government export credit for China. Negotiations on the credit are far advanced, it was learned yesterday.

The possibility of a Chinese request for renewed British support of the Chinese dollar also was mentioned in Government circles yesterday, but Japanese quarters told the United Press that "We take it for granted that Britain will withhold further credits to Chiang Kai-shek while the Tokyo conversations are proceeding. Another course would be unwise."

Meanwhile, British Government authorities revealed their intention of informing and consulting the United States on all developments in the

(Continued on page 8)

Dollar Declines to New Low Level

Fivepence Reached After Control Banks Withdraw Support

The control banks under the Anglo-Chinese Stabilization Fund again refused to support the market in Shanghai yesterday with the result that the Chinese dollar took another plunge from its original level of about 6⅛d. and reached a new low record of 5d.

The local exchange market opened with the nominal rates of sellers to merchants at 5⅛d. for sterling and 10⅛ for U.S. dollars, but the inter-bank market was completely disorganized by the announcement at 9 o'clock in the morning that the control would not sell at 6⅛ cash, and as a matter of fact did not sell at any rate through the day. For a long time there was no market at all and ultimately a small amount was done at 5d. cash. Later, rates fluctuated between 5d. and 5⅛d. and the market closed quiet.

Yesterday's developments on the exchange market followed closely the refusal of Chinese banks to accept Tientsin and other northern notes on the explanation that it was a move to prevent the smuggling of northern notes to Shanghai to purchase foreign exchange. Only notes issued by the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications bear the names of the district on them, but these two institutions in Shanghai consented to exchange only small amounts of northern notes, refusing to accept any large sums. The two banks are awaiting further instructions from their head offices.

Stock Exchange Activity

The drop in exchange had a pronounced effect on the Shanghai Stock Exchange which has been dormant for some time chiefly due to the restriction in cash among Chinese banks. As a result, all prices were marked up sharply, especially Ewos, which opened at 19 and were quickly rushed to 21 mainly on covering by unlucky shorts. Thence the market reacted to 19.30 at which price there were good buyers at the close.

Movements in the principal stocks were as follows:—

	Opening	Closing
Trams	41	42¼
New Engines	8	8½
Anglo-Javas	18.90	19.30
Tanah Merah	2.20	2.25

In the rubber section, the advance was further assisted by the rise of 20 points in New York futures and indication that speculators in the raw commodities were again entering the market, encouraged by the strong statistical position and the rise in Wall Street.

Chungking Withholds Statement

Chungking, July 18.

No official statement can yet be obtained in Chungking regarding the reported action of the Stabilization Fund Committee in withdrawing support from the Chinese dollar, resulting in a further decline of its foreign currency purchasing value.

The Chinese authorities here, however, are very closely watching developments in the Shanghai market. It is the opinion here that if any statement should be made over the latest decline in the value of the Chinese dollar, it will probably be made by the Stabilization Fund Committee in Hongkong.

It is pointed out that while general policy regarding the Chinese currency is decided by the financial authorities here, all details are left to the Stabilization Fund Committee, which takes action from time to time in accordance with market conditions.

Nevertheless, the market conditions in Shanghai today are believed to be the result of speculation.

The nervousness of the Shanghai market is attributed to two factors:

1. Rumours spread by certain quarters of the alleged intention of Dr. H. H. Kung, Minister of Finance and concurrently President of the Executive Yuan, to resign, and also the alleged projected trip to London of Mr. T. V. Soong, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank of China, thereby attempting to create the belief that Chinese finances are in a "desperate state."

2. Nervousness prevailing following speculations concerning the outcome of the Tokyo conference, at which it is alleged that Japan will demand:

a. That Britain hand over the silver reserves of Chinese banks in the British Concession in Tientsin;

b. That Britain support the Federal Bank currency in North China; and

c. That the British authorities prohibit the circulation of Chinese national currency in the British Concession in Tientsin.

Speculators fear that if Britain yields to Japan, the acceptance of any one of these three demands would naturally affect the position of the Chinese national currency.

It is, therefore, the opinion here that the condition of the Shanghai markets will follow closely the progress of the Tokyo negotiations.—Reuter.

Fluctuations Alarm London

London, July 18.

To-day's sharp fall in the Chinese dollar, which is believed to be immediately attributable to the suspen-

(Continued on page 8)

New Instructions Sent By Britain

Tokyo, July 18.

Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador, received instructions at 8.30 this morning from the British Government regarding his report on the conversation held last Saturday between him and Mr. Hachiro Arita, the Foreign Minister, according to a semi-official announcement published here this afternoon. Consequently, it adds, a second conversation between Sir Robert Craigie and Mr. Arita will take place tomorrow.—Reuter.

British-Owned Local Mills Encircled

Commons Questions On Barbed-Wiring And Tinkler Case

London, July 17.

In the House of Commons today Mr. Harry Day, Labour member for Central Southwark, asked the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, for particulars of the protest lodged by the British authorities with the Japanese authorities for encircling three British-owned factories on the north bank of the Soochow Creek at Shanghai with wire barricades.

In reply Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that, according to the information received by Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, two British factories were affected, namely, the Zoong Sing Cotton Mill and the China Car and Foundry Company's premises, together with a Chinese mill under Japanese management.

Access to these had for some time been by boat across the Soochow Creek to the mill jetty. This had now been wired off by the Japanese authorities in such a way that it could no longer be used, and similar measures had been adopted at the premises of the China Car and Foundry Company.

The British Consul-General at Shanghai, Mr. Butler added, had made written and oral representations to the Japanese Consul-General, and had pressed for permission to rebuild the wooden bridge which formerly existed and which, he understood, would not interfere with traffic on the creek.

Further Action in Tinkler Case

No reply had yet been received from the Japanese Government to the British protests concerning the death of Mr. R. M. Tinkler, declared Mr. Butler in reply to Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, Labour member for Derby. The question of further action, he added, was being considered.

No representations had recently been made by the Foreign Office to a bank which had its headquarters in London, and whose branch in Shanghai was alleged to be co-operating with the Japanese authorities in weakening the Chinese exchange fund, declared Mr. Butler in reply to Mr. George Russell Strauss, Labour member for North Lambeth.—Reuter.

Britons to Be Driven Out of Honan

Kaifeng Committee Passes Resolution

Tokyo, July 18.

"The anti-British Campaign Committee of Honan province has announced the eviction of all Britons from the entire province," says a Japanese message received here today from Kaifeng.

According to the message, the Committee met at 5 yesterday afternoon, "following the withdrawal of all the British colony from Kaifeng as a result of the anti-British movement there," when a resolution to remove all English signboards and posters was passed.

The Committee is also said to have decided to inform the various provinces of China of their resolution to boycott Britons, requesting them not to give Britons certificates to visit Honan.

The Committee, the message adds, then sent telegrams to the "Reformed Government at Nanking," the "Provisional Government at Peking," the Tientsin Municipality and Baron Hiranuma, the Premier, informing them of this decision, and asking them to intensify their "original intention."—Reuter.

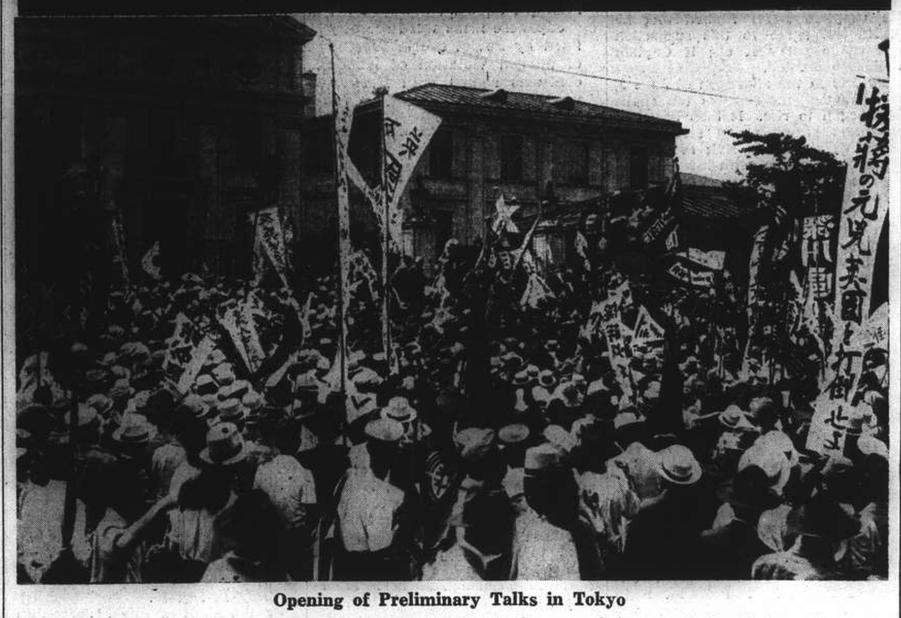
Japanese General Dies In Plane Crash

Machine Hit by Chinese Bullets

Tokyo, July 18.

A Japanese General and eleven others were killed when the plane in which they were flying from Hankow to Shanghai crashed in enemy lines near Hwangmei, according to a Japanese army announcement quoted by semi-official Japanese reports.

The announcement declares that Major-General Toji and eleven others sacrificed themselves for the state when their planes was "compelled to make an honourable self-explosion into enemy position" as the result of damage by an enemy bullet.—Reuter.



Opening of Preliminary Talks in Tokyo

Brought by air mail from Japan, these pictures illustrate the scene being enacted in Tokyo. Upper picture shows Mr. Hachiro Arita, Japanese Foreign Minister, and Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador to Japan, at the preliminary talks last Saturday. Below, the anti-British demonstration outside the British Embassy.

Fuehrer May End Danzig Issue Through Negotiations

British, Italian Mediation Rumours Denied; Initiative Through Trade Talks Possible

Danzig, July 18.

HERR Albert Forster, Nazi chief in Danzig, and Herr Haske, chief of the Propaganda Department, returned to the Free City today after visiting Herr Hitler at Berchtesgaden. They reported that they found the Reichsfuehrer in an optimistic mood. Herr Hitler is said to have indicated his view that the problem of Danzig could well be settled by negotiation between Poland and Germany if there was "no outside interference."

At the same time, it is indicated that military preparations in Danzig will continue, as the problem is still regarded as urgent, but, for the moment at least, the flow of arms into Danzig has ceased. About fifty elder members of the Danzig police were arrested during the week-end, but the reason for the arrests is not known. The new Nazi broadcasting station on a hill on the outskirts of Danzig is now functioning. It is so powerful that popular sets can no longer receive foreign stations.—Reuter.

Ramillies to Rejoin Home Fleet

Capitalship to Take Part In Summer Exercises

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 18.

The Home Fleet is being strengthened by one capitalship for the period of the summer exercises.

The Admiralty announces that the Ramillies will be attached to the Home Fleet temporarily for the exercises in August. She will arrive at Spithead on July 20.

The Ramillies, with a displacement of 29,150 tons and carrying as her main armament eight 15-inch guns, joined the Mediterranean Fleet six months ago as an extra capitalship.—Reuter.

Vice-Admiral Raikes to Command Destroyers

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 18.

Vice-Admiral R.H.T. Raikes, Commander of Submarines, has been appointed Vice-Admiral Commanding the Reserve Fleet of Destroyer Flotillas, effective as from July 20.—Reuter.

London, July 18.

British political quarters placed no belief in German press reports alleging that the Reich and Great Britain may take joint action to secure Signor Benito Mussolini's mediation in the Danzig problem.

Poland, they said, was the sole judge of any eventual modifications in the Free City's status—and if Germany wished to negotiate, she could launch bilateral parleys through commercial delegations. Such groups are to meet in the near future to discuss amelioration of commercial relations between the two countries if Warsaw agrees to resume parleys, as it is now confidently expected to do.

At all events, British quarters attached great significance towards the German initiative in this commercial situation, for the Reich's press has already proposed a definite date, August 10, for the resumption of talks. In this, some quarters see proof that Germany does not wish to precipitate a crisis in Danzig.

Poland had shown a firm attitude in refusing to make any concessions in her reception of Vatican attempts to mediate. Such overtures were categorically rejected, it was said today.

"The Times" Optimistic

The Berlin correspondent of "The Times" expressed optimism today as to the final issue of the Danzig crisis.

"The news of the conversation between Herr Hitler and Gauleiter Foerster, telephoned to Danzig, appears to have had a most heartening effect," the correspondent stated. "It is generally thought here that Herr Foerster, who returned to Danzig yesterday, took with him from Berlin the Fuehrer's plan for a peaceful solution of the Danzig question, a belief which is supported by the marked change of tone of the Danzig press. The aggressive attitude to Poland was greatly modified during the week-end. It has been reliably reported, though not positively confirmed, that officers and men of the S.S. and S.A. have now been granted leave for the first time in some weeks. Both the responsible Germans and those who know not only what they read in the papers profess to believe that the Danzig question, important though it is for the Reich, would never be made the issue of a test of strength—nervous or political—with the Western Powers," the correspondent concluded.—Havas.

Rome Sceptical of Reports

Rome, July 18.

No confirmation of Berlin reports that indirect Anglo-German conversations on Danzig had commenced was forthcoming from either Italian or foreign diplomatic circles here today.

Signor Mussolini was mentioned in the Berlin reports as a possible mediator.

The reports were exaggerated, especially since Anglo-German and not Polish-German conversations were mentioned, the majority of diplomats here believed.—United Press.

(Continued on page 8)

Mysterious Death of American in Hongkong

Hongkong, July 18.

An inquiry into the death of Joseph Howard Campbell, an American, who was found dead under curious circumstances in Kowloon in the early hours of June 11, was opened this afternoon at the Kowloon Magistracy. The case is proceeding.—Reuter.

N.Y.K. Liner Lost; Passengers Saved

American Oil Tanker Effects Great Rescue; Two Officers Killed

San Francisco, July 18.

All passengers and members of the crew of the flaming Bokuyo Maru with the exception of two officers were rescued from almost certain death today by an American oil tanker shortly before the 8,616-ton N.Y.K. South American liner sank some 850 miles east of Tokyo.

A tanker of the Associated Oil Company was the first to reach the burning vessel and the tanker's crew worked valiantly and under great pressure to remove the panic-stricken passengers and the crew, according to reports received by Radio Marine.

The Bokuyo Maru became a raging inferno this morning when flames from hold No. 4 spread rapidly after efforts of the crew to subdue the blaze failed.

The stricken liner, reported to be carrying 219 passengers and a crew of 102, sent out a wireless S.O.S. signal at 6.09 a.m. today and four Japanese vessels were reported to have sped to its assistance.

The American tanker, however, apparently was the first vessel to reach the scene of the blazing Japanese liner. The tanker reported that only two officers had perished in the fire before the Japanese vessel sank, Radio Marine said.

All of the rescued Japanese will be turned over to the first Japanese vessel to be sighted by the tanker for passage to Japan.

Chilean nitrate was believed responsible for the fire which destroyed the Japanese ship. Spontaneous combustion probably caused the outbreak, shipping quarters believed.

In addition to nitrate, the Bokuyo Maru also carried cotton and copper ore. The vessel left Los Angeles on July 2 for Japan after starting her return trip from Valparaiso, Chile, on May 27.—United Press.

Sir Edmund Ironside Welcomed in Warsaw

Staff Talks with Polish Army Chiefs to Begin

Warsaw, July 17.

Coming on a four-day official visit, General Sir Edmund Ironside, Inspector-General of British Overseas Forces, arrived here by special plane from London today.

The former Governor of Gibraltar was accompanied to Warsaw by Lieutenant-Colonel B. J. Kwiecinsky, Polish Military Attache in London. He will meet Marshal Eduard Smigly-Rydz, Inspector-General of Polish Armed Forces, on Tuesday. He is also to confer with General Tadeus Kasprzycki, War Minister; Colonel Josef Beck, Foreign Minister; and General W. Stachiewicz, Chief of Staff. Sir Edmund will attend Polish Army manœuvres and will visit all strategically important points on the Western frontier. He will probably leave on Friday.

Diplomatic quarters today stressed the significance of this visit as Sir Edmund would be the commander of British expeditionary forces should war break on the Continent.—Havas.

How Lieut. Wang Got Three Gold Teeth Told in Hongkong Chinese Circles

Story of Personal Combat with Japanese Officer After Motor Caravan Had Been Ambushed

Hongkong, July 18.

A tale is being told among Chinese military circles in Hongkong of a Hunanese lieutenant and his new gold teeth.

Lieutenant Wang is serving on the Shansi front and early one morning recently he took ten of his men on a routine search party along the highway running through their sector of the Hopei-Shansi-Chahar border.

Suddenly they heard an electric horn echoing through the hills and his party immediately took ambush just as nineteen Japanese military trucks fully loaded with supplies appeared.

Grenades in hand Wang and his party waited.

One, two, three, four Japanese trucks came over the crest of the hill. . . . down came Wang's hand, ordering an attack. . . . a hurricane of hand grenades. . . . everywhere men shouting, running and falling. Five trucks were almost immediately disabled and the rest turned and fled.

Lieutenant Wang was in full control of the situation and after ordering his men to gather the Japanese supplies he spotted an overcoated Japanese officer nearing a sword lying prone beside a truck. Wang approached the fallen man with the intention of disarming him, but the Japanese was far from disabled and leapt to his feet swinging his sword.

The two became locked in a deadly embrace, rolling about the road. The Japanese pinned Wang to the ground. . . . he could not move, but his bearded face was pressed close to Wang's mouth. . . . and Wang bit hard.

The Japanese relaxed his grip and Wang took the opportunity to regain his feet and seizing a rifle he dashed the butt on his enemy's head. The Japanese lay quite still.

Wang opened his mouth and out came three of his teeth embedded in a piece of the Japanese officer's flesh.

His superior officers awarded him a hundred yuan in recognition of his exploit in capturing the Japanese supplies.

Wang invested his prize in some good bridge work when he paid a brief visit to Hongkong recently, and now three new gold teeth flash as he tells his story.—United Press.

President Roosevelt to Try Pressure on Congress

Neutrality Issue May Be Revived Through Pittman Anti-Japanese Measure

Washington, July 17.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, conferred with Congressional leaders at the White House today regarding Neutrality legislation. It is authoritatively stated that no decision was reached, but Senator Alben W. Barkley, New Deal leader, told reporters he believed that Congress would not deliberately adjourn in face of the overwhelming duty to be performed.

This is taken as indicating that President Roosevelt intends to make another move to force the Senate to consider his Neutrality policy. According to the New York "Daily News," the President intends to discuss the question of removing the arms embargo in one of his celebrated fireside chats to the nation later in the week.

Meanwhile, some observers here are taking the line that, under the existing Act, the balance of favour is on the side of the Democracies rather than the Axis.

The argument is that, while in the event of war the ban on the sale of arms would be enforced, Great Britain and France would be able to buy any other supplies. This would not apply to the Axis, it is argued, since the latter has not the money available to pay for purchases.

As it is estimated that 75 per cent. of British and French purchases are likely to be materials other than arms and planes, it is contended that the existing Act will only mean a reduction of 25 per cent. in advantage which the Democracies, in any case, have over the Dictator countries.—Reuter.

Anti-Japanese Measure

The possibility emerged today that, despite previous delays, Senator Key Pittman's "Japanese embargo" resolution might prove a lever whereby reconsideration of Neutrality legislation could be secured.

Senator Guy M. Gillette, Democrat from Iowa, whose vote last week shelved the Neutrality issue in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said today that he favoured an embargo on war materials to Japan. Mr. Gillette's agreement with Senator Pittman on this issue has aroused hopes that he might also change his mind on the Neutrality issue.

At a conference this morning with Congressional leaders, it is understood that, although President Roosevelt was informed of the desire of certain Congress members to adjourn, it was decided to "keep the school in, at least until the Neutrality lesson is learned."

Senator Gillette was one of two Democrats whom President Roosevelt opposed in the last election for their criticism of his domestic policy.—Reuter.

Special Considerations

Washington, July 18.

President Roosevelt and the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, are believed to be opposed to the general principle of an embargo on the sale of American goods to foreign countries, but special considerations might influence a deviation to such a policy as outlined in the Pittman Embargo Bill, Administration quarters told the United Press yesterday.

President Roosevelt's position on this question is not believed to be definitely established, but Mr. Hull has been openly opposed to the embargo principle in letters to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and the chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

President Roosevelt's famous Chicago "quarantine" speech and later statements in which he urged means "short of war" to halt aggressors and treaty violators are regarded as an indication that he is not unalterably opposed to the embargo principle in special instances.

Support of Public Opinion

Some Government quarters believe the President would not be opposed to the Pittman Embargo Bill, aimed against Japan, because of the large number of American protests to Japan charging disregard of the legitimate rights and interests of the United States in China.

If Congress enacts a measure along the lines of the Pittman resolution, it undoubtedly would give the President one of the most powerful diplomatic weapons ever possessed by an American President.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee will begin hearings on a companion bill to the Pittman resolution today. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has not yet set a date for hearings, but it is expected to act this week. Senator Key Pittman, author of the embargo resolution, is chairman of the Senate Committee.

An unofficial poll of the two committees last night indicated that the resolution will not have great difficulty in finding approval if the State Department decides the resolution is legal.—United Press.

W.P.A. Workers Lose Jobs for Striking

New York, July 17.

Two thousand more employees of the Works Progress Administration were discharged today for persevering in their strike for union-scale wages. In the next few days, 2,500 more labourers on public works project will be put out of work to raise the total to 75,000. To fill posts thus left vacant, the W.P.A. is now recruiting new men among the unemployed. Only 42,000 will be taken on to replace the 75,000 men discharged.—Havas.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 5¼d. U.S.$ 10¼c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, July 18.

Steady conditions prevailed in the London silver market today, with quotations remaining unchanged, compared with yesterday.

	July 17	July 18
London spot	16⅜d.	16⅜d.
„ forward	16⅞d.	16⅞d.
„ gold	148/6d.	148/5½d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.6821	$4.6835
One U.S. dollar	51.259d.	51.243d.

—Reuter.

Why Soviet Russia Hesitates

Polish General Tells Of Special Problem; Nazi Aims Denounced

Warsaw, July 17.

A direct accusation of "rape and conquest in Eastern Europe" was levelled at Germany today by a former Premier of Poland, General Wladislaw Sikorski, who also served as Chief of Staff at one time.

"Germany," he warned in a signed article in the "Kurjer Warszawski," "has not renounced her plans of rape and conquest in Eastern Europe because she wishes later to have her hands free in the West."

General Sikorski made his accusation in an analysis of Soviet Russia's present policy in relation to France and Great Britain, and the possible effects of a tripartite mutual aid pact on the Soviet Comintern policy.

He emphasized that the fortification of German Baltic ports was directed mainly at Soviet Russia and he outlined the Baltic nations' position in face of the threat of German hegemony.

"It is forcefully brought home," he wrote, "that a joint barrage of resistance must be set up against the Reich's aggressive designs. Germany's eyes are immutably fixed on the inexhaustible natural riches of Russia. This is a fact that merits close reflection by the Kremlin.

"I do not understand Soviet Russia's hesitations in making negotiations drag with London and Paris, whose fundamental importance to the U.S.S.R. is striking.

Moscow's Special Problems

"Still, I understand that Russia must take a decision weighty with consequences for her future.

"Moscow knows that if it concludes an accord with Paris and London, it will be compelled to break definitely with her policy of Rapallo (treaty which stabilized Soviet-German relations after the Great War) and even renounce Comintern action affecting the Democratic Powers. It is inconceivable that, after signing a pact with France and Britain, Russia would still think of pursuing subversive action against the internal union and military strength of countries allied to herself.

"That is why Moscow is hesitating and thinking things over. Before concluding a pact that will so profoundly influence her foreign policy, and perhaps her home policy, too, M. Stalin would like to see himself assured of advantages to more than compensate for the role that Russia would have to play after signing the agreement," General Sikorski concluded.—Havas.

British Firms Attacked In Tsinan

Jardine's Offices Damaged By Demonstrators

Tsinan, July 18.

Japanese military police yesterday evening prevented a mob of Chinese, estimated at 3,000, from continuing their depredations against British firms on Main Street here after they had broken into the premises of Jardine, Matheson and Company.

Serious damage was prevented at the local branches of the China Import and Export Lumber Company and the Dunlop Rubber Company.

At Jardine, Matheson and Company's offices the rioters destroyed desks and other furniture.

When marching upon the lumber and rubber firms' offices, however, they found the gates to the compounds locked. The intervention of the military police prevented further depredations.—Domei.

More British, French Training Flights

100 French Bombers to Fly Over England

Paris, July 18.

About 100 French bombers are to participate in a training flight over England. The date of the flight is not yet known, but the latest reports suggest that it may be Wednesday.

It is stated that the machines will all be of a modern type, and will include the most recent products of French factories.

Meanwhile, the British authorities are said to be preparing for another flight over France by British bombers. It is estimated that about 1,000 men of the Royal Air Force, including 300 pilots will participate in the next exercise. They will make non-stop flights, but are unlikely to go beyond the southern limits of France.—Reuter.

P. & O. ss. Narkunda Continues Voyage

London, July 18.

The P. & O. liner Narkunda, in which a mysterious explosion occurred on July 16 just after she had tied up in Colombo harbour, has been granted a certificate of seaworthiness, according to an announcement made yesterday by the company. She is resuming her journey from Colombo to Australia this morning.—Reuter.

Shanghai Doctor Braves Wilds To Find Body of Water Expert

Dr. Robertson, Lester Institute Official, Locates Remains of Mr. Bourdrez in Mountains

THE body of Mr. Bourdrez, Dutch water conservancy expert who was drowned in the Kingshakiang River on May 11, was recovered by Dr. R. Cecil Robertson, Head of the Division of Pathological Sciences of the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research in Shanghai, and brought to Kunming by the doctor and his two Chinese assistants, Mr. Yung Gin-sung and Mr. Chang Lih-sing on June 9, the "North-China Daily News" learned yesterday.

It will be recalled that Mr. Bourdrez and Mr. Yun-chow, an official of the South-western Transportation Bureau, left Kunming on April 22 by road for Kingkiangkai in the upper reaches of the Kingshakiang River. From here they sailed down-river in a junk to explore navigation possibilities and when they reached Laochuntung in the Chiaochiahsien District the junk capsized and all were drowned but the boatman.

Dr. Robertson, who is in charge of the British Unit of the League of Nations Epidemic Commission, and who has his headquarters in Kunming, set out into the wild and mountainous country in search of the body of Mr. Bourdrez, who had been a close friend of his. Accompanied by his two Chinese assistants he instituted a hazardous search in the wild country and after ten days succeeded in locating the body of the dead water conservancy expert.

Perilous Return Trip

The body, badly decomposed, was placed in a coffin and the perilous journey back to Kunming in Dr. Robertson's car got underway, a journey which Dr. Robertson himself describes as "terrible." During the latter part of the trip the gear box of the motor car gave out and Mr. Yung managed to jam the cog wheels into low gear with the tyre lever, with the car then in low gear he drove for about 100 miles, all the way to Kunming. Dr. Robertson drove the car for twenty continuous hours over the most dreadful muddy tracks without food.

When the car broke down in the mountains, Mr. Chang performed the amazing feat of walking 72 kilo-metres over rough, mountainous country in ten hours to bring help to the suffering party. They were extricated from their difficulty and proceeded on their way to Kunming, completing what Dr. Robertson termed "an epic of adventure."

Dr. Robertson's unit is conducting epidemiological surveys along the new Kunming-Burma highway. This is part of the work which was in-stigated as a result of collaboration between the League of Nations and the Chinese Government and to which 2,000,000 Swiss francs were voted by the League Assembly. Doctors and engineers are concen-trated on the new Burma road which passes through areas infested with malaria. In an effort to wipe out the dread disease and to make the highway passable during the bad season from June to November, Dr. Robertson and his colleagues are doing splendid work. In addition to his malaria work Dr. Robertson was also conducting research into the goitre trouble in the mountains of Yunnan.

Arrives in Rangoon

Completing a journey, Dr. Robert-son arrived in Rangoon yesterday, with Mr. Yung, after driving over the new highway all the way from Kunming. The doctor announced his arrival at Rangoon in a brief cable to associates here which read "note-worthy automobile journey Yung Robertson." Although several per-sons have motored from Rangoon to Kunming, Dr. Robertson and a few others are the only ones who have completed the trip from Kunming to Rangoon.

Mr. Yung is the assistant to Mr. R. V. Dent in the Division of Scientific Photography in the Lester Institute here and is lauded highly by Dr. Robertson for the part he took in the recovery of the body of the late Mr. Bourdrez. Of him Dr. Robertson says that his "loyalty and devotion. . . to the honour and dignity of the British Unit of the League is above all praise."

Italy Facilitates Tyrol Migration

British Ambassador Discusses Expulsion Of Britons in Area

Rome, July 17.

Sir Percy Loraine, the British Ambassador here, today discussed certain technical aspects of the removal of British subjects from Bolzano province, in South Tyrol, with the Italian Foreign Under-Secretary.

The conversation is stated to have been cordial, from which it is con-cluded that the Italians are showing goodwill and avoiding excessive in-convenience to expelled Britons. The chief question at issue is believed to be the transfer abroad of the proceeds of sale of property.

According to the newspaper "Pic-colo," untrue reports' that German troops are swarming into Italy over the Brenner Pass are responsible for the closing of Bolzano province to foreigners. These reports, it adds, are said to have come from special agents posted in the region to watch the movements of troops.—Reuter.

German Exodus From Tyrol

Rome, July 18.

The transfer of Germans from the southern Tyrol has already been in progress for some time, it is learned here. In view of the special political conditions created by the clear and final delimitation of the frontiers between Germany and Italy, many German peasants are returning to the Reich.

An office for giving aid and advice to intending German migrants was opened at Bolzano ten days ago. The number of German peasant families to be transferred to the Reich is estimated at 20,000, comprising be-tween 80,000 and 100,000 persons. There is an approximately similar number from other professions, and their transfer to Germany will be easily accomplished in view of the labour shortage in the Reich.

The German peasant migrants will mostly be settled in the German Tyrol, Carinthia and Upper Bavaria, that is, in regions of similar Alpine character to the Italian Tyrol.—Trans-Ocean.

Annoying Precedent Feared

Berlin, July 17.

The Germano-Italian accord on repatriation of residents of German origin in Northern Italy might create a troublesome precedent, political quarters here stated today. If Ger-man propaganda should rise against "maltreatment" of minorities in neighbouring countries, these might simply propose the transfer of these minorities to the Reich.—Havas.

Anti-British Drive Intensified

Bitter Posters Appear in Many Japanese Cities; Assistance Denounced

Tokyo, July 18.

Increasingly virulent anti-British sentiments were being expressed in the thousands of posters dotting the Japanese capital, the "Japan Times," English-language daily, said today.

From the negative "Dispense with permanent waves and unhealthy pastimes," the billboards now urge readers to "Attack Britain, Japan's chief obstacle," the newspaper said. Others screamed in bold lettering "Unmask cunning British diplomacy."

The approaches to the British Em-bassy, the "Japan Times" continued, now resembles a poster exhibition with placards and posters scattered about.

With the number of posters in Tokyo estimated at more than 10,000, a general belief that printers were reaping a huge fortune became ap-parent. This impression was hotly contested by an unnamed printer who was quoted by the "Japan Times" as saying: "I am a Japanese. I am behind no man in hating Britain and therefore I don't intend to profit when making anti-British posters."

Chain Letters Also

Chain letters denouncing Britain were also gaining wide circulation, the newspaper stated.

The text of these letters also was showing a change with exhortations of "Attack Britain. Britain is the true enemy of Japan. Drive the British out of East Asia" having re-colony thief. Unmask the big thief that pretends to be a gentleman," the "Japan Times" declared.

Meantime, while books relating to Britain such as "Britain's Invasion of China" gained in popularity, the study of the English language showed a drop. Instead of an expected en-rollment of 300 in a summer session course of English offered by a Uni-versity, only 30 had applied so far, the "Japan Times" quoted school authorities as saying.

Feeling against Britain was parti-cularly strong among those who have lost a member of their family or close friends in the China conflict on the grounds that China's resistance was largely due to British assistance, it was stated.—Domei.

Russian Constable May Recover

Anatole Eglau, constable in the Russian Auxiliary Detachment of the French Police who tried to end his life by shooting himself through the chest with his service pistol Monday afternoon, was still living at a late hour last night and it is believed that he will recover. Eglau attempted to commit suicide at Pontoon No. 2 on the French Bund.

Specials Praised for Valuable Work

Public Spirit, Cheerful Co-operation Stressed

For their splendid work during the Safety First Campaign in Shang-hai and during the anniversary of the Loukouchiao incident, the S.M.P. Specials have received acknowledge-ment from the organizers of the campaign and from Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of Police.

The following are copies of two letters sent by the organizers of the Safety First Campaign and Major Bourne respectively to Mr. R. G. MacDonald, Deputy Commissioner, S.M.P. (Specials):

"I am directed by my Committee to convey to you and the gentlemen serv-ing under your Command their high appreciation and thanks for the assist-ance and guidance given the Committee with respect to the conduct of the campaign. My Committee feel that your sympathetic gesture was entirely in keeping with the public spirit so manifest among the gentlemen of your Force."

Yours faithfully,
(signed) A. PULLEN.
Secretary & Treasurer.

D. C. (Specials),

Please convey to the personnel of your Command my personal thanks, and the thanks of the Regular Force, for the willing and efficient assistance rendered by the "Special on July 6th and 7th, 1939, during the anniversary of the Loukouchiao incident.

The public spirit and cheerful co-operation of all members of the "Specials" is most helpful and encour-aging.

(signed) K. M. BOURNE.
Commissioner of Police.

N. China Strike Moves Stir Interest

London, July 18.

The strike movement in North China which many employees and workers of British firms have joined in, is taken very seriously by British political quarters.

London papers pay a good deal of attention to reports that in addition to the cruiser Cornwall the escort vessel Falmouth has been dispatched to Tsingtao where Chinese employees of the British Consulate have given up their jobs.—Trans-Ocean.

Officers Disagree On Thetis Salvage

Diver Says Trapped Men Were Alive 33 Hours After Dive

London, July 17.

During today's inquiry into the Thetis disaster, Captain Hart, Salvage Officer of the Mersey Harbour Board, described the two attempts to take off one of the covers of the stern.

As the Thetis began to cant slightly after the second attempt, he said, it was considered inadvisable to remove the plates.

He then told of the difference of opinion between himself and Captain Nicholson, Commander of a Destroy-er Flotilla, regarding the best steps to take. Captain Nicholson, accord-ing to Captain Hart, suggested that an attempt be made to raise the Thetis higher in order to cut a hole. He (Captain Hart) replied that he would not agree to this suggestion but would carry it out if Captain Nicholson insisted.

By 3.10 in the afternoon of June 2, he continued, the stern of the Thetis had begun to rise. It then began to cant and swung round faster than before. It began to sink as soon as it turned in line with the tide, and a wire parted.

In the course of today's evidence, it was revealed that the men were still alive 33 hours after the dive. A diver stated that he heard faint tappings at midnight on June 2.—Reuter.

Delay of Telegram

London, July 18.

The Court of Inquiry into the Thetis disaster resumed its session today and heard the evidence sub-mitted by Frederick Orton, diver employed by the Mersey harbour services.

He indicated that the submarine's hatch was covered with cables and steel wires. This might have pre-vented the opening of the escape hatch, he said.

Sir Donald Somerwell, the Attor-ney-General, revealed the results of the investigation opened by the postal authorities into the delay in the dispatch of the first telegram ad-dressed to the Fort Blockhouse in Gosport by Lieutenant Coltary, com-mander of the tug which accom-panied the submarine. In this tele-gram, the Lieutenant wanted to know how long the submarine was to have remained under water. The message was received by the Seaforth wire-less station at 4.56 p.m. and arrived in Gosport at 5.38 p.m. by way of Liverpool, London, and Portsmouth. As it did not mention "H.M.S." (On His Majesty's Service), it was not telephoned to Fort Blockhouse, but sent by messenger. All messengers were out at the time, and the mes-sage reached its destination only be-tween 6.15 and 6.20 p.m.—Havas.

Victimizer of Girls Arrested

Man Who Exploited Female Workers in Court

Charged with cruelty for lucrative purpose, Chao Wen-yuen, a middle-aged Chinese, was brought before the First Special District Court yesterday for trial, but judgment was reserved pending further investigations in which the police might be able to find more victims. In the present case only one girl aged 15 is involved, it being alleged that she is one of more than 20 girls whom Chao asked to come here from the country and obtained most of the income of the girls as factory workers.

It was revealed in court that Chao recently lured many girls from the interior and introduced them to work in factories. He is alleged, however, to have "squeezed" practically all the income of the girls, all under the age of majority, although he has been giving them living quarters and food. It is further alleged that the girls have not been well treated, having not enough food to eat and that some-times they were manhandled when they refused to work during illness.

Recently the conditions became so intolerable that one of the girls named Chu Mei-ying broke loose from Chao and went to the No. 13 wharf along the Bund trying to look for a boat that could carry her to her native district, Taishing. Chao is alleged to have chased her to the Bund and while he was trying to force her to return to his home in Tinghai Road, a constable intervened and the case was referred to the Central police.

The police at first dealt with the case leniently, releasing Chao after having verbally reprimanded him. On Monday, Chao showed up at the police station again with a woman who was supposed to be the sister of the girl, trying to force the fleeing girl to return to his place. The police planned to send the unfortunate girl to a philanthropic body for proper care, but when Chao showed up again they seriously investigated the matter and found out that many girls had been similarly victimized. Hence the prosecution.

Dollar Declines to New Low Level

(Continued from page 7)

sion of sales of sterling by the Anglo-Chinese Stabilization Fund Com-mittee, has caused London business in Chinese dollars virtually to dry up.

The banks here maintain they are not justified in taking the risk of overnight fluctuations by purchasing Chinese dollars in large amounts. Hence, only very small occasional transactions, generally representing the withdrawal of funds from China, are reported.

British holders of such funds generally feel, however, that it is most desirable to leave them in China for the present and hope for eventual improvement in the rate rather than sustain a rather heavy loss in the exchange.

The banks stress their unwillingness to assist bear speculation against the Chinese currency from this end, especially as such action imposes further strain on the resources of the stabilization fund.

Chinese and British financiers here are mostly mystified, though it is generally admitted that the Chinese dollar must be allowed to find its own level.

What such a level is, however, is a matter for speculation. It will largely depend on the political and economic course of the "China Incident."—Reuter.

Soviets Return Tokyo "Ultimatum" Unread

Moscow, July 17.

The Soviet has refused to consider the Japanese Note of July 16 protesting against the fines imposed on Japanese petroleum firms operating in northern Saghalien, the Foreign Office announced in a com-muniqué today.

"The Japanese Note contested the decisions of Soviet courts regarding unlawful actions by Japanese concessionaries at Saghalien," the communiqué said. "The Japanese Ambassa-dor demanded an answer not later than July 18. Therefore since the Note continues threats and is in the nature of an ultimatum, it is impossible to accept and we return it with-out considering it," the com-muniqué added.

Japanese firms were recently fined by Soviet courts because of alleged violation of labour contracts signed with Russian workers.—United Press.

U.S. Informed of Tokyo Conversations

(Continued from page 7)

Tokyo negotiations. They indicated that a summary of Saturday's con-versations between the British Am-bassador and the Japanese Foreign Minister had already been conveyed to Washington.—United Press.

Evacuation Hinted

London, July 18.

That England might temporarily evacuate the Concession in Tientsin is being hinted at by the "Daily Telegraph" today. A plan of this nature, the paper declares, is being considered by the British Government.

The deliberations of the Cabinet, the "Daily Telegraph" adds, had taken this direction in connection with the question of a more effective assistance to Chiang Kai-shek.—Trans-Ocean.

Diet Session Wanted

Tokyo, July 17.

The Executive Committee of the Social Masses Party, third largest party in the legislature, today petitioned Baron Hiranuma, the Pre-mier, to summon a special session of the Diet in connection with the Anglo-Japanese negotiations in Tokyo.

These negotiations, the petition said, are an extraordinary event aiming at a new order in East Asia, and that consequently it was neces-sary to explain Japanese policy clearly and unambiguously before the entire world and to increase the power of national unity by all pos-sible means.—Trans-Ocean.

Chungking Pessimistic

Chungking, July 17.

The Chinese press here displays considerable pessimism regarding the propects of being able to confine the Tokyo negotiations to the question of the blockade of Tientsin.

The Japanese are firmly persuaded, the papers state, that Great Britain prefers compromise and temporary security to a decisive contest over the stake represented by the British position in the Far East.

Sketching in this connection the history of the past century, the press declares that if the Tokyo parleys break down, British hostility against Japan will be much stronger than was British hostility toward China at the time of the Boxer Rebellion, while at the same time the assistance which Britain would be prepared to render China would be far more effective than British assistance to Japan during the period of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

However, even should a temporary agreement be reached in Tokyo, the position of China in the present war would not be affected, the papers believe, for China's power of resist-ance does not depend on third Powers, but on "the blood and sacrifice of the entire Chinese people."—Trans-Ocean.

Differences Disclosed

Paris, July 17.

Considerable pessimism regarding the prospects of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations in Tokyo is expressed by the newspaper "Le Temps" this even-ing. While supporting the British position and criticizing Japanese policy, the paper points out that the parleys have opened in a stormy atmosphere and that they have al-ready disclosed fundamental differ-ences of principle.

Referring to Japan's anti-British campaign, the paper declares that Japan could not act differently if she were openly and deliberately trying to abort the negotiations and to create a war psychosis.—Trans-Ocean.

French Police Announce Promotions

The following promotions in the European Personnel of the French Police, announced by the French Consul-General on July 14, were revealed by the French authorities last night. Sous-Directeur Adjoint Valentin was promoted to Sous-Directeur, while Chief Inspectors Moret and Delorme were promoted to the rank of Sous-Directeur Adjoint. Inspectors Berthier and Emelianoff were made Chief Inspectors. The following were promoted to Inspectors from Sub-Inspectors: Franchi, Bouch-acourt, Maron, Marengo, Maffre and Bouffandeau. The following Chief Sergeants were promoted to Sub-Inspectors: Toulouse, Collo, Brunet Lavigne and Martin. The following Sergeants were promoted to Chief Sergeants: Arnoult, Darrieulat and de Henaut.

Chinese Woman Killed

The body of a young Chinese woman aged about 20 years was found on a vacant lot at the corner of Rue Maresca and Rue Pete Hué at 7 a.m. yesterday The victim was found lying on her back with a cotton cord knotted around her throat. She had been strangled to death and several knife wounds, none of which were fatal, were found on her body. She had been stabbed in the chin and at the corner of the lips. A knife, which bore no traces of blood, was planted in the ground near the corpse. The French police revealed that she had died at midnight. Her body has not been identified as yet.

Chinese Recapture Chaochow

Important Success Claimed On Swatow Railway; Forces Active on Many Fronts

Chungking, July 18.

Chinese troops recaptured Chao-chow, northern terminus of the Swatow-Chaochow Railway, yester-day morning, according to a Chinese military message received here from the front today.

The messages claims that follow-ing attacks on Japanese positions all along the Swatow-Chaochow Railway, Chinese troops launched an attack on Chaochow on the night of July 16.

"By midnight," the message states, "Chinese troops reached the city wall from three directions, thus complet-ing the encirclement of the town.

"The Japanese garrison resisted the Chinese attacks from behind strong defence works, submitting the at-tackers to heavy artillery fire. At 5 o'clock, shortly after dawn yesterday, however, the Chinese troops fought their way into the city via the northern gate.

"Street fighting then ensued, where-upon Chinese plain-clothesmen started several fires inside the city, and joined in the combat.

"The Japanese troops withdrew via the southern gate, but were ambush-ed by other Chinese units at the outskirts of the city."—Reuter.

Thousand Japanese Casualties

The Chinese claim that the Japan-ese lost over 1,000 killed and wound-ed in the battle. Remnants of Japan-ese troops are said to be withdrawing to the south towards Swatow, along the railway.

The Chinese message adds that Chinese troops are at present ad-vancing to the south along the rail-way, closely behind the retreating Japanese.

Chinese troops are said to have launched attacks on Japanese posi-tions along the Swatow-Chaochow Railway a week ago, occupying sev-eral strategic points along the rail-way, including Anpu, Topu, Peng-chow, Lunghu, Fuyang and Fenghsi, on July 14 and 15.

On the night of July 16, according to the Chinese message, Chinese troops advanced towards Chaochow from the south.

"With the Chinese flag again waving above Chaochow," the Chinese mes-sage concludes, "other Japanese de-tachments have been surrounded in the vicinity of Kingsham and Lushan, where severe fighting is still in pro-gress."—Reuter.

Floods Hamper Movements

Peiping, July 18.

Japanese military traffic to and from Shansi is badly affected by floods resulting from recent heavy rains throughout North China.

The Peiping-Hankow Railway is badly affected, and all through traffic is stopped and is unlikely to resume during the next fortnight.

Between Paotingfu and Shihchia-chwang, the railway is under water at several points, while at Liang-hsiang, between Paoting and Peiping, the track has suffered badly, and the railway bridge over Chumaho is reported to have been destroyed by the flood.

Another bridge north of Tinghsien has also been destroyed, while one-third of Tinghsien city is under water.

Hsincheng, near Koopeitien, is reported to be under six feet of water. No less than 7,000 houses are in-undated, and 60,000 people homeless. This disaster is the result of a breach of the dyke of the Yungting River near Lianghsiang.

The Japanese are said to be trying to carry on minor troop movements by relays of trains, with boats ferry-ing men across the flooded areas.—Reuter.

Chinese Forces Active

Chungking, July 18.

Considerable Chinese troop activity is reported in Chinese dispatches received here today.

Chinese troops on the night of July 11, they declare, attacked the Japan-ese troops stationed on the south-eastern outskirts of Paoting, in Hopei.

The Japanese are said then to have withdrawn into the city, closing the city gates. The following morning, they add, the Chinese troops with-drew.

Other Chinese units are said to be "extremely active" west of Peiping, raiding the Japanese positions in the vicinity of Tzehsien and Shihtze-taokou.

At the same time, Chinese troops near the Hupeh-Hunan border are reported to have recaptured Tung-shan.

Chinese van-guards, the dispatches continue, are presently approaching Yanglousze.

In north Shantung, they conclude, fighting is going on at Yuchen, where the Japanese garrison "has withdrawn within the city walls."—Reuter.

Japanese Advance in Shansi

Chungking, July 18.

Desperate fighting was reported yesterday from Shansi province where the Japanese are said to be converg-ing on the three neighbouring towns of Changtse, Changchi and Kaping.

The Japanese, it is reported, were employing five to six thousand men in this offensve which was proceed-ing in altogether nine different direc-tions. Some of the Japanese columns, the Chinese reports add, are meet-ing with stubborn resistance which is inflicting considerable casualties, while others had admittedly reached Changchi already, where heavy street fighting was in progress, and were approaching the outskirts of Chang-tse. In the latter town, however, the Chinese garrison is declared here to be in a position to hold out for a considerable time.—Trans-Ocean.

Kiangsi City Falls

Nanchang, July 18.

Three Japanese detachments early this morning launched an attack on Hoshanlitsun, 40 kilometres south of Nanchang in northern Kiangsi, and captured the town at 5.30 o'clock after routing stragglers of the 40th Division.

Co-operating with ground forces, naval aircraft raided surrounding districts. The Chinese left 150 dead when they retreated.—Domei.

Japanese naval aircraft co-operating with army forces blew up Chinese bases south of Sintsunhsu in northern Kiangsi on Monday, the headquarters of the Japanese China Sea Fleet an-nounced in a communique issued at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Fuehrer May End Danzig Issue Negotiations

(Continued from page 7)

London, July 18.

A British Government spokesman last night denied the Berlin report of negotiations between Germany and Britain for a peaceful settlement of the Danzig crisis. He said Britain was not participating in any attempt to mediate in the Danzig problem.—United Press.

Poland Would Fight Alone

Paris, July 18.

Poland will resist by force of arms, if necessary without British or French aid, any attempt at an ansch-luss between the Reich and Danzig, Marshal Eduard Rydz-Smigly de-clared in an interview published today in the semi-official "Petit Parisien."

The Marshal emphasizes once again that Danzig is vital to Polish interests, thereby contradicting rumours in the British press that Poland is secretly negotiating with Germany with a view to arriving at an understanding on the Danzig problem.—Trans-Ocean.

Chinese Forces Near Shanghai

Nantao Denuded of Japanese Troops in Emergency

It is now reported that part of the Fourth Route Army, a communist army which Chungking sent to the eastern front to fight the Japanese, has reached the western outskirts of Shanghai. They are said to be con-centrated in villages around Tsingpu and also along the Shanghai-Minghong Highway. About 600 guerillas who are not officially commissioned by Chungking are said to have been absorbed by the army.

The evening edition of the "Sin Wan Pao" stated that yesterday morn-ing not a single Japanese soldier could be seen in Nantao, all having been mobilized at an unnamed place. Up till noon yesterday no replacements came and so the native city was guarded only by unarmed Chinese policemen.

Other Chinese evening reports indicated that the Japanese had not been successful in their attack in Chekiang. During the past few days they sent 'planes to visit various Chekiang districts but there were no large military operations, showing that they aimed at disturbing rather than attacking, it was stated. Ashes of bodies of about 2,000 Japanese officers and men were reported to have been sent here yesterday aboard a hospital ship.

Guerillas recently attacked Hung-chengkiao near Hangchow and they once succeeded in planting a Kuo-mintang flag there, one evening re-port said. The guerillas, however, retreated, but further attacks were being planned. The long distance telephone between Shanghai and Hangchow which was recently re-ported to have been seriously damaged had not yet been restored, it was asserted.

More Extra Funds Put On British Budget

Civil Service Needs to Require £19,500,000

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 18.

A total of about £19,500,000 is pro-vided in a supplementary estimate for civil service, the largest item being about £10,000,000 for an emer-gency hospital, evacuation and other services.

Other sums required are Air-Raid Precaution Services £5,300,000; Czechoslovakia Refugee Trust Fund, £2,500,000; Secret Service £200,000; With today's figures, the sums pro-vided by supplementary estimates so far total about £34,500,000.

An interesting item included on the Government's emergency medical plans is a sum of £21,000 for expenses of the bacteriological service for combating infectious disease in the event of war.

The gross total for the Air-raid Precaution Services is actually about £17,000,000, but as there are ap-propriations in aid of £12,000,000, the net figure is £5,300,000.—Reuter.

More King-Hall News Letters Enter Reich

German Authorities Much Annoyed, May Protest

Berlin, July 18.

According to official circles, a third batch of letters from the British political writer Commander Stephen King-Hall, have arrived in Germany, causing considerable indignation among the authorities who were contemplating a demarche to London on the matter, in the event of a recurrence of what they term "a deliberate and unprovoked attempt by semi-official British quarters to turn the German people aside from their leaders."—Havas.

Rated the largest and most difficult construction job to be undertaken at Paramount studio this year, plans were completed recently for the twenty-odd sets required for the film-ing of "Ruler of the Seas," forth-coming Frank Lloyd production featuring Douglas Fairbanks, jun., Will Fyffe and Margaret Lockwood.

Just arrived ex ss. Gneisenau!

The famous
VIOLA
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On sale at all provision dealers and at

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662 Avenue Joffre, Tel. 72512

Jews Call Strike In Palestine

Move in Protest to Ban on Immigration; Incidents Continue

Jerusalem, July 18.

A general stoppage of work, trade and traffic from 2 p.m. to midnight today has been proclaimed by the Jewish National Council as a protest against the proposed action of the British Government in suspending Jewish immigration into Palestine for six months from October 1.

The British decision was condemned on Sunday at an emergency confer-ence of the Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland held in London.—Reuter.

Minor Incidents Continue

Jerusalem, July 17.

A total of nine persons were in-jured yesterday in a series of minor incidents throughout Palestine. Some 30 Arab rebels staged a raid on an Arab village near Gazza and wounded two of the villagers and carried off five others as hostages. The attack was carried out as punishment for the village's recent action in permit-ting Jews to create a colony at Negueb.

In the Tel Aviv region, clashes oc-curred between labourers belonging to the Jewish Trade Union Organiza-tion and others belonging to the Revi-sionist Party.—Havas.

German Refugee Problem

London, July 17.

Progress in the settlement of the German Jewish refugee problem was foreseen in informed quarters today after a long lull on this front of international affairs.

Following latest exchanges of views, there is understood to be a plan afoot for the establishment of small industries, non-competitive with national industries, in certain coun-tries such as the Dominican Republic and Cuba. These countries could thus absorb a number of Jewish re-fugees more suited to industrial than agricultural labour.

Theoretically, the Reich does not at present negotiate with the Refugee Committee established here and has only agreed to "keep the Committee informed" of its intentions respecting Jewish emigration. It was learned, however, that the Reich would be ready to furnish equipment for the establishment of the projected indus-tries to facilitate emigration.

The Evian Refugee Committee will probably be informed of the whole situation when it holds its plenary meeting on Wednesday.—Havas.

Protect Your Child From Summer Ills

Keep your little ones' internal organs clean and in good working order, to avoid summer ills. As a cleansing medicine for children there is nothing to surpass Baby's Own Tablets.

The Tablets, which are mildly laxative, are the prescription of a British doctor who specialised in children's ailments, and they are guaranteed absolutely pure and free from narcotics, opiates and other harmful drugs.

This ideal children's medicine has enjoyed an ever increasing reputa-tion during the past forty years, and thousands of grateful parents in many parts of the world have testified to their efficacy in the cor-rection of children's minor health troubles.

Disorders of the stomach and bowels, diarrhoea, constipation are best treated with a dose or two of Baby's Own Tablets, which are equally good for croup and chills. During the teething period, too, and for the child troubled with worms, there is no better or speedier remedy. From all chemists.

Will of Late Mr. P. J. Todd Probated

The last will and testament of the late Mr. Paul Jerome Todd, former resident of Canton, was admitted to probate in the United States Court for China yesterday morning by Judge Milton J. Helmick. Mr. M. Wiener of Rodger and Wiener ap-peared for the petitioner.

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Leo Itkis and His Orchestra
with Floor Show

PARK HOTEL
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K1

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 5⅛	$ 43.64
U.S. $100 @ 10⅛	$935.62

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 5⅜	$ 43.14
U.S. $100 @ 10⅛	$918.56
London—demand	5/9
4 months' sight credits	5/9
4 months' sight docts	5/8
6 months' sight credits	5/7
6 months' sight docts	5/6
New York—demand U.S.	$10⅛
4 months' sight credits	10⅛
4 months' sight docts	11

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling	5⅛	U.S.	$10⅛
Hongkong/London			1/2⅜

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 10	$1,000.00
Hongkong $34⅝	$100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders	Buying	18¾*
Java Guilders	"	18¾*
Netherlands Guilders	Selling	18⅞*
Java Guilders	"	18⅞*

*—Nominal.

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying	U.S.$100=$ 930.252	£1=	$43.636
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,000.00	£1=	$46.8293

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas	0.75=$1	Belgas	27.46=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.85=$1		Swiss Frs. 0.43¼=$1	
Tourist Lire 2.10½			$1

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	5⅛	5⅛
U.S. G.$	10¾	10
Yen	—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
Cash		July
£ T.T.	5¼	4 m/s. l.c. 5⅛
G.$ T.T.	10⅛	4 m/s. l.c. 10⅜
Fcs. T.T.	398	4 m/s. 396
Rs. T.T.	29⅛	15 d/s. 29⅛

BAR SILVER

	CASH	READY FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	16⅜	16⅜
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34⅜	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	45.10	—

Bombay offtake 150 bars.

London silver was ⅛ down for ready and ⅛ down forward, being 16¾ for ready and 16⅞ forward. New York was unchanged at 34⅜ and Bombay was 9 annas down at 45.10.

It was reported speculators sold. There was a little Indian support. Buyers were satisfied. Market quiet. After the official fixing there were Indian offering which were subsequently counter-balanced by a general demand, believed largely to represent bear covering. The market ruled quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 5½ sterling and 10⅛ U.S.$ (Nominal).

The Interbank market was completely disorganized by the announcement at 9 a.m. that the Control would not sell sterling at 6 cash and in fact did not sell at any rate throughout the day. For some considerable time there was no market and ultimately a small amount was done at 5d. Cash. Later rates fluctuated between 5d. and 5 finally closing with sellers at:—

5¼ sterling	10¼	U.S.$	Cash
5⅛ "	10	"	July
4⅞ "	9½	"	Aug. (uncertain)

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:			July 17.
Japan	78¾	London	1/5⅞
New York	286⅞	2 mths	
Shanghai	38½	" (sellers)	1/5⅞
Hongkong	84¾	" (buyers)	1/5⅝
London £ Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	468.18	Shanghai	6 1/16d N
Paris	176.71	Bombay	1/5⅜
Berlin	11.66½	Hongkong	1/2⅛
Amsterdam	8.77⅝	Singapore	2/4⅛
Brussels	27.56	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	42.25	" (buying)	Unq.
Milan	89.02	C'slovakia	136.62
Berne	20.77¼		
New York U.S.$ T. T. on:			
Berlin	40.12	Japan	27.31
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	13.00
Holland	53.37½	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.65	C'slovakia	Unq.
Brussels	16.99½	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26¼	Rumania	0.72
S'zerland	22.54½	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24.12	Greece	0.85⅞
Norway	23.53	Bulgaria	1.20
Denmark	20.90½	Finland	2.07
Montreal	99.885	Poland	18.84
Brazil	5.10		
London			4.68¼
" Demand			4.68¼
" Bankers' 60 days bills			4.67⅝
" Commercial 60 days bills			4.67⅝
Buenos Aires Paper			29.65
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate			23.15
Montreal on London			4.68¾

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		July 17.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0⅛%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		0½%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B 0⅝%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0½%B 0½%A
Call Money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

July 18.	Bid a.m. Closing	Prices p.m. Closing
Antamok	.19	.195
Atok	.19	.21
Balatoc	7.00	7.00
Batong Buhay	.011	.012
Benguet Consolidated	10.30	10.30
Big Wedge	.205	.19
Coco Grove	.225	.225
Demonstration	.085	.09
I X L	.43	.43
Masbate	.105	.11
North Camarines	.23	.235
Sam Mauricio	.91	.93
Surigao Consol., Com.	.205	.205
Surigao Con. Voting T.	.20	.20
Suyoc	.125	.129
United Paracale	.405	.415

Turnover 224,000 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Closing prices) 79.86.—Reuter.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, July 17.

The friendly tendency continued today on the sharemarket although there were hardly any turnovers. Buderus rose by 1.25 to 91.875, Continental Rubber by 1 to 212, Hansa Steam by 1.25 to 98.75. Silesian Gas lost 2.5 to 102.25. Call money went down ⅛ to 2.375—2.5 per cent.—Trans-Ocean.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Our market which had been dormant for some time sprang to sudden life on the drop of exchange to the region of 5d. All prices were marked up sharply.

Ewos opened at 19 and were quickly rushed up to 21, mainly on covering by unlucky shorts. Thence the market reacted to 19.30 at which price there were good buyers at the close.

Movements in the principal stocks were as follows:—

	Opening	Closing
Trams	41	42¼
New Engines	8	8½
Anglo-Javas	18.90	19.30
Tanah Merah	2.20	2.25

In the Rubber section the advance was further assisted by the rise of 20 points in New York futures and indication that speculators in the raw commodity were again entering the market, encouraged by the strong statistical position and the rise in Wall Street.

Official Averages

1939 High	Low		Today's Averages	Change
176.65	105.32	General	159.84	—4.32
178.86	95.55	Rubbers	163.44	—7.53

Total 162,763 shares, 420 bonds.

Morning Session

$42,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 82.00
$2,000	Central Prop. 5½% Debs.	84.00
300	Int. Assurance	10.70
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.00
500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.45
5,500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.50
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	8.55
500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.60
3,600	New Eng. (Ord)	8.75
500	New Eng. (Ord)	8.60
25	S. & H. Wharf	230.00
100	Wheelock	36.50
100	Wheelock	36.00
100	Wheelock	35.50
2,000	S'hai Telephone	12.80
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.00
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.25
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	41.50
600	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.00
300	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.50
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	43.00
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.75
900	Tram (Bearer) £1	43.00
900	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.75
10	S. W. W. "A" £20	660.00
10	S. W. W. "A" £20	660.00
500	Kaiping	32.00
100	Kaiping	33.00
200	Kaiping	34.50
100	Kaiping	34.25
10	S'hai Power (Ord)	121.50
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.00
1,300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.50
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.80
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.80
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.00
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
400	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.70
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.80
1,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.10
1,800	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.20
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.10
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
8	H. & S. Bank	Hk.$1,330.00
100	Tung Yih	$ 43.00
100	Anglo Dutch	11.50
200	Anglo Dutch	12.00
500	Anglo Java	18.90
300	Anglo Java	19.50
100	Anglo Java	19.80
1,900	Anglo Java	19.50
100	Anglo Java	19.20
300	Anglo Java	19.30
1,000	Batu Anam	1.01
7,000	Bute	6.00
3,000	Chemor	1.50
10,000	Cheng	0.48
500	Consolidated	5.10
1,000	Consolidated	5.15
2,000	Consolidated	5.05
2,000	Consolidated	5.00
500	Dominion	6.60
3,000	Java Consolidated	3.25
3,000	Kota	3.50
1,000	Kroewoek	1.42
1,000	Kroewoek	1.50
2,000	Kroewoek	1.49
3,000	Kroewoek	1.50
1,000	Kroewoek	1.45
100	Langkat	12.40
1,000	Rubber Trust	5.50
1,000	Rubber Trust	5.80
500	Rubber Trust	6.05
18,000	RubberTrust	6.00
2,000	Rubber Trust	6.10
1,500	Rubber Trust	6.00
500	Rubber Trust	5.90
1,000	Senawang	1.05
1,000	Kelantan	0.42
3,000	Kelantan	0.43
1,000	Seremban	1.80
1,000	Sungala	5.70
1,000	Tanah Merah	2.20
2,000	Tanah Merah	2.17½
2,000	Tanah Merah	2.30
6,000	Tanah Merah	2.35
2,000	Tanah Merah	2.30
3,000	Tanah Merah	2.25
1,000	Tebong	1.05

ODD LOTS

200	Rubber Trust	$ 5.55
2	S. W. W. "A" £20	662.50
50	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
300	New Eng. (Ord)	8.40
50	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.30
50	Tram (Bearer) £1	43.00

*—Outport Business.

Afternoon Session

$8,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 81.75
6	H. & S. Bank	Hk.$1,330.00
12	Union Insurance	400.00
500	New Eng. (Ord)	$ 8.50
100	S'hai Telephone	13.00
220	S'hai Telephone	12.90
400	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.75
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.50
1,000	Tram (Bearer) £1	42.25
20	S. W. W. "A" £20	690.00
1,000	Metal	5.70
200	Kaiping	34.00
500	Exploration	6.30
1,500	Exploration	6.20
30	S'hai Power (Pref)	121.50
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.70
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.60
1,100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
200	Anglo Dutch	12.00
500	Anglo Dutch	12.20
100	Anglo Dutch	12.00
300	Anglo Java	19.30
1,000	Consolidated	5.00
3,000	Java Consolidated	3.20
1,000	Kota	3.25
1,000	Kota	3.20
1,000	Kota	3.15
8,000	Koat	3.10
1,000	Kroewoek	1.42
200	Langkat	12.10
1,000	Kedah	5.70
5,000	Kelantan	0.42
5,000	Tanah Merah	2.25
1,000	Tebong	1.06
3,000	Tebong	1.05

ODD LOTS

200	S'hai Land	$ 9.05
500	Kota	3.07½
60	Langkat	11.90
250	Cathay Land	1.20
50	Ziangbe	14.30

Wall Street Decline Stopped

New York, July 17.

Wall Street today registered the first real break in the slow decline which has persisted since the seizure of Czechoslovakia in March. Gains ranged from $1 to $9 per share, and the turnover exceeded 1,500,000 shares.—Reuter.

U.S. Silver Purchase Price Unchanged

Washington, July 17.

The U.S. Treasury announced today that its purchase price of foreign silver remained unchanged at 35 cents the ounce.—Havas.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, July 17.

In generally quiet markets international issues were the brightest feature on the London Stock Exchange today, advancing in sympathy with the strength of Wall Street. British gilt edged securities eased, whilst elsewhere movements were narrow, apart from Czechoslovakian bonds which again rose sharply.—Reuter.

	July 14	17
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£93¼	92⅞

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	30	29¾
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	35	34
	Osaka, July 18.	
Kogo 5%		Y.104.70

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	17/3	17/3
Armstrong Stevens	5/9	5/9
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	39/9	39/6
Austin Motors, ord.	28/9	28/9
Bristol Aeroplane	20/-	19/-*
British American Tob.	93/1½	91/10½
Cable & W., new form	50	50¼
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/-	7/-
Courtaulds	28/3	28/1*
Distillers	94/3	94/3
Dunlop Rubber	26/4½	26/4½
General Elec. (Eng.)	74/-	74/-
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	104/-	104/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	17/-	16/9
Imp. Chem. Indus.	28/4½	28/3
Imp. Tobacco	128/9	128/1½
Leyland Motors	90/-	90/-
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	57/4½	57/4½
Pressed Steel, com.	18/-	18/1½
Rolls-Royce	103/9	102/6
Smethwick Drop Forgings	14/9	14/9
Tate & Lyle	62/1½	62/4½
Turner & Newall	77/4½	77/7½
United Steel	22/10½	23/-
Vickers, ord.	18/3	18/4½
Woolworths	64/-	64/-

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	22/-	21/9
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	26/6	26/6

MINES

Burma Corp.	7/3	7/4½
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invest.	14/-	14/6
Randfontein Ests.	36/9	36/3
Sub-Nigel	207/6	207/6
Tanami Gold Min.	4½d	4½d
Western Holdings	11/6	11/-

OILS

Anglo Iranian	72/6	72/6
Burmah	70/7½	70/7½
Mexican Eagle	7/7½	7/7½
Shell Trans. & Trad.	82/6	82/6

XD—Ex dividend.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£42	40
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	40	37
4½% Anglo-French Loan	40	37
5% Crisp Loan, 1913	21½	21½
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	32	30
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	12	12
" Honan Rly.	12	12
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	15	15
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	17	15
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	12	12
" " G.	12	12
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	12	12
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	12	12
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	14	14
S'hai Elec. Construction	22/6 N	22/6 N.
S'hai Waterwork "A"	19½ N	19½ N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	26⅞ N	26⅞ N
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	7¼	7¼
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	78½	77½
" " (Col. Reg.)	81	80
Chinese Eng. & Min.	17/6	17/6
Chosen Corp.	4/9	4/9
Pekin Syndicate	1/9 N	1/9 N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/10½	16/10½

N—Nominal.

New York Market Makes Big Advance

New York, July 17.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange advanced from one to more than six points today to carry the market to the best general levels in four months. Many issues hit new highs for the year as a result of encouraging domestic news and decreasing foreign tension.

Traders ignored domestic labour troubles and the uncertain situation in the Orient as speculative interest returned for the first time in weeks.

The Bureau of Agricultural report which predicted further business gains in the third quarter indicated business generally has been better than even the most optimistic predictions.

Wall Street hears that the bulk of floor traders' orders the last few days were confined to U.S. Rubber, U.S. Steel, Chrysler and General Motors. Sears Roebuck met good investment buying recently. Most experts anticipate a further extension of the current advance but few expect a substantial increase in volume. National Steel's second quarter operations were profitable but were below the first quarter.

The New York Stock Exchange has embarked on a programme to restore interest in the security markets throughout the nation and revive the flow of private capital into productive channels, indicating that the Exchange is finally convinced that it must make an individual effort to prevent a possible breakdown of one of the main arteries of the American financial system.

The Exchange appointed a "Public Examining Board" to study the question of brokerage banks and related aspects of business. The Exchange also has appointed Elmo Roper, marketing expert, to make a national survey of public opinion concerning the Exchange and its policies.

Favourable market factors today included:

1. Lessening of European tension.
2. The rise of steel operations to a new high for the year.
3. Prospects of good business in the third quarter.
4. Indications that carloadings rose last week.

Among the unfavourable factors were these:

1. The labour situation.
2. The situation in the Orient.
3. The sharp drop in automobile sales in July as compared with good sales in June.
4. The demand for neutrality regislation revision creates uncertainties.—United Press.

U.S. Steel Mill Operations

New York, July 17.

The American Iron and Steel Institute, in its weekly report, places steel mill activity for the week commencing July 17, at 56.4 per cent. of capacity. This represents a gain of 6.7 per cent. over the previous week and of 20.0 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year.—Reuter.

U.S. "Creditor Position" Declines

New York, July 18.

The "creditor position" of the United States at the end of 1938, excluding war debts, showed a decline of 16 per cent. as compared with the previous year.

This decline was due to a substantial increase in foreign long-term and short-term investments in America, as well as slightly lower American investments abroad.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 17.

Wall Street today registered the first real break in the slow decline which has persisted since the seizure of Czechoslovakia in March. Gains ranged from fractions to 4 points under heavy buying, as opinion leaned to the idea that the domestic business outlook is much brighter than the markets themselves, being accentuated by the surprising increase in steel mill activity. Meanwhile, the belief is held that some traders, who have been holding off, awaiting clarification of domestic and foreign uncertainties, are re-entering the market. A few issues advanced from 6 to 9 points on a fresh buying wave which swept the entire list. Moderate profit taking on the upswing readily absorbed, with the list finishing around the day's best levels, trading was the largest recorded in more than four months amounting to 1,750,000 shares, while the ticker lagged about four minutes behind in late dealing. The advance was featured by a very active demand for heavy industrials, in view of many bullish factors, including: firstly, the unexpected large jump in steel mill activity; secondly, the continued quiet prevailing in the foreign situation; thirdly, last week's strong stand by Congress against the "New Deal" on the Neutrality Measure and the TVA legislation; and, fourthly, more encouraging business reports.—Reuter

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	143.20	138.48	142.58	+4.70
20 Rails	29.21	27.89	29.14	+1.65
15 Utilities	25.70	24.80	25.55	+0.83
40 Bonds	—	—	89.75	+0.35
11 Commod.	—	—	48.63	—

	July 15	17
Adams Express	—	8¼
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	16⅜	18⅜
Allied Stores	B 8⅞	9⅝
Allis Chalmers	33¾	36¼
Aluminium Ltd.	B 126½	129¼
Amerada Corp.	—	64½
Amer. Can	96¼	98
Amer. & For. Power	2¼	2¼
" $7 pfd.	19½	20½
Amer. Gas & Elec.	36⅝	39
Amer. Locomotive	17½	19
Amer. Metal	B 29½	31¼
Amer. Radiator	12¼	12⅝
Amer. Rolling Mill	13⅞	14⅞
Amer. Smelting	43¾	46¾
Amer. Sugar Refining	—	47
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	165½	167½
Amer. Tobacco "B"	—	84¾
Amer. Waterworks	9¾	10¼
Anaconda Copper	25⅜	27⅛
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	27½	29⅞
Auburn	—	—
Baltimore & Ohio	4⅝	5¼
Barber Asphalt Corp.	B 12⅞	14⅛
Barnsdall Oil Co.	—	14¼
Bendix Aviation	23⅞	25⅝
Bethlehem Steel	56	59½
Bliss (E.W.)	B 9¾	10½
Boeing Airplane	23¼	24¼
Borg Warner	23½	25½
Briggs Mfg. Co.	21⅝	23½
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	12⅛	12½
" $6 cum. pfd.	40¾	41⅜
Can. Pacific Rly.	4	4¼
Case, J.I.	—	79
Celanese Corp.	23¾	25⅛
Chase Nat. Bank	B 32½	B 33
Chesapeake & Ohio	33⅞	36¾
Chrysler	75½	82
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	B 81	81
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6⅛	6¾
" 6% "A" pfd.	B 88	87½
Coml. Credit	46¾	49
Comm. & Southern	1⅜	1⅝
" $6 cum. pfd.	65¾	67⅝
Consolid. Edison	31½	32⅜
Consolid. Oil	7⅝	7⅝
Continental Can	B 37¾	39¼
Continental Oil	21	22¼
Corn Products	60½	61½
Curtiss Wright (com.)	5¼	5⅜
" "A"	25⅛	25¾
Deere & Co.	B 19½	20¾
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	18¼	18½
Douglas Aircraft	68½	71¾
Du Pont de Nemours	149¾	157
Eagle Picher Lead	9	9½
Eaton Manufacturing Co.	25¼	26¾
Elec. Auto Lite	33⅛	36¼
Elec. Bond & Share	8	8⅞
" $5 pfd.	—	58
" $6 pfd.	B 66	67
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	26½	28⅝
Flintkote	20⅝	22
Food Machinery Corp.	B 31½	32½
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	B 49¼	51¾
Gen. Elec.	36½	38¼
Gen. Motors	45½	47⅜
Gen. Rly. Signal	B 16¾	18
Gen. Tire & Rubber	23¾	25½
Glidden Co.	17¼	18⅜
Goodrich (B.F.)	18	19¾
" $5 pfd.	—	69
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	28	31¼
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	B 14½	14⅞
Great Nthrn. Rly.	23	26⅞
Great Western Sugar	—	25½
Greyhound Corp.	18¾	19¾
Hecker Products	12	12¼
Hercules Power	72	74
Homestake Min.	—	64
Indus. Rayon	26¼	27¾
Int. Harvester	57	58¾
Int. Nickel	48¼	49⅞
Int. Tel. & Tel.	6¼	6½
Johns Manville	72½	76
Jones & Laughlin	B 41½	B 43
Kennecott	34¾	37
Libby-Owens-Ford Glass	43	50
Lockheed Aircraft	25¾	26⅞
Loew's Inc.	43½	45⅜
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	12¼
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	33½	34⅝
McKesson & Robbins	B 16½	B 17½
Monsanto Chemical	98¼	100
Montgomery Ward	51⅞	54¾
Nat. Cash Register	19⅜	20
Nat. City Bank	B 25¼	B 26
Nat. Dairy Products	16¾	17⅜
Nat. Distillers	26	26⅜
Nat. Gypsum	12	13⅛
Nat. Lead	21	21½
Nat. Power & Lt.	8	8⅛
Nat. Steel Corp.	59	61¾
Nat. Supply Co.	7¾	8¾
New York Central	14¼	15⅝
Niagara Hudson Power	6⅜	6¾
North Amer. Aviation	15½	16
North Amer. Co.	23	24½
Northern Pacific	8⅜	9⅝
Owen-Illinois-Glass	63	64¾
Pacific Gas & Elec.	31¾	32
Pacific Lighting	47⅞	49
Packard Motors	3½	3¾
Paramount Pictures Inc.	9⅜	10
Pennsylvania R.R.	17¾	18¾
Phelps Dodge	36¼	40½
Phillips Petroleum	34¾	35¾
Public Serv. of N.J.	38⅝	39¼
Pullman, Inc.	25¾	28¼
Pure Oil	7	7½
Radio Corp. of Amer.	5⅞	6½
Reading Co.,	B 21	B 21½
Remington Arms Co.	B 2¼	B 2½
Republic Steel Co.	15¾	17½
Remington Arms Co.	B 2¼	B 2½
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	40	40¼
Richfield Corp.	7¾	7⅞
Safeway Stores	44	45⅝
Schenley	—	13
" 5½% cum pfd.	74	75
Sears Roebuck	78¼	79¼
Seversky Aircraft	B 3¼	3⅜
Shell Union Oil	11	11
Socony-Vacuum	11¾	12
Sthrn. Pacific	13⅜	15
Sthrn. Rly.	—	24¾
Sperry Corp.	43⅛	44⅞
Stand. Brands	6⅝	7
Stand. Gas & Elec.	2¾	3
Stand. Oil of Calif.	26	26⅞
Stone & Webster	11⅛	12
Stand. Oil of N.J.	43	44½
Swift International	27	27⅛
Technicolor	B 15½	15½
Texas Corp.	36	38¾
Texas Gulf Sulphur	27¾	28½
Transamerica	5¾	5⅞
Tw. Century Fox	20	20¾
" " pfd.	—	29¾
Un. Carbide & Carbon	78½	82½
Un. Pacific	97	99¾
Un. Aircraft	37	37¾
Un. Air Lines Trans.	11⅜	11⅞
Un. Corp.	2⅝	2⅞
" $3 cum. pfd.	35⅞	36¾
Un. Gas Corp.	1⅞	—
Un. Gas Improvement	13	13
U. S. Rubber	42⅝	44¾
" 8% pfd.	106½	111
U. S. Steel	47¼	50
Vanadium	21¼	23½
Warner Bros. Picts.	4⅞	5¼
Westinghouse Elec.	101½	108
Woodward Iron	B 17⅞	19⅝

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	61½	63
Brazil	B 16	16½
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	B 17½	19¾
Cities Serv. Pwr.	85½	86
Erie R.R.	9	9½
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	65½	66⅛
Minas Geraes	B 9½	B 9
New England Gas & Elec.	71½	73
Peru	B 8¼	8¾
Rio Grande do Sul	B 9⅛	B 9⅛
Sao Paulo	B 8	B 8⅛
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	44⅝	47
Stand. Gas & Elec.	B 64½	66¼

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved up from one to six points touching the best general levels recorded in four months. A burst of scared short-covering late during the final hour sent tickers late, and many issues recorded new highs for the session and year. Encouraging domestic business developments and a further lessening of the European tension revived speculative interest, while traders ignored domestic labour difficulties and the situation in the Orient. The Bureau of Agricultural Economic's report predicts further business gains for the third quarter, which would give an impetus to the rise in financial items, and indicated that business generally would outrun even the most optimistic expectations.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

Last week's rise was impressive. The factors influencing the advance included: the fact that the rise occurred without a large short position and without large foreign and American Investment Trust buying. The chief force behind the rise is still the pressure of idle funds. Good half-year earning statements, which are now appearing, is another bullish factor.

Business news, although undramatic, remains favourable. June retail automobile sales showed less than a seasonal decline. Mail order and Chain Store sales are holding well. Prospects of the textile industry are cheerful. Inventories are healthy.

The absence of rapid and unhealthy price advances is a healthy factor. Barring European complications, the evidence on hand points to good Autumn business.

Unless the current advance is quickly erased, prospects of a further market improvement, however slow and tedious, remain undimmed.

Barron's Index, adjusted for trend, is placed at 69.1.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, N.V.

255 KIANGSE ROAD, CORNER OF KIUKIANG ROAD

HEAD OFFICE: Amsterdam, Holland.

SUB-OFFICES IN HOLLAND: The Hague and Rotterdam.

HEAD OFFICE for the NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Batavia.

BRANCHES:

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Ampenan, Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Banjoewangi, Cheribon, Djambi, Gorontalo, Makassar, Malang, Medan, Menado, Palembang, Pekalongan, Pontianak, Probolinggo, Semarang, Soerabaia, Tandjong Balei, Tegal, Telok-Betong, Tjilotjap, and Weltevreden.

**BRITIS

FROM DAY TO DAY

Mr. R. A. Kreulen is leaving today in the ss. Kaiping to join his family at Peitaiho Beach for a brief holiday.

Seymour Weiss, state treasurer under the reign of the late Senator Huey Long's dictatorship, was indicted by a grand jury in New Orleans, charges of using the mails in a $75,000 fraud.

The total allocation to charities to date made by the Committee of the Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai is $157,415 and not $57,415 as stated in a letter published recently.

The mv. Canton of the De La Rama Steamship Lines, inaugurating the new Philippine owned service between the Far East and the Pacific Coast is due to arrive in Shanghai at daylight on Friday, July 21.

A heat wave of tropical intensity has been sweeping over all Yugoslavia, with the exception of Slovenia, since the middle of last week. It grew in intensity on Wednesday when a shade temperature of 41 degrees centigrade was recorded in the Bosnian town of Tuzla. At the Dalmatian spa of Ujzin more than 60 degrees of heat, in the sun, were recorded.

A series of movie pictures made by the Central Motion Picture Station of the Chinese National Government, which depict the martial spirit and war scenes in China, are now being shown in Kunming, capital of Yunnan, says a Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." These pictures will later be shown to overseas Chinese in Burma, Annam and other places, the report states.

The Anglo-Rumanian financial agreement signed in London on May 12 went into effect on Wednesday. The accord authorizes the Rumanian Government to issue £5,500,000 worth of Treasury Bonds which are to be guaranteed by the British Government. Facilities are also to be extended to Rumanian goods imported into Britain through a special clearing office.

Chancellor Hitler on Wednesday sent a telegram to General Francisco Franco on the occasion of the anniversary of the Nationalist uprising in Spain saying, "I express to Your Excellency heartiest congratulations in behalf of myself and for the German people, in the firm conviction that the glorious victory of the Spanish national movement will prove the guarantee of a proud future."

The Chief Officer of the S.M.C. Fire Brigade reports that during June 112 calls were received, classified as Genuine fires 86; Burning rubbish or similar fires 5; False alarms (good intent) 10; False alarms (malicious) 2; Special calls 9, Damage done, within the Settlement $105,589; in the special rated area $101,265. Lives lost, civilians 3. Injuries, civilians 18, brigade staff 11. Emergency ambulance service received 954 calls and 972 patients were conveyed to various hospitals.

That President Roosevelt sent a message to Pope Pius XII on the subject of world peace is no longer denied in Vatican circles. "Osservatore Romano," official Vatican organ, declares that a report in "Il Messagero" denying that President Roosevelt had sent a peace message to the Pope is not in accordance with the facts. Hitherto, reports of the Vatican's interest in the Danzig problem have also been denied. Now, however, they are receiving confirmation from well-informed quarters.

The puzzle as to where the new Reich Chancellery will be built, as an article written by the Fuehrer declared would be completed in 1950, was solved when it was disclosed on Wednesday that the site of the new Chancellery will be at the Koenigsplatz near the Reichstag in the centre of the planned government quarter. The present Reich Chancellery, completed this year, will then probably be taken over by Deputy Party leader, Herr Rudolf Hess, and by other government or party offices.

The Pipes and Drums of the 1st Battalion of The Seaforth Highlanders will beat Retreat at 6 p.m., today on the grass course in front of the members' stand of the Shanghai Race Club, weather permitting. The following set will be played:—

Regimental March
I Hae a wife o' my Ain
Retreat..On the Banks of Allan Water
Slow March .....Harken my Love
March .....Murray's Welcome
Strathspey
The Market Place of Inverness
Reel .....The Piper o' Drummond
Reel .....Cabar Feidh
March off..The Campbells' are Coming
God Save The King

An agricultural, mining and commercial control committee has been formed by the Ministry of Economic Affairs for the purpose of studying measures for controlling commodity prices, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The execution of suggested measures may either be assigned to the local authorities or to the Price Fixing Committee of the Ministry of Economic Affairs. The prices of daily necessities will also be controlled and officially fixed from time to time, with a view to prevent profiteering and speculation, the report states.

Large numbers of Japanese priests are now actively engaged in introducing Japanese culture among Chinese war orphans in the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow occupied areas, says a report to the "Shun Pao." The war waifs, whose age ranges between six and 10 years are being taught the Japanese language, under the auspices of the "Japanese Language Buddhist Federation," which has set up branches throughout the occupied areas. After a certain period of training, these orphans are being sent to Japan, the report concludes.

The programme for the brass band concert to be given in French Park, today, July 19, from 5.30 to 7 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follows:—

March "Stars and Stripes for ever" Sousa
Selection "Way down in Tennessee" Knowles
Cornet Solo "A Perfect Day" Carrie-Bond
Potpourrie "Musical Jokes" ...Hamm
Suite "Americana" .....Thurban
"Tiger's Tail" "When Milinda sings"
"The Water-Melon" .....Patch
Fiddler's Breakdown "Turkey in the Straw" .....Clarke
Suite "Dwellers in the Western World" .....Sousa
Band-Master: Wilfrid W. Sayer.

Gamblers Pray for Dreams

Stone Images in Front of Bubbling Well Road Stable Attract Wah Wei Players

FORMERLY the recipients of homage from poor, pious Chinese on the first and fifteenth days of each moon, according to the Lunar calendar, the two stone figures which adorn the entrance to the former Jardine Stables at the corner of Myburgh and Bubbling Well Roads are now surrounded by frantic worshippers every day. These worshippers flock around the grotesque figures in droves, burning incense, candles and joss paper until the feet of the idols have become blackened by smoke.

Strangely enough, the reason for this enthusiastic outburst of prayer and piety is none other than the Wah Wei gambling craze which has swept through a great many of the Chinese community in Shanghai. Since the conclusion of hostilities in the Shanghai area the old time lottery gambling game has been revived and is now prevalent to such an extent that the Wah Wei lottery headquarters maintain branches in the Settlement and Concession and even on the Whangpoo River, where gambling boats have been discovered.

Thus, with opportunities to indulge in the thrilling but insecure pastime of wooing Lady Luck so close at hand, the Chinese people have taken advantage of these opportunities to obtain riches without the necessity of sweating for them. Some of the more confirmed gamblers are absolutely fanatic in their chase after the elusive fortune. These gamblers, mostly women, have accordingly taken to prayer to obtain aid in their gambling activities.

Prayers for Dreams

The Wah Wei gamblers do not pray directly for good luck in pursuit of their particular pastime. Rather, they pray that they will have dreams in the evening which will guide their chances into fortunate channels. These dreams have their own particular message and sometimes the dreams actually appear in the form of words written on scraps of paper. These words, of course, tell the lucky dreamer the sure way to fame and fortune. Sometimes even dreams fail to bring luck, and the unfortunate gamblers resort to suicide. A few of the more persevering gamblers will not let misfortune deter them, however, and resort to praying to skulls in an effort to find good fortune. Some cases have been heard of in which Wah Wei gamblers cut the heads from human bodies dug from graves and place them at their bed-side at night. All night long they mutter prayers to these idols in an effort to find the dream which will bring them good luck.

In the past these prayers were confined to temples and grave mounds. It was considered extremely lucky to murmur a few prayers beside the grave of a dead Wah Wei gambler. The hostilities have destroyed most of the famous temples in Nantao and Pootung and now people have turned to the stone figures which adorn the gates of the Bubbling Well Road stable.

Not Regular "Gods"

These figures do not represent any of the regular "gods." Originally they were used for decorative purposes in the courtyard of a Yamen in the North and were brought to Shanghai during the Boxer Rebellion. They were placed outside the entrance to the Jardine Stables and they have been worshipped periodically by people who were too poor to go to the temples. And now the the Wah Wei gamblers have replaced the more legitimate worshippers at the feet of the stone idols.

Temples have become quite a racket in Shanghai since the ending of hostilities and the persons in charge of the temples are said to be reaping fortunes. During the fighting in the Nantao area the persons who were in charge of the Cheng Hwang Miao, a temple in Nantao, spread the rumour that the Nantao people would have suffered more had it not been for the protection afforded by the Cheng Hwang, whose hands turned black because he had prevented many bombs from falling.

In response to a movement which was started for the purpose of inviting the Cheng Hwang to take up his abode in the International Settlement, the Cheng Hwang Miao, or the Yi Miao as it is popularly known, was restored on the former site of a big refugee camp in Rue Brenier de Montmorand, near Avenue Foch. The people were so anxious to pray that before the temple had been completed they started burning joss paper and incense sticks around the place.

As more and more people turn to gambling in an effort to eke out a precarious existence, idols are at a premium. With thousands of superstitious persons flocking to stone images to pray for a streak of good luck, the time may come when not only stone figures but also other various images will be worshipped by the Wah Wei gamblers and the ignorant poor folk.

Japanese to Close More Ports

Foreign Vessels, Nationals Warned of Forthcoming Moves in Fukien

Further extending its closure operations against south China ports, the Japanese navy will make the harbours of Santuao, Loyuan, and Shacheng, all north of Foochow in northern Fukien, inaccessible this week, Vice-Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, commander-in-chief of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, announced here yesterday.

Military operations against Santuao and Loyuan, the Japanese naval authorities said, would be launched at 8 o'clock in the morning, Japan time, on July 21, while those against Shacheng would be started at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, Japan time, on July 22.

The customary request for the evacuation of third party vessels, including men-of-war, from these harbours, as well as the evacuation of third party nationals from the areas in the vicinity of those ports, was made by Vice-Admiral Oikawa through Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, Japanese Consul-General, to the Consular Body. The Chinese Maritime Customs were also notified.

Official Statement

The official Japanese naval statement read as follows:

"1. The Japanese Naval Forces will commence military operations against Santuao and Loyuan, Fukien province, on Friday, the 21st of July at 8 a.m. (Japan time) and against Shacheng, Fukien province, on Saturday, the 22nd of July 1939, at 2 p.m. (Japan time). It is requested, therefore, that third Power vessels, including men-of-war, staying in the said harbours leave them by the hours military operations are scheduled to be commenced respectively.

From that time the entrance to each of the said harbours will be closed by means of obstacles and dangerous objects for the necessity of military operations and accordingly passage into or out of the harbours will become impossible after those hours. The Japanese authorities cannot assume any responsibility for losses, either direct or indirect, that might be suffered by vessels remaining within the harbours after the scheduled hours.

"2. The locations of the obstacles and dangerous objects will be as follows:

"(a) At Santuao and Loyuan: on and along the line connecting Chown Point and South Point.

(b) At Shacheng: on and along the line connecting Nankwashan and Mortice Bluff.

"3. Since the areas in the vicinity of the places above referred to will become zones of hostilities, it is requested that third Power nationals residing in the said areas be advised to evacuate as soon as possible.

Primary Needs of U.S. Banking System

Washington, July 18.

The primary needs of the American banking system include the elimination of excessive bank dividends, with the object of preventing the dissipation of bank capital, together with a provision to relieve banks of the necessity of liquidating assets at sacrifice values in times of stress.

This statement was contained in the annual report, published here today of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.—Reuter.

Migration Within Empire Urged

Commerce Chambers Suggest Calling of Special Conference

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 17.

A resolution declaring that the balanced distribution of population within the Empire was essential to continued welfare and security, and calling for a conference of Home and Empire Governments, including the Colonies, to consult together as early as possible on ways and means, financial or other, to develop migration schemes, was passed today at the fifteenth Congress of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire.

The Ottawa Agreements now represented the keystone of the Empire's economic system, and they had been an undoubted stimulus to the trade of the United Kingdom and the Dominions, declared Sir Thomas Inskip, Secretary of State for the Dominions, in addressing the Congress. He described the Dominions Department as "the Foreign Office of the Empire."

Political unrest and fear of war overshadowed commercial dealings, declared Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Colonial Secretary.

But between members of the British Commonwealth, he said, there was permanent friendship. They knew that, in whatever circumstances, their markets were safe for each other, and that, therefore, trade between them could be carried on with absolute confidence.

Great Britain's four best markets in 1938, he added, were South Africa, Australia, India and Canada.

In a letter expressing regret for his inability to attend, the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, wrote: "In these difficult days, the Empire's strength, and the example it provides of successful co-operation between free peoples, is one of the greatest forces making for peace in the world."—Reuter.

British Trans-Atlantic Air Service

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 18.

Imperial Airways announce that the first British trans-Atlantic air mail service between the British Isles, Canada and the United States will be inaugurated on August 5 by the flying-boat Cabot. The second flight will be made on August 12 by the flying-boat Caribou. The service from the American end began over a month ago.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, July 17.

The Paris Bourse opened hesitant today owing to a complete lack of trading. During the session, prices dropped slightly, and closing rates were near the day's lowest.—Havas.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tembien	Ningpo	C.I.N.
Ningpo	Hongkong	Ekman
Kwaisang	Hongkong	Jardine
G'trude Maersk	Hongkong	Melchers
Menelaus	Hongkong	B.&S.
Kwangtung	Hongkong	B.&S.
U.S.S. Augusta	Cruise	—
Leverkusen	Dairen	H.-A.L.
Luise	Hsinkong	Keh Lee
Wulin	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Wooling M.	River Ports	N.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	C'yingsha	Tai Ping
Romolo	Liuho P.	V. Chieri
Heini	T'lungkong	G.F.E.
H. Kiangnan	Hupukow	S. Guenter

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Elbhof	Ger.	Carlowitz
Mohlenhof	Ger.	Carlowitz
Liesel	Ger.	Chin Dah
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Talien	Jap.	Wan Woo
Romolo	Ital.	V. Chieri
H. Kiangnan	Ger.	S. Guenter
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Felix Roussel	Fr.	M.M.
Shengking	Br.	B.&S.
Tingsang	Br.	Jardine
Ariadne Moller	Br.	Hunt S.S.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Cricket	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Defender H. 07	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Ladybird	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Mantis	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Scorpion	Br.	Gbt.	C.L.T.B. 1/2
Henderson	Am.	Tr.	U.S.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
R. de Genouilly	Fr.	Slp.	C.L.T.B. 1/2
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	C.L.T.B. 1/2

By "DUTCH MAILS"
TO EUROPE
VIA BALI AND JAVA or VIA SINGAPORE

(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia	Leave Singapore	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles
		1939	1939	1939
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	July 26	July 28	Aug. 16
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
ss. Johan de Witt	20,400	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Sept. 7
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 13
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 26
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Oct. 3
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 17
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 24
ms. Oranje	20,000	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Nov. 5
ms. Dempo	17,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 27	Nov. 14
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 10	Nov. 28
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Dec. 5
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29	Dec. 2	Dec. 19

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES . . . 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.

133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE 16247

Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

	Per		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, July 19.				
Hongkong	Fausang	Y	9.30	10.00
Hongkong	Leverkusen	Y	13.30	14.00
Europe	Marburg	AY	16.30	17.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Tsinan	B	—	—
Amoy Hongkong Haiphong	Tsinan		19.30	20.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	Pres. Coolidge		19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	Pres. Coolidge		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, July 20.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'tsin	Kwaisang		14.30	15.00
Ninghsien Yungkia etc. via Chinhai	Tembien	x	19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, July 21.				
Chefoo and Tientsin	Kwangtung		11.30	12.00
Tsingtao	Etizen M.	x	13.30	14.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez (Y) and Europe (Y)	Patroclus	c	14.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	Patroclus		15.30	15.00
C'trai America Canal Zone	Tai Ping	DZ	—	—
Swatow and Hongkong	Kaigan		19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Haiphong	Mingsang		19.30	20.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Chaksang		19.30	20.00

* The night before.

A Parcel mail for Germany and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 19th.

B Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 19th.

C Parcel mail for S.S., Gt. Britain and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 21st.

D Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 21st.

X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Y Superscribed correspondence.

∠ Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per ss. President Coolidge, on July 19, at 7 p.m. for registered and 8 p.m. for ordinary due Marseilles July 30, London July 31.

Pan American Airways Service per ss. Patroclus, on July 21, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco August 2.

Air France per ss. Empress of Canada, on July 25, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due Marseilles Aug. 4, London Aug. 5.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

Patroclus, via Suez, July 21, due London Aug. 25.

E. of Asia, via Pacific, July 23, due London Aug. 18.

Gneisenau, via Suez, July 25, due London Aug. 20.

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Menelaus, July 18, from Plymough: Mr. & Mrs. Thomson, Mr. D. Elias.

Per Kwaisang, July 18, from Tientsin and Ports: Mr. T. F. Kilkenny, Mr. P. Welch, Mr. F. L. Pratt.

DEPARTURES

Per Tingsang, July 18, for Tientsin and Ports: Mr. D. F. Karimov, Mr. B. Marra.

Per Felix Roussel, July 18, for Hongkong: Mr. A. Tajiri, Mr. & Mrs. B. Britt, Mr. P. Fugh, Mr. J. L. Stuart, Mr. F. Stanek, Miss A. Fitzpatrick, Mr. & Mrs. K. J. Wat and 1 child, Mr. K. W. Pedersen, Mrs. J. Citrin, Mr. W. Markham, Mr. I. Smekalin, for **Saigon:** Miss G. Meech, Miss F. M. Alliston, Mr. J. W. Chapman, Miss D. Hodgson, Mr. & Mrs. C. Ashworth, Miss A. H. Findelstein, Mrs. G. S. Jensen, Mr. & Mrs. V. F. Gilbert, Mrs. L. Verbian, Mr. E. A. Piper, Mrs. L. Colin-Duchaine, Mrs. J. Prud'hon, Sister M. A. Jakcin, Lt. W. L. Mackintosh, for **Singapore:** Mr. G. Dubiovskis, for **Marseilles:** Baron L. A. van Ettersum, Cpt. & Mrs. H. Genty and 3 children, Cpt. & Mrs. J. Le Manach, Lt. R. Pottier, Mr. & Mrs. M. Lecroc, Mr. M. Lucas, Mr. & Mrs. V. Payet and 1 child, Mr. & Mrs. A. Lafitte and 2 children, Mrs. Sitterle and 2 children, Mrs. Gilis, Mr. S. Delebecque, Mr. E. Arnaud, Mr. G. Vincensini, Mr. A. Le Tallec, Mr. J. Grelet, Mr. C. Marchadour, Mr. F. Plassard, Mr. A. Dieumegard, Mr. Ch. Bighelli, Mr. L. Binet, Mrs. Lalay and 2 children, Mr. A. Le Guiffant, Mr. Soulignec, Mr. H. Bizeu, Mr. L. Mazellier, Mr. M. Blanchet, Mr. R. Chartier, Mr. L. Lecouvey, Mr M. Sannier, Mr. P. Martin, Mr. A. Lally, Mr. M Repeton, Mr. P. Jacques, Mr. G. Ravry, Mr. M. Louedec, Mr. F. Comis, Mr. J. Coeroli, Mr. D. Daniel, Mr. A. Illiet, Mr. F. Bastide, Mr. A. Esparlat, Mr. M. Lecorre, Mr. J. Fridl, Mr. P. Tabouy, Mr. P. Lucas, Mr. F. Barthelemy, Mr. C. Brin, Mr. C. Crennee, Mr. G. Matarese, Mr. H. Imbach, Mr. R. Barlier.

Per Fausang, July 19, for Hongkong and Ports: Mr. A. H. Skinn.

Vessels Discharging

TITAN. From Vancouver arrived on July 16, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on July 25, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, July 21, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 20-7

CYCLOPS. From Liverpool arrived on July 17, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on July 26, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Saturday, July 22, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 21-7

MENELAUS. From Gdynia and Continental Ports arrived on July 18, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on July 27, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Tuesday, July 25, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 21-7

GNEISENAU. The Norddeutscher Lloyd s.s. Gneisenau, from Bremen, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Genoa via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees are further notified that the steamer Gneisenau has taken at Bremen and Hamburg through cargo for Shanghai ex steamer Strauss, Lumme, Jelo, Kong Dag, Rita, Goteborg, Erna, Leda and Paul L. M. Russ, from Helsinki, Kotka, Oslo, Copenhagen, Gothenburg, Riga, Bergen and Kotka. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side by Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co., on Saturday morning, July 22, 1939, at 9 a.m. Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, General Agents: Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 20-7

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From LOS ANGELES: President Coolidge, with mail, due 3 p.m. Buoys 11-12, passengers will arrive at the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 2 p.m. Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA

Eurylochus	17/6	7/8
Perseus	27/6	13/8
Neleus	15/7	31/8

From COPENHAGEN

Panama	1/5	22/7
India	3/6	13/8

From OSLO

Tarn	20/5	21/7
Tricolor	17/6	12/8
Talleyrand	19/7	11/9

From HAMBURG

Regensburg	24/6	1/8
Augsburg	10/6	4/8

From BREMEN

Burgenland	30/5	23/7
Oldenburg	13/6	3/8
Ramses	27/6	16/8
Kulmerland	11/7	30/9

From ROTTERDAM

Saarland	24/6	9/8
Scharnhorst	12/7	10/8
Perseus	5/7	13/8
Formosa	8/7	19/8

From ANTWERP

Denbighshire	27/5	22/7
Grootekerk	22/5	23/7
Glenogle	27/5	28/7
Glenbeg	10/6	8/8
Gaasterkerk	19/6	12/8
Glenaffaric	24/6	19/8
Kulmerland	18/7	30/8
Glenapp	8/7	4/9

From GLASGOW

Antenor	3/6	20/7
Ajax	17/6	3/8
Hector	1/7	17/8
Menestheus	15/7	1/9

From LIVERPOOL

Mentor	17/6	30/7
Ajax	24/6	3/8
Theseus	1/7	13/8
Teiresias	15/7	2/9

From LONDON

Husimi M.	9/6	21/7
Canton	16/6	23/7
Hakozaki M.	23/6	31/7
Somali	24/6	6/8
Carthage	30/6	6/8
Suwa M.	7/7	15/8
Glenaffaric	8/7	19/8
Rajputana	14/7	20/8

From MARSEILLES

Mar. Joffre	23/6	21/7
P. Doumer	8/7	5/8
Suwa M.	14/7	15/8
Hector	14/7	17/8

From TRIESTE

Fusijama	20/6	12/8

From GENOA

Victoria	13/7	7/8

From PORT SAID

Regensburg	8/7	1/8
Augsburg	29/6	4/8
Victoria	17/7	7/8
Glenbeg	5/7	8/8
Gaasterkerk	11/7	12/8
Tricolar	13/7	12/8
Ramses	19/7	16/8

From SUEZ

Denbighshire	22/6	22/7
Eurylochus	7/7	7/8
Saarland	7/7	9/8

From ADEN

Carthage	16/7	6/8

From BOMBAY

Somali	17/7	6/8

From COLOMBO

Hakozaki M.	17/7	31/7
Oldenburg	17/7	3/8

From CALCUTTA

Sirdhana	1/7	24/7
Shirala	13/7	7/8

From SINGAPORE

Tegelberg	15/7	22/7
Sirdhana	13/7	24/7
Glenogle	11/7	28/7
India	16/7	13/8

From COERABAIA

Tjinegara	14/7	31/7

From BATAVIA

Tjinegara	18/7	31/7

From MANILA

Glaucus	14/7	20/7
Tai Ping	10/7	22/7
Tai Yin	15/7	23/7
Tweedbank	19/7	27/7

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

Glaucus	31/5	20/7
Tai Ping	31/5	22/7
Thurland C.	13/6	25/7
M. Maersk	10/6	26/7
Tweedbank	6/6	27/7
Robinhood	9/6	30/7
Lexa Maersk	24/6	7/8
Silverlaurel	23/6	11/8
Tai Ping Yang	30/6	12/8
C. of E'ville	16/6	13/8
Adrastus	28/6	19/8
Irisbank	6/7	24/8
Anna Maersk	10/7	25/8
C. Prince	11/7	26/8
Steel Trader	10/7	6/9
C. of Lille	17/7	14/9

From SAVANNAH

Adrastus	3/7	19/8
Anna Maersk	15/7	25/8
C. Prince	14/7	26/8

From LOS ANGELES

Taiyo M.	26/6	24/7
Thurland C.	30/6	25/7
M. Maersk	1/7	26/7
Pres. Taft	10/7	2/8
Asama M.	7/7	7/8
Lexa Maersk	15/7	7/8
Tai Ping Yang	17/7	12/8

From SAN FRANCISCO

Pres. Taft	14/7	2/8
Silverlaurel	12/7	11/8

From VANCOUVER

Emp. Canada	8/7	25/7
Talthybius	12/7	6/8

From HONOLULU

Emp. Canada	13/7	25/7
Asama M.	15/7	7/8

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

From YOKOHAMA

Patroclus	14/7	21/7
Kasima M.	16/7	24/7
Taiyo M.	17/7	24/7

From KOBE

Soudan	4/7	20/7
Africa	28/6	20/7
Patroclus	18/7	21/7
Triton	14/7	24/7

From NAGASAKI

Shanghai M.	20/7	21/7

From KEELUNG (Formosa)

Hukuken M.	23/7	25/7

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN

Tegelberg	14/6	22/7
Ruys	19/7	26/8

From MELBOURNE

Tanda	5/7	10/8

From BRISBANE

Tanda	17/7	10/8

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Tsingtao M.	18/7	20/7

From TIENTSIN

Dahpu	9/7	20/7
Mingsang	16/7	20/7
Sinkiang	18/7	21/7
Taiseunhong	16/7	21/7
Shuntien	20/7	23/7
Esang	21/7	24/7
Yatshing	22/7	25/7
Taksang	23/7	27/7

From TSINGTAO

Shantung	18/7	20/7
Leesang	18/7	22/7

From HONGKONG

Antenor	16/7	20/7
Chaksang	17/7	20/7
Husimi M.	15/7	21/7
Tarn	6/7	21/7
Mar. Joffre	19/7	21/7
Panama	30/6	22/7
Suiyang	19/7	23/7
Wingsang	19/7	23/7
Tai Yin	18/7	23/7
Chengtu	19/7	23/7
Canton	19/7	23/7
Burgenland	19/7	23/7
Grootekerk	22/7	25/7

Vessels Leaving

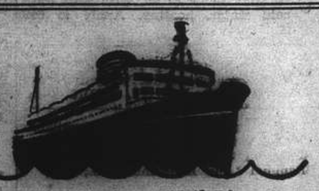
NORTH CHINA COAST

KAIPING July 19. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the steamer Kaiping, Captain E. Muton, on Wednesday, July 19, 1939. For freight apply to Agents, 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 19-7

KWAISANG July 20. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday,

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE



Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TAIYO MARU ..... Aug. 7
ASAMA MARU ..... Aug. 14

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIYE MARU ..... July 31

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
AKAGI MARU (from Kobe) ..... July 22
NARUTO MARU .... Aug. 2

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... July 29

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg and Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
KASIMA MARU ..... July 25
HAKONE MARU .... Aug. 8

Kobe Express Service
*KATORI MARU .... July 21
KATORI MARU ..... Aug. 4
*Leave at 6 a.m.

Nagasaki Express Service
øNAGASAKI MARU .. July 20
SHANGHAI MARU ... July 22
*NAGASAKI MARU .. July 25
SHANGHAI MARU .. July 27
øD. K. K. Wharf
*Calling at Kobe also.

Shanghai-Yokohama Service
HUSIMI MARU ..... July 22
HAKOZAKI MARU .. Aug. 1

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Class	Single	Return
A	£86	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

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Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

A	PATROCLUS	July 22	M'lles, Casablanca, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C	MEMNON	Aug. 5	M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A	ANTENOR	Aug. 19	M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
	TEUCER	Aug. 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.
C	AJAX	Sept. 2	M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A	HECTOR	Sept. 16	M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Agents: **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, 21-23 French Bund, Tel. 82020

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports

ms. Tarn left Hamburg June 1, due Shanghai July 21
ms. Tricolor left Hamburg June 30 due Shanghai Aug. 12
ms. Talleyrand leaves Hamburg July 29 due Shanghai Sept. 11

Homewards
For Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong Singapore and Port Said

ms. Triton loads Shanghai .. .. July 25
ms. Tarn loads Shanghai .. .. Aug. 24
ms. Tricolor loads Shanghai .. .. Sept. 19

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MAERSK LINE

Homewards:
ms. GRETE MAERSK
Loading July 31/Aug. 1
ms. HULDA MAERSK
Loading Aug. 15/16
ms. MARCHEN MAERSK
Loading Aug. 31/Sept. 2

via Japan for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic Coast Ports.

Outwards:

	arr. Shanghai
ms. MARCHEN MAERSK	July 26
ms. LEXA MAERSK	Aug. 7
ms. ANNA MAERSK	Aug. 25

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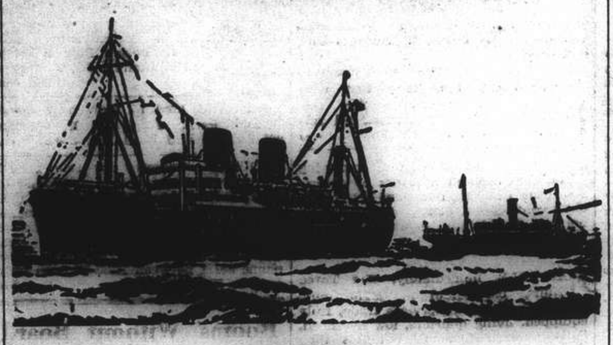
The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11065

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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To BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

		From Shanghai	Tonnage			From Shanghai	Tonnage
July	20	SOUDAN	6,700	Sept.	5	*SOMALI	7,000
					12	RAJPUTANA ..	17,000
					26	RANCHI	17,000
Aug.	1	CORFU	15,000				
	8	*BURDWAN	6,100				
	15	CANTON	16,000				
	29	CARTHAGE	15,000				

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
†Calls at Port Sudan

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

TO CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai for Japan	Leave Hongkong
TALMA	—	July 29
SIRDHANA	July 24	Aug. 12

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Direct Fast Mail Service

SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA
Via Japan, Hongkong and Rabaul

Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	—	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	Aug. 11	Sept. 2	Sept. 21
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Sept. 8	Sept. 30	Oct. 19

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai or Transhipping via Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route. The route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice

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via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port Said.

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
July 21	July 24	July 26	MAREC. JOFFRE	July 29	July 31	Aug. 1
Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Pre. Doumer	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 15
Aug. 18	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aramis	Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Aug. 29
Sept. 1	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Jean Laborde	Sept. 9	Sept. 11	Sept. 12
Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	ATHOS II	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Sept. 26

FREIGHT SERVICE
S.S. ANADYR will arrive at Shanghai on July 19 and will sail for Japan on the same day

---

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

Far Eastern Mail / Passenger and Freight Service

Sailings from Shanghai to Europe:

mv. LEVERKUSEN July 19 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. RHEINLAND Aug. 4 1939. M'lles, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

		Due Shanghai
ss. WASGENWALD	From Pacific	July 23
mv. BURGENLAND	Left Manila	July 17 July 23
ss. SAARLAND	Passed Suez	July 7 Aug. 9

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
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20 Canton Road Filiale Shanghai Telephone 18709

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. HOTEN MARU	July 17	July 19 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 20	July 22 at 9 a.m
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 23	July 25 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	July 25	July 27 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 28	July 30 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 31	Aug. 2 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE
(Freight only)

ss. HAKKA MARU ..... July 21
ss. KOGA MARU ..... July 25

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19648

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LLOYD TRIESTINO

mv. VICTORIA
will leave Shanghai on AUGUST 10 for Naples and Genoa
via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay and Port Said
Time of sailing and wharf will be notified later

Next departures to Europe:

ss. Giulio Cesare Aug. 30 Venice and Trieste
ss. Conte Biancamano Sept. 14 Naples and Genoa
ss. Conte Verde Sept. 27 Venice and Trieste
mv. Victoria Oct. 12 Naples and Genoa

For Passengers and Freight accommodation please apply to

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Glen and Shire Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent, etc.

INWARDS: Due at Shanghai
GLENOGLE, July 28
HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai
GLENOGLE, July 31
London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp, via Manila and Straits
Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice

Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd.
Passenger and Loading Agents
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Discharging Agents
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O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings
For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU ..... July 27
HUKUKEN MARU .... Aug. 11
For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... July 24
TYOSA MARU ..... Aug. 3
For New York
*HOKUROKU MARU .. Aug. 2

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Aug. 12
LA PLATA MARU .... Oct. 5
For South America via E. & S. Africa
HAWAII MARU ..... Aug. 2
ARIZONA MARU ..... Sept. 3
For Bombay
*LONDON MARU ..... Aug. 19
*MELBOURNE MARU .. Sept. 2

Keelung & Nagasaki Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Aug. 3
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... July 24

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
*HOKUROKU MARU .... Aug. 12
For European Ports via New York
*NANKAI MARU ..... July 25
For Australia and New Zealand
*CANBERRA MARU .... July 31
*SYDNEY MARU ..... Aug. 31
For West Africa
TOA MARU ..... Aug. 24

*Cargo only

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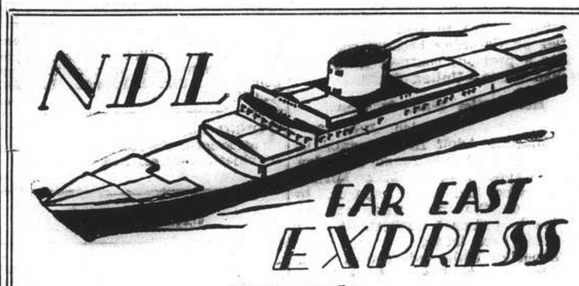

Homewards:

ms. MARBURG for London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. July 20
ss. GNEISENAU for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. July 25
ms. REGENSBURG for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Aug. 17
ss. SCHARNHORST for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Aug. 21

Outwards:

ms. REGENSBURG	Left Port Said	July 8	Due S'hai	Aug. 1
ss. AUGSBURG	Left Port Said	June 29	„ „	Aug. 4
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Rotterdam	July 12	„ „	Aug. 10
ms. ELBE	Leaves Hamburg	July 22	„ „	Aug. 27

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Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

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by Big White Empresses

PACIFIC	Leave S'hai	Arrive Van'ver	ATLANTIC	Leave Montreal	Arrive U.K.
Empress of Asia	July 24	Aug. 7	Empress of Britain	Aug. 12	Aug. 17
Empress of Canada	Aug. 6	Aug. 23	Duchess of York	Sept. 1	Sept. 7
Empress of Russia	Aug. 20	Sept. 9	Duchess of Bedford	Sept. 15	Sept. 21
Empress of Japan	Sept. 3	Sept. 19	Empress of Britain	Sept. 23	Sept. 28

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The New York World's Fair and
San Francisco's Golden Gate International Exposition
SPECIAL REDUCED ROUND-TRIP FARES.

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Canada	July 26	July 28	July 30
Empress of Russia	Aug. 8	Aug. 10	Aug. 12

Canadian Pacific

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ss. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE
Due Shanghai To-day, July 19
Passengers Expected at Customs Jetty 4 p.m.
Sailing for HONGKONG and MANILA
Last Tender Leaves Customs Jetty 8.30 a.m.
To-morrow, July 20

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Leave Shanghai		Lv. Shanghai	Lv. Kobe
Pres. Coolidge	Aug. 1	Aug. 3	Pres. Coolidge Sept. 26	Sept. 28
Pres. Taft	Aug. 15	Aug. 17	Pres. Taft —	Oct. 11
Pres. Cleveland	Aug. 29	Aug. 31	Pres. Cleveland —	Oct. 25
Pres. Pierce	—	Sept. 13	Pres. Pierce —	Nov. 8

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Holland-East Asia Line

Far Eastern Freight Service

Next sailing Homeward from Shanghai to Port Said, Post Sudan, Genoa, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg.

ss. GROOTEKERK on or about . . . Aug. 7
ss. GAASTERKERK on or about . . . Sept. 7

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Excellent accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers.

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THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

From EUROPE:	Arrive	To EUROPE:	Loading
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ms. FORMOSA	Aug. 19	ms. NINGPO	Aug. 25

HOMEWARD BOUND VESSELS CALL AT
Algiers, Oran, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen, Oslo and Gothenburg.

Agents: **The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.**
Hamilton House Telephone 11330

East Asiatic Co. Ld.

of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

	Due	Sails	For
ms. PANAMA	July 22	July 23	Japan Ports
ms. INDIA	Aug. 13	Aug. 14	Japan Ports

Homewards
Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen
ms. AFRIKA .. .. loading July 26

The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

Fare from Shanghai to Rotterdam/Hamburg, £65

Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
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Case Against H. C. Davies Continued

Former Gas Co. Clerk Asks Three Questions In H. M. Police Court

"Did I handle any money in the office?"—"No." This was one of three questions asked by Henry Cyril Davies, a former clerk employed by the Shanghai Gas Co., and answered by a witness giving evidence against him in H.M. Police Court yesterday.

Before Mr. C. H. Haines, H. M. Registrar, Davies, a 43 years old native of Shanghai, was undergoing a preliminary examination on three charges of having made or concurred in making several false entries in the ledgers of the Shanghai Gas Co. with intent to defraud.

The first charge was that on or about September 3, 1938, he made or concurred in making a false entry purporting to show that between August 1, 1938, and August 31, 1938, the sum of $684.09 had been paid by sundry debtors to the company.

On the second count he was stated to have made a false entry or concurred in making a false entry showing that between October 1, 1938, and October 31, 1938, the sum of $546.58 had been paid by sundry debtors. The last charge was that he had altered or concurred in altering a receipt for $751.86.

Chief Clerk's Evidence

Answering Mr. P. Watkin Williams, prosecuting on behalf of the S.M.C., Mr. Rene Alexander Berthet, Chief Clerk of the Gas Co., stated that the entry of the total, $684.09, in the account book must have been made on or about September 3, 1938. The cash columns, he said, were closed on the last day of the month and the totals could be started on the first day of the following month. All totals should be completed on or about the seventh day of the month.

The approximate date when the total of $546.58, mentioned in the second complaint, was entered would be on or about November 3. Dealing with the third complaint Mr. Berthet stated that he could not say when the alteration was made. The date against the payment in the August cash column was August 11 and the entry could have been made between then and August 31.

He continued that an entry of $751.86 was made on August 11 and against this entry were two purple circular marks. One of these had been put in by a ledger clerk when the accounts had been checked and somebody else had inserted another mark. If the checking clerk had done his duty, witness stated, the amount shown must have been $751.86 as this amount was shown in all the collection books.

If this amount was correct he continued, an entry of $57.58 in the cash column as cash received from the Post Mercury Co. showed that the erasure of the 100 digit. The collection book showed $957.58 as being received. This was inserted on October 12 and checked by a ledger clerk who put his mark against it. Therefore the alteration must have been made between October 12 and October 31.

Work Very Satisfactory

The cash column was totalled on the latter date and there were no further entries. Davies, Mr. Berthet said, had made the entries in the book. It was his duty to add up the totals and check them with a machine. At this point Mr. Watkin Williams pointed out that the prosecution alleged that the totals in the cash column of the ledger were in excess of those in the collection book.

Some of the other totals, he went on, were smaller than those in the collection books thus showing that the totals had been diminished by erasure so as to wipe out the excesses in the other columns. A check was made in August by adding together all the excesses and comparing them with the amounts by which the other totals were too small. In August they had tallied but not in any of the subsequent months.

Asked if he had any questions to ask witness, Davies asked if he handled any money in the office. "No" said Mr. Berthet, who admitted that anyone in the office had access to the ledger. He stated that Davies' work had been very satisfactory since he (witness) had joined the firm.

Andrew James Clark, assistant general passenger agent, N.Y.K., produced a counterfoil showing that a single 3rd class ticket had been sold to a Mr. H. C. Davies on March 1. The ticket was for Nagasaki and was marked for the Shanghai Maru sailing on March 2.

After evidence relating to two cheques, which were paid by the Post Mercury Co. to the Gas Company, given by Mr. Alexander Gilbert Davies, assistant secretary of the Gas Co., the hearing was adjourned until 10 a.m. on Thursday.

Japanese Story Denied By British Military

Stabbing Allegations Said "Absolute Rubbish"

"Absolutely untrue. No incident of that nature took place." This statement was made by a British military official yesterday when questioned by the "North-China Daily News" in connection with a Japanese report appearing in the local Japanese newspaper, "Tairiku Shimpo," which was circulated yesterday by a Japanese news agency.

The report alleged that a Chinese employee of the Central China Railway Co. had been stabbed by a British sentry of the 2nd Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment, at the Great Western Road barrier on Monday morning. The attack, the Japanese newspaper stated, was unprovoked and protests would be lodged with the British military authorities through the Japanese Consulate-General, the Special Municipality of Shanghai and the railway company.

An investigation was made yesterday by Major B. H. Ashmore, Brigade Major of the British Forces, and he discovered that such an incident as described by the newspaper had not occurred. No protest had been lodged by the Japanese authorities, he said and the story was "absolute rubbish."

Control of British Coal Output in Wartime

Comprehensive Plans Prepared by Government

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 17.

In the House of Commons today Mr. Geoffrey Lloyd, Minister of Mines, announced that comprehensive plans had been prepared for the maintenance of production of coal in time of war, and for the control of distribution and price of coal, coke and manufactured fuel.

A system of priorities would be established to ensure the supply of coal to essential industries, and a scheme for regulating supplies of coal, gas and electricity to domestic and other small consumers had been prepared.

The Government, Mr. Lloyd said, intended to introduce a rationing scheme shortly after the outbreak of war. Small consumers would be allowed to purchase up to two tons of coal or coke a year, but above that amount they would come within the purview of the rationing scheme.

Profiteering to be Stopped

It was intended that there should be no profiteering in regard to coal prices in wartime.

A concession had been made to consumers who lived in all-electric houses, and they would be allocated 1,000 units a year for heating purposes.

Control of supplies and pithead prices, Mr. Lloyd declared, would be exercised through existing coal marketing schemes, and arrangements had been made to deal with control of supplies in consuming districts as well as points of production.

The departmental staff required to operate the scheme in an emergency would consist of coal supplies officers in producing areas, divisional and assistant divisional coal officers in civil defence regional areas, and coal export officers at ports. These officers, the Minister of Mines added, had all been appointed, and the organization could, if necessary, be brought into immediate operation.—Reuter.

France, Britain, U.S. To Fight Spies

Three Democracies to Exchange Information

Paris, July 18.

France, Britain and the United States have agreed to exchange information regarding Nazi-Fascist espionage activities as an aftermath of the German spy expose in France last week, it was understood here today.

High French intelligence officials estimated that approximately 10,000 German and Italian spies are working in Europe and the United States. They are being trailed by only 5,000 counter-espionage agents, it was said. —United Press.

Mr. Hull Asked to Act

New York, July 17.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Gordell Hull, was today requested to intervene at the German Embassy and demand cessation of "inimical German action in the United States."

The demand came from Mr. Birkhead, President of the Association of Friends of Democracy, in the form of an official letter in which Mr. Birkhead accused Germany "of introducing daily and spreading in the United States, with the aid of Nazi officials, tracts of propaganda which attack liberal American traditions, sap this country's institutions and insult our leaders, including President Roosevelt."—Havas.

Sensationalism in News Deprecated

Mr. Chamberlain Makes Statement in Commons

London, July 17.

Disapproval of sensational methods of news presentation and publication of exaggerated or misleading reports on international affairs, was voiced by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in the House of Commons today.

The subject was brought up when he was questioned on the opportuneness of "finding a remedy" for the manner in which many newspapers "announce international news and sometimes inaccurate news in too sensational a style."

Mr. Chamberlain, in his statement, declared, "I am glad to take this opportunity to deprecate the display of posters which contain sensational, exaggerated or misleading informations which are calculated to give rise to unnecessary anxiety at home and to undesirable reactions abroad.

"Lord Halifax (the Foreign Secretary), through the News Department of the Foreign Office, insistently draws the attention of representatives of the press to these dangers. "I am glad to think that proprietors and editors of newspapers in this country are aware of them and, with some exceptions, are heedful to the advice offered."—Havas.

President Roosevelt Studies Naval Defence

Co-ordination of Strategy And New Bases Reviewed

Washington, July 18.

President Roosevelt conferred yesterday with Admiral William Leahy, retiring Chief of Naval Operations, and other high U.S. Navy Admirals on important American naval problems.

The White House indicated the discussion had centred around working out the correlation, strategy and location of the many new American defence bases now being constructed.

Meanwhile, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, told the press he had no information of reported plans to construct an air base at Urrao or anywhere else for the Colombian Government.

Mr. Hull said he did not know of the bill introduced in the Senate yesterday by Senator Ernest Lundeen, Farm-Labourite of Minnesota who proposed the purchase of all islands within 1,500 miles of the Panama Canal Zone.—United Press.

Tokyo Concerned At Border Fighting

Ministers Discuss Action Over Soviet Air Raids on Manchoukuo Cities

Tokyo, July 18.

Fighting on the Manchoukuo border and the Anglo-Japanese conversations in Tokyo were discussed this morning at the regular Cabinet meeting.

After Lieutenant-General Seishiro Itagaki, the Minister for War, had made a report on the border fighting, General Kuniaki Koiso, the Minister for Overseas Affairs, asked Mr. Hachiro Arita, the Foreign Minister, regarding the diplomatic situation relating to the incidents on the Manchoukuo-Outer Mongol border.

Mr. Arita replied that the situation remained the same. The border incidents, he said, directly concerned Manchoukuo and Outer Mongolia, and Japan was not directly involved.

The Government, however, he added, was "paying due attention to the issue," which was an important one.

General Koiso further inquired about the attitude of third Powers towards the Anglo-Japanese parleys in Tokyo.

In reply, Mr. Arita said that there was no marked change in the attitude of the United States and other third Powers regarding the conversations in Tokyo between Great Britain and Japan.

Air Raids Discussed

Key members of the Cabinet, including Baron Hiranuma, the Premier, Mr. Hachiro Arita, the Foreign Minister, Mr. Sotaro Ishiwata, the Finance Minister, Lieut.-General Seichiro Itagaki, the War Minister, and Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, the Navy Minister, held an important conference here this morning.

They discussed the new situation arising from Soviet air raids last Sunday on Fularki, an important railway junction, and Halunarshan, in Manchoukuo, 150 kilometres from the nearest point on the border.

It is understood that the conference was summoned at the suggestion of Lieut.-General Itagaki, who called on Baron Hiranuma at 9.45 this morning, before the regular meeting of the Cabinet.

The War Minister reported fully to the Premier regarding the Soviet air raids on Fularki and Halunarshan, and urged that a five-Minister conference be called to decide the Government's attitude regarding them, as well as its policy towards the "new situation in China and Europe."—Reuter.

Miss Verne Too Busy to Dance for Fuehrer

Herr Hitler Waits in Vain For American Girl

Rome, July 18.

Miss Mariam Verne, young American dancer who has become the favourite of Chancellor Adolf Hitler, said at San Remo Casino last night that she was too busy to dance for the German dictator who waited in vain for her to appear in a Munich theatre on Saturday night.

Miss Verne denied that she had ever agreed to appear to the Munich theatre. "I doubt that I shall ever be able to dance for Herr Hitler again," she said, "because my bookings are so heavy."

She said she had refused an invitation from the manager of the Munich theatre to dance for Herr Hitler on Saturday because she was under a previous contract to appear in San Remo.—United Press.

Herr Hitler Waits in Vain

Munich, July 18.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler waited in vain at a local theatre on Saturday for the appearance of Miss Miriam Verne who had been expected to appear on the programme at Der Fuehrer's personal request, it was disclosed here today.

Chancellor Hitler interrupted work on his reply to President Roosevelt on April 27 to see the attractive young American dance at the Metropole Theatre in Berlin. Earlier she had performed at a private party at the Chancellory. She also danced at the Ministry of Propaganda during a party given by Herr Joseph Goebbels, Minister of propaganda and Public Enlightenment.—United Press.

Far-Reaching Reforms In Hyderabad

Indian State to Have Legislative Assembly

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Hyderabad, July 18.

The Nizam of Hyderabad has sanctioned far-reaching reforms in his state, including the constitution of a legislative assembly comprising 85 members, of which 42 will be elected from constituencies formed on the basis of economic interests and under a system of joint electorates, with an equal reservation of seats.

The establishment of a permanent statutory religious affairs committee is one of the outstanding features of the reforms, as this meets, in a large measure, the long-sustained demands of states with a Hindu majority.

The legislative section of the reforms includes the right to discuss and move resolutions on the Budget. —Reuter.

Barbadoes House of Assembly Celebrates

Commons Cheers Message On Third Centenary

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 17.

A message of greeting from the House of Assembly at Barbadoes to the House of Commons on the occasion of the commemoration of the former's third centenary was read in the House of Commons this afternoon by the Speaker, Mr. E. A. Fitzroy.

The message said: "The House of Assembly is the third oldest legislative chamber of the Empire, and in procedure and Parliamentary privileges for maintaining popular liberty the House of Commons has always been its model."

The message was greeted with loud cheers.—Reuter.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the some purpose.

LADY reception clerk for high-class photographic studio. Good English essential. Knowledge of typing and simple bookkeeping necessary. Address Box 554, NCDN. 10360

WANTED, strong foreign woman to care of an invalid. Address Box 572, NCDN. 10367

WANTED, youth, British/American/Russian nationality. Must speak Chinese fluently. Probationary period 12 months, if satisfactory a permanency will be offered with good prospects. Address Box 571, NCDN. 10365

COMPETENT stenographer required, English and French, two hours daily. State weekly remuneration wanted. References. Address Box 569, NCDN. -976

WANTED foreign or Chinese counter salesladies with experience, apply at 725 Bubbling Well Road, 9-11 a.m. 10363

WANTED pharmacists, graduate, Aryan, by local manufacturing concern. State full particulars, experience, nationality, salary expected, etc., to Box 541, NCDN. 10359

VOOR een Duitsche of Oostenrykssche vluchtelinge, die vlot Nederlandsch stenografeeren kan, is wellicht een betrekking beschikbaar. Brieven aan Box 552, NCDN. -943

WANTED two interviewers, must know Shanghai and speak English well. No refugees. Hamilton Studio, 221 Nanking Road. -788

WANTED, experienced stenographer for German and English correspondence in important local German firm. Address Box 528, NCDN. 10345

VACANCY in Shanghai foreign firm for young Chinese electrical engineer from Chinese college. Write giving qualifications and salary expected to Box 537, NCDN. -919

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

CHINESE, college graduate, experienced in accountancy, English, seeks employment. Apply Lane 687, House 115 Avenue Foch. -973

YOUNG girl with full knowledge of shorthand and typing, seeks position as a steno-typist. Willing to work first month without salary. Address Box 567, NCDN. -971

YOUNG foreigner, not refugee, perfect knowledge French, English, Italian, business experience, initiative, best references, desires employment. Address Box 566, NCDN. -970

MASTER mariner, foreigner, wharf and office experience, desires full or part time occupation. Box 538, NCDN. -920

ABLE, conscientious Viennese merchant, seeking work of any nature, first-class references. Address Box 550, NCDN. -941

CHINESE, 29, College of Wooster graduate, seeks position. Address H. B. Lee, 451 Bubbling Well Road. -936

CONSULTING civil engineer open for engagement, from 4-7 p.m. Reply Box 498, NCDN. -786

CHINESE, experienced senior clerk, bookkeeping and accounting experience, good references. Moderate salary. Box 535, NCDN. -915

GERMAN, trained-nurse willing to accompany patient to America or England, any time during July or August in return for free passage. Reply to Box 459, NCDN. -705

LADY secretary/filing clerk, business experience, initiative, Shanghai resident, desires full or part time appointment. Fluent French. Box 507, NCDN. -872

YOUNG lady stenographer, knowledge of French, desires position. Salary no object. Address Box 500, NCDN. -862

Educational

INSTRUCTION in Shanghai dialect, Mandarin, given by educated Chinese lady. Box 557, NCDN. -952

GERMAN lessons given by Austrian teacher, speaking English, French. Also private teacher for children. Box 543, NCDN. -924

HANS Bergmann, well-known tenor, opera concert qualifications, gives lessons. Telephone 23588. 74 Amherst Avenue. -951

ENGLISHMAN wants Cantonese lessons from Mandarin speaking Cantonese preferably mornings 7 to 8 Mondays to Fridays. Box 509, NCDN. -875

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand, (Gregg/Pitman) typewriting, English, coding, filing. Individual attention. Rules carefully and patiently explained. Summer months, mornings only. Students enrolling during July are prepared for London Chamber of Commerce Autumn Examinations. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. -9248

EXPERIENCED Mandarin teacher gives lessons at pupil's home. Well recommended. Terms moderate. Box 536, NCDN. 10354

DIPLOMAED high-school German teacher, gives lessons at moderate fee. Success guaranteed. Address Box 494, NCDN. -857

Personal

FOREIGN gentleman, 44, wishes to meet educated English-speaking lady for companionship. Address Box 544, NCDN. -927

JOURNALIST, 37, German refugee, wishes to meet nice lady for friendship; age and nationality immaterial. Box 516, NCDN. -886

Animals

SCOTCH terriers for sale. Female, black, six months old; male, brindle, twelve months old. Telephone 14800. -933

STRAYED from 278 Hungjao Road. Wire-haired terrier dog, white with tan markings. Answers to name of Tjavs. Reward to finder. Telephone 29483 or 10336. 10356

FOR SALE, German pointer puppies, 5 weeks old. 125 Rue Albert, House 3, from 10 to 5 p.m. -947

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 10007

Business Opportunities

FOREIGN agency wishes to enter into relation with Chinese manufacturers, for export business. Address Box 545, NCDN. -928

TEXTILE expert seeks partner with capital for producing fur imitations (plush), till present all imported. Box 540, NCDN. -918

REQUIRED US$5,000 for exporting unusual oriental novelties to American (not general merchandise), first-class connections, active or silent partnership considered. Address Box 548, NCDN. -932

FOR SALE, immediately, The Three Nuns, bar-restaurant, £170 only. Steady civilian and services trade, fully equipped, living quarters, low overhead, daily average turnover not less than $85; three years' lease. Apply 1630 Bubbling Well Road. -916

Lost

BILL of Lading No. 20258 dated June 9, per ss. Taksang, marked WY in triangle, for 65 parcels of Chinese palm fans, 45 parcels of which have already been claimed. The aforementioned B/L. is hereby declared null and void. Jui Dah Leather Company. -962

Wanted to Purchase

DENTIST (emigrant) desires to buy second-hand dentist's chair with accessories and instruments. Reply stating particulars to Box 558, NCDN. -955

PIANO wanted, any condition. Willing to pay good price. Apply 149/1 Kiaochow Road. Telephone 32298, Cheng. -9264

WANTED to purchase, a National cash register. Address Box 448, NCDN. -764

Miscellaneous

SPEND 10 cents every day and subscribe to the Magazine Library for the latest issues of American and British Magazines. Apply for list the First Shanghai Reading Circle Dept. Magazine Library, 131 Museum Road, Telephone 14640. -907

Radios

RADIO O.K.? For minor repairs, balancing, cleaning, $2 only. Telephone 85879, Chang's Radio Corporation, 586 Joffre. -716

1939 RCA-Victor model 5Q1 3-band all-wave radios. Sacrificing price. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch. -286

PURCHASE of second-hand radios. Radio repairing with guarantee. Hahn Radio Service, 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109. -836

Motor Cars and Cycles

TRIUMPH motor-cycle. Good running order. Just overhauled. $150 for cash, terms $180 for three months. Real bargain. Address Box 560, NCDN. -963

FORD/Plymouth 1931/32 coupe wanted. State price to Box 542, NCDN. -923

1932 STANDARD saloon. Very good condition, $1,600. Telephone 51596, 9 a.m.-5 p.m. -934

PLYMOUTH touring sedan (September 1938), 9,000 miles. Excellent condition. Philco radio. Skyway aerial. Two sets cover. Arvin heater. US$1,050. Telephone 43672, 1-3 p.m. -713

FIAT 514 sedan, 4-cylinder, good condition throughout, new paint, new battery, $1,300. Telephone 84104. 10348

Office Cars

WANTED lifts from Great Western Road (opposite Columbia Country Club) to Szechuen Road/The Bund. Thrice daily. Box 559, NCDN. -959

For Sale—Miscellaneous

CHEAP electric Canadian cooker. 220 volts. Box 562, NCDN. -965

FOR SALE, one Monroe high-speed adding calculator; one Royal typewriter carriage 18 inches (with steel stand.) One Protectograph (cheque writer). All 90 per cent new. Price moderate. Apply to Art d'Orient, 969 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 35003. -974

1931 CHEVROLET roadster, $900; one 12-bore Belgian make shot-gun, $200; one 12-bore Stevens shot-gun, $200; one set steel shafted golf clubs, $30; for immediate sale. Telephone 16157, 5-8 p.m. -922

BINOCULARS, Zeiss or other well-known make, 8 x 25 or larger. Write Box 549, NCDN. -937

SWIMMING towels, $1.50; gentlemen's handkerchiefs, $2.10 dozen; 54-in. X-stitch tea-sets, $2.20; pillow cases, $1.35 pair; mahjongg, bridge table-covers, $1.50. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10329

BEST crystal glassware, porcelain, bronze. Very cheap. 421 Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -742

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road, Carter Road east), Telephone 37024. -810

A NEW shipment of featherweight English material for shirts and pyjamas on hand for making the summer more tolerable. Shirts made to measure, $6.50. Razon's, shirt specialist, 12 Central Road. 10011

FOR SALE, two aluminium tanks, capacity three tons each. Address Box 532, NCDN. 10349

EXCLUSIVE velvet curtains recently imported from Paris. Telephone 12518, Mr. Baeten, office hours. -895

DINING-room suite in good condition. Reasonable price. Telephone 77457. -910

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -905

SHIRTS. Made to measure. Guaranteed fast colour. English Cellular, $7.50; Duro, $8.50; Tootal, $12.50. Razon's, Central Road. 10006

Houses and Land

FOR SALE. 20-year lease of three-storied building nearing completion Dupleix/Ferguson district. Price $12,100 if immediate. de Becker Law & Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House, Telephone 16660. 10362

FOR SALE, land 1.7 mow near Hongkew Park. Apply E. R. Cleman, 865 East Seward Road, House 44. -944

MODERN residence for sale $35,000, approximately one mow ground on lease, annual ground rent about $800, for period of 18 years. Nine rooms, two bathrooms, pantry, kitchen, garage, nice garden, beautiful trees. Near Route Ferguson. No brokers. Telephone 26121 between 11.30-12 noon only, or Box 553, NCDN. -946

Rooms Without Board

BIG, furnished room with hot and cold water. Telephone 73341. -961

LARGE, furnished, south room, hot water, bath, balcony, using of kitchen, French Concession, $95, single or couple. Telephone Mr. Kaim, 76741. -954

NEAR Dollar Building. Furnished flat, two small rooms. Private bath. Single person. $80. Box 555, NCDN. -950

LARGE, quiet, south room with screened verandah. Route Magniny. Board optional. Telephone 75370. 10368

COOL, furnished room to let, seventh floor, 1060 Avenue Edward VII. 73 Race Course Apartments. -979

ONE furnished room to let in modern apartment. Private entrance. Bachelors preferred. Address Box 565, NCDN.

BEAUTIFUL rooms near Avenue Haig to let. Apply 802/818 Rue Ratard, 2-5 p.m. -926

TWO rooms in private apartment, south, verandah, bathroom, hot water, kitchen if desired, for married couples; children no objection. Telephone 75468, 10-7 p.m. -925

SOFORT zu vermieten grosses gut moebliertes Suedzimmer mit Privatbad, Veranda, Garten. Western district. Telephone 23588. -899

TO LET, one furnished room, western district. Cool and quiet locality. Box 518, NCDN. -893

COOL rooms in quiet, clean house for transient guests available. Daily terms $3 to $5. Telephone 74982. -25

IN COOL, modern apartment, attractive, furnished room with private bath attached. Western district. $120. Telephone 32701. -774

Rooms with Board

IN first-class European boarding-house small and big rooms, verandah, bath, all conveniences, best part French Concession. Telephone 70614. -953

12 Pacific Gardens, Seymour Road. Double/single rooms. South verandah, private bathrooms, excellent food, foreign supervision. Telephone 30376. -960

AVAILABLE July 21, large double room in English-owned house. Large garden. Please apply from 10 to 2, Mrs. A. M. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi, Telephone 78219. 10361

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -755

THE GARDENS Guest House, 90 Route des Sœurs. Excellent board-residence, all comforts. Monthly/weekly terms. -615

355 AVENUE Haig, corner Tifeng Road, Clean comfortable large room. Special attention to food. Bus stops. Telephone Mrs. Hedden, 71163. -780

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. One double room available July 20. Lovely gardens, tennis, garage. Telephone Mrs. Fisher, 75433. -896

Boats

FOR SALE, Johnson Sea-Horse 32. Giant four-cylinder racing model in excellent condition. Cost US$275. Offers to Box 514, NCDN. -883

Chinese Servants

HONEST good cook or boy seeks position, also wife as washamah, well-recommended, with good references. Address Box 563, NCDN. -967

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -553

COOK/house-boy excellent cook, clean, honest, fluent English, strongly recommended, available immediately. Address Box 5348, NCDN. -568

COOK/house-boy excellent cook, clean, honest, fluent English, strongly recommended, available immediately. Box 506, NCDN. -869

HOUSE-coolie, clean, honest, reliable, seeks position, former employment Mrs. K. F. Piper. Address Box 527, NCDN. -903

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, good knowledge of English, American cooking, 10 years' experience, wife washing amah, excellent testimonials. Address Box 525, NCDN. -901

FIRST-class boy, also cook-boy, hard-working, honest, clean. Employer going Home. Address Box 350, NCDN. -884

FOR good guaranteed servant apply American Employment Agency. Telephone 84196. Also office-boys, girl-typists, body-guards, etc. -871

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). The one and only with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -671

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given, readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives massage from 9 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. -173

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, from 11-8. 304 Kiangse Road, First floor, Flat 5. -870

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30, Second Floor. 10013

Offices, Shops, Godowns

ONE large office to let, with safe, hot/cold water, heating. Apply to 640 Szechuen Road. -966

GERMAN, general physician, internal diseases; Berlin, Italian clinics, seeks office to share. Box 564, NCDN. -968

2,500 sq. ft. office space available corner Peking/Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. For further particulars apply Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10008

TO LET, godown space, 5,700 sq. feet comprising the second floor of Chin Yuen Li Godown. A modern godown having cargo lift, staircase and slideway, and situated immediately behind Embankment Building at corner of North Kiangse and Tiendong Roads. Apply E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., Property Department, Telephone 11430. -10189

WANTED office space, central district, about 800 sq.ft. Please communicate Box 401, NCDN. -680

Wanted to Rent

FOUR/five-roomed unfurnished, modern apartment, from October 1. Address Schmidt & Co., Ltd., 346 Szechuen Road. 10364

REQUIRED immediately three or four-roomed apartment. Address Box 570, NCDN. -977

WANTED room or apartment, furnished or unfurnished, French Concession or Bubbling Well, immediately. Urgent. Particulars Box 568, NCDN. -972

WILL buy well-furnished flat, 6-8 rooms, in French Concession. Address Box 546, NCDN. -929

IMMEDIATELY or later, wanted furnished/unfurnished, one/two/three/four-roomed apartment or flat. All conveniences. Concession or Settlement. Box 539, NCDN. -921

FURNISHED room with board for English woman. Reasonable terms. Address Box 547, NCDN. -931

WANTED house, 7-12 rooms. Willing pay advance rent two years or buy furniture. Telephone 41332, 9-11. -935

ONE-roomed furnished or unfurnished flat required, preferably western or central district. Apply stating terms to Box 551, NCDN. -942

REQUIRED apartment or house. Willing pay the best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -743

ONE/two-roomed unfurnished flat (or small house), required by bachelor, preferably Bubbling Well, Avenue Haig or central. Address stating terms Box 467, NCDN. -807

WANTED, quiet three-room apartment in exchange with two-room apartment, central district. Address 205, Hamilton House. -913

WANTED, furnished flat of one or two rooms, from September 1 for 6 months (British). Address Box 524, NCDN. 10344

Unfurnished Apartments

TO SUB-LET, four-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, south; Graham 1935. Owner leaving. Apply 176 Route Dufour, Apartment 32, Telephone 75431. -969

TWO-roomed flat to let, 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 502, Telephone 81780. -940

Unfurnished Houses

BEGINNING August, six-roomed modern house, garden, garage. Inside Settlement. Emigrants not desired. Inquire 750/2 Hart Road. -882

Holiday Resorts

PARK Hotel, Gohra (Hakone), Japan. Newly-opened, modern hot spring hotel. Every convenience for foreigners. Room and meals Y.6 per day. Wonderful but inexpensive.

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy 1272 Avenue Joffre. -854

BORIS Goertz Studio, established 1924, correct ballroom dancing. Terms moderate. 1041 Bubbling Well, through store. -556

Furnished Apartments

SELF-contained flat, three rooms with balcony. Furniture to be taken over. Foreigners only. No refugees. Box 556, NCDN. -951

TWO/three/four-roomed, furnished apartments, key-money, $700—$4,000. Also rooms. American Agency, Telephone 84196. -982

3-roomed flat, bathroom, kitchen, roof-garden, second-floor. Also 2-roomed flat, ground floor. Furnished, modern conveniences. Close to Jessfield Park, 37 Brenan Road, Apartment 115. Bus 1-9 stop. -975

TO LET, two furnished rooms, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, Frigidaire and all modern conveniences. 1377/315 Avenue Road, Telephone 30238. -930

TO LET 4-roomed Garden Apartment, including furniture. Please apply either in person or by telephone, between 9 to 11 a.m. Apt. B, 1531 Avenue Joffre, near Pochin. Telephone 74551. 10343

TWO-roomed flat to let, furniture to be taken over. Address Box 534, NCDN. 10351

TO LET, two-roomed apartment Bubbling Well. Rent $105 including refrigerator. Furniture $1,400. Agency Korlin, 146A/1 Route des Soeurs, Telephone 78499. -881

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